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The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

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ST. PAUL, THURSDAY, AUGUST 28.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

of Dakota County.

☞ SEE FOURTH PAGE.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE CALLED.

Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, It has been represented to me by petitions from different parts of the State, numerously signed, that the disturbed condition of our western frontier,—hundreds of men, women and children having been already slaughtered by the Sioux Indians, and entire counties depopulated by the panic thus created;—with the necessity under which the State now labors to furnish thousands of her militia to the service of the General Government, and, at the same time, to provide promptly for the defense of a line of frontier, several hundred miles in length, against a ruthless and merciless enemy;—together with the fact, that, under our existing laws, the volunteer force already furnished, and now required from the State, and constituting nearly one-third of its entire adult male population, are deprived of their voice in the conduct of public affairs at this most critical period, constitute such a contingency as demands the immediate assembling of the Legislature of the State.

Now, therefore, I, ALEXANDER RAMSEY, Governor of the State of Minnesota, do issue this, my proclamation, requiring that the members of both Houses of the Legislature of the State shall, on the NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 10 o'clock A. M., convene in extra session, at the Capitol, in the city of St. Paul, to take such action, as may be deemed necessary, for the welfare of the State and the protection of its people.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of St. Paul, this twenty-
[L. S.] third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

ALEXANDER RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

We present from various sources the latest intelligence of the Indian war. Special pains have been taken to sift the dying rumors and record only well authenticated facts.

The news by telegraph is from all parts of the country, and on the whole, the prospect brightens.

There are rumors of the most painful character. We hope that they will not be confirmed.

The interesting narrative of "Other-Day" will be found on our second page.

REV. MESSRS. WILLIAMSON AND RIGGS.

The public will be rejoiced to learn that these devoted Missionaries are safe, with their families—preserved by the loyalty and heroic daring of the *Farmer Indians*—those who have adopted partially the habits and faith of civilized people.

ARE FOREIGN-BORN CITIZENS WHO HAVE DECLARED INTENTIONS TO BECOME CITIZENS LIABLE TO DRAFT!

Lest the letter of Mr. Seward to the British Consul, published in our columns oh Tuesday morning, may be misunderstood, it may be well to remark that this decision has no application in those States where that class of foreigners are invested with the privileges of citizens.

The act of Congress authorizing the President to call out the militia of *the States* has no reference to the qualifications of citizens prescribed by the laws of the United States. It is the militia of *the States* that is to be called into service. In New York, Massachusetts, and most of the Eastern States, the decision of the Secretary will apply, as only those foreigners who have been fully naturalized enjoy the rights of citizens. In this State it is otherwise. By the second subdivision of section first of the Constitution, the privileges of full and perfect citizenship are conferred upon foreigners who have declared their intentions to become citizens; and, by the militia law, every able-bodied white male citizen of this State is liable to military duty, and constitutes a part of the State militia.

The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of Dred Scott *vs* Sandford, recognizes the right of a State to prescribe the qualifications of citizens within her own limits; and of such her militia must consist.

The question has been decided by the Secretary of War and by the authorities of this and other States.

In Massachusetts, even negroes are enrolled in the militia, under the decision of the proper authority, although not citizens of the United States. The final test in every State, and the only just and equal rule, is, that he who shares in all the benefits and protection of the government of the State in which he reside, who assists in the election of his rulers and in the enactment of laws; who, in short, is invested with the fullest and most perfect rights of citizenship, must also be content to partake equally in the burdens attendant upon this condition.

CAPT. W. L. BANNING of this city who has been South in Missouri and Arkansas for the last year, connected with the subsistence department of the army, returned home yesterday on account of his health.

LETTERS FOR THE SOLDIERS.—Persons wishing to send letters to any of their friends at the theater of war at Fort Ridgely, or New Ulm, can do so by leaving them at the Capitol every forenoon, as an express is generally sent forward in the afternoon of each day.

LATEST INDIAN NEWS!

Severe Fighting at New Ulm!

Town Evacuated by both Belligerents!

SAFETY OF MESSRS. RIGGS AND WILLIAMSON.

AN INTERESTING NARRATIVE!

Letters from Governor Donnelly.

DISPATCH FROM GOVERNOR SIBLEY.

MURDERS ON RED RIVER!

Breckinridge Sacked and Inhabitants Murdered.

The Sioux Carrying the War North!

Fort Abercrombie Besieged.

They are Prepared for Defence.

Our Forces are Withdrawn from Georgetown.

VERY INTERESTING LETTERS.

Dispatches from Officers at the Post.

&c., &c., &c.

The news received up to the latest hour, last evening, from Fort Ridgely was to the effect that the garrison was awaiting the arrival of reinforcement and the raising of the siege.

Col. Sibley did not move his command from St. Peter on Monday, as we stated yesterday, but he did so on Tuesday, and undoubtedly arrived at Fort Ridgely, last evening.

The Missionaries, Revs. Messrs. Riggs and Williamson, and their families, neighbors, and others, to the number of forty-five, hitherto reported massacred, have reached the settlements on the Minnesota river. An interesting narration of their escape will be found below.

There has been no additional news received from Fort Ripley or the Chippewa Agency.

SEVERE FIGHTING AT NEW ULM.

The severest fighting of the war so far, that we have any account of, took place on Saturday and Sunday, at New Ulm. The savages, to the number of 300 or 400, boldly came into the town and fired upon the force under Judge Flandrau. They would skulk behind buildings, and get chance shots at stragglers, their aim in many cases being only too accurate. The force for the protection of the place was gathered together near the center of the town, while the outskirts were entirely abandoned to the Indians, who lurked and sneaked behind the dwellings, or burned them as they chose. The Indians must have suffered severely during the engagement, though as they carried away their dead, it is not known how many were made to bite the dust.

The loss on our side was ten killed and fifty-one wounded, some of them mortally. Among those killed are Capt. Dodd, well known to all the older settlers of this city; Rev. Mr. Smith of Mankato; Mr. Edwards, editor of the Le Sueur county paper, and Jerry Quinn of St. Peter. Rev. Mr. Stein, of Judson, was one of the principal fighters for the defense of the place, and had the best rifle on the ground.

The forces at New Ulm were reinforced on Sunday, and the Indians fell back. The place was then evacuated by the settlers, and the entire force fell back towards Mankato; so that New Ulm, or what remains of it, is entirely abandoned by both friend and foe.

ESCAPE OF THE MISSIONARIES—NARRATIVE OF ONE OF THE PARTY.

Mr. D. Wilson Moore, who escaped with the Mission party, has reached St. Paul. He, with his family, was boarding at Pajutazee, with Rev. S. R. Riggs.

At 9 o'clock on the evening of the 18th, Monday, a friendly Indian came to the house, stating that the Indians were murdering the whites and robbing the stores at the Lower Agency. A few hours later another informed them that similar scenes were taanspiring at Yellow Medicine Agency, and they were advised and urged to make their escape.

They left in haste at one o'clock, and piloted by the Indians through a ravine two or three miles, to the rapids, were set across the river and left on a lonely island. On Tuesday afternoon they were visited by Mr. David Hunter, who informed them that he had his teams hid in a swamp, and was nearly ready to start, and that they might join him. Mr. Riggs' teams had been taken by the Indians.

Mr. Cunningham went back to try to recover them, and succeeded in getting one horse, which they attached to a buggy that the Indians had left. They set out on Tuesday night, with an ox team, a two-horse team, and a horse and buggy, Mr. Hunter taking with him a part of Dr. Wilhamson's family—he himself determining to remain. Soon other families joined them, making a party of abont forty persons. The order of march was as follows: The men walking in advance, with orders, if fired upon to return the fire, and then assail the attacking party with clubs. They struck out into the prairie, first north-east, then south to the Lac qui Parle road, leading to Fort Ridgley.

Beaver Creek settlement they found destroyed. Inquiring of some Indians where the white people were, they replied: "All gone to the Fort, and you go too, or you will be shot." It is reported that the people were nearly all killed.

When within eight miles of the Fort, Dr. Williamson and the rest of his family overtook them, having been persuaded to leave by the friendly Indians—making, in all, a party of forty-five persons.

When within four miles of the Fort, Dr. Williamson aand Mr. Hunter went forward, to see whether they could get in. Mr. Hunter left the Doctor a quarter of a mile from the Fort and advanced alone, quietly, sometimes creeping on his hands and knees, and succeeded in passing the Indians and entering, at twelve o'clock Friday night.

The Lieutenant in command told him that they had five hundred persons, chiefly women and children, in the Fort; that the force was small; that they had been fighting five days and were very much exhausted, and advised him to strike across the prairie to Henderson.

They saw, three or four miles from the Fort, a boy lying dead by the wayside, and some Indians on horseback.

They came by way of *Cummins* and *Doorplace*, and found every house on the way deserted, doors not locked, oxen yoked and fastened, and evidences of panic and hasty flight.

The Mission party came safely through, some of them stopping at St. Peter and others at Henderson. Mr. Riggs will be in St. Paul this week. His house was robbed a few hours after they left it, and it is supposed that they would all have perished had they remained.

Dr. Williamson is at St. Peter.

The immediate *occasion* of the insurrection is supposed to be the delay of payment of annuities, though it is thought that the difficulty has been growing for two or three years.

Dr. Williamson believes that the *principal* cause of it is, that the Inkpadnda massacre was never properly punished. The lawless tribes, having obtained so much booty for nothing, and without punishment, supposed that taey might commit similar depredations with impunity.

LETTERS FROM GOV. DONNELLY.

HEADQUARTERS INDIAN EXPEDITION, ST. PETER, Aug. 26, 1862—8 A. M.

Editors of the Press:

The entire force now here—consisting, as near as I can ascertain, of 1,000 infantry and about 500 cavaly—are preparing to start across the country, a distance of forty-five miles, to Fort Ridgley. It is understood that the cavalry are to be thrown forward, and, if it appears practicable, will be urged through by a forced march to the Fort.

The steamer has arrived here, bringing two caanon. They inspire still greater confidence among officers and men.

You will probably have learned, before this reaches you, of the events that occurred at New Ulm. Gov. Sibley sent forward 150 men to reinforce the force defending the town. They reached there on Sunday morning. Their arrival was the signal for the Indians, who were besieging the place, to tall back. The defenders of the town thus relieved—said to number some six hundred—as a great part of the town was destrowed and the women and children all gone, moved off and came to Mankato.

At the same time it was observed that the small bands of Indians who were committing depredations along a line of scattered settlements from ten to twenty miles west of the Minnesota river also fell back.

This would seem to indicate one of two things—either a general concentration of their forces at or near the Fort, or, what is more probable, a general fleeing from the wrath to come. The day of retribution will be a terrible one, and it will be indeed deserved.

The atrocities committed by them are horrible. Strange to say, they take no scalps. Nearly all the dead bodies found have their throats cut. The name Dakota is said to mean "the throat cutters." It is said that they entered into this outbreak after full consideration, and with a full knowledge of the risks they encountered from the power of the whites, and made up their minds to die in case of failure. How far the result will justify this heroic determination remains to be seen. There is no doubt that at New Ulm they fought boldly and determinedly.

The town here is very lively with uniformed and half-uniformed men. It presents altogether a very warlike appearance. Tents are scattered around and through it, cavalry moving in squads about the streets, guns sounding and drums rattling. It is a picture of war on a small scale, but, withal, *militia* war. Everything is crude, rude, and at loose ends. General confusion seems to prevail, out of which order is gradually eliminating itself. I can now see why it is that great bodies move slowly; the wonder is that bodies of militiamen move at all.

I fear that a great deal of the grain in this valley will be lost—part of it burned, in the outer settlements, by the Indians, but the greater part abandoned by the people and allowed to go to waste unharvested. It is feared by many that there will be suffering among the people during the coming winter. It will certainly be the duty of the Legislature, at its extra session, to provide amply for such a contingency. It would be indeed hard if these poor people, who have, in many cases, lost part of their families and much of their property, should be subjected to the danger of starvation during the coming winter.

I will write you again from Fort Ridgley.

Very respectfully and trnly,
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

HEADQUARTERS INDIAN AGENCY, ST. PETER, Aug. 25.

Governor Ramsey:

SIR—I reached here a few moment's since, and at once delivered your dispatches to Gov. Sibley, together with your official communication with reference to myself.

I found it not necessary to urge upon him a forward movement. The force under his command will to-morrow, Tuesday morning, start for Fort Ridgley, expecting to reach there on Wednesday afternoon or evening. A fight is anticipated, as the Indians have throughout this disturbance manifested a most determined and persistent spirit, and it is hardly to be expected that they will break up and scatter without an effort. Of course, with such a force as Col. Sibley now has under him, the result cannot be doubted.

You of course have already been advised of the falling back of the Indians from New Ulm, and the evacuation of the place by all the inhabitants. They are now at Mankato.

The report of the death of Hon. Henry A. Swift, of this place, may have reached you. It is without foundation.

I shall accompany the force to Fort Ridgley, and will let you know the final result.

Truly and respectfully yours,
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

Tuesday, 10 A. M.

You can hardly conceive the panic existing along the valley. In Belle Plaine I found 600 people crowded in. In this place the leading citizens assure me there are between 3000 and 4000 refugees. On the road between New Ulm and Mankato were over 2000. Mankato also is crowded.

The people here are in a state of panic. They fear to see the forces move. Although we may agree that much of this dread is without foundation, nevertheless it is producing disastrous consequences to the State. The people will continue to pour down the valley, carrying consternation wherever they go—their property in the meantime abandoned and gone to ruin.

Now let me impress upon you the necessity of sending forward the Seventh regiment, or parts of other regiments, to the number of 1000. Let them be distributed—100 at Henderson, 200 at St. Peter, 200 at Mankato, and the balance at such other points as Gov. Sibley may designate. Understand me, I do not expect these forces will have any fighting to do, but they will perform an equally important work—they will allay unnecessary alarm, and prevent the depopulation of the valley.

Another matter let me urge on you. If you can get the U. S. Quartermaster, Captain Saunders, to provide for the support of such of those refugees as are without means, do so at once. Many of them will support themselves; others, citizens and friends, are helping; some however may suffer if not assisted.

If the U. S. Quartermaster will not assume this duty, you should constitute a special Quartermaster on behalf of the State to do it. He should have assistants in each of the principal towns. He should arrange to have such supplies follow him as the towns will not furnish.

Send up the valley all the arms you can spare. Consign them to leading citizens, who will hold themselves accountable to return them.

Pardon these suggestions, but they seem to be of the first consequence.

Truly and respectfully yours,
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

FROM GOV. SIBLEY.

HEADQUARTERS INDIAN EXPEDITION, ST. PETER, August 26, 1862.

TO GOVERNOR RAMSEY:

SIR:—I cordially concur in the suggestions of Gov. Donnelly, except as I stated to him, I would prefer that the Seventh Regiment should take the field entire. There are hundreds of men who, if they had arms, would defend the villages against all assaults, and they would prefer remaining near their homes, to being ordered into the field. The recommendations that Gov. D. has made are not by any means to strong—indeed, the state of things must be witnessed to be able to convey the right impression.

Send the Seventh immediately, and arms and equipments for 1000 mounted men, as soon as you can. All will be needed to exterminate these vermin, before the frosts and prairie fires put a stop to operations in the field.

Yours truly,
H. H. SIBLEY,
Colonel Commanding.

Outbreak on Red River.

STATEMENT OF E. S. SPENCER.

On Saturday, at half-past 5 o'clock P. M., I left Graham's Point for Breckinridge, in company with H. H. Herbert, R. Corbitt, Jas. Ransdale, E. Stiles and ——— Demarest (half-breed), and proceeded to Breckinridge, when we saw on arriving on an eminence of ground near the hotel large bodies of Indians secreted behind there house and lumber piles. The Indians, on seeing us, made an attempt at once to surround us. We started back for the Fort at once, and succeeded in getting them safe. We were followed by the Indians half a mile. They were on foot, and probably not half of them armed. On the following morning, Herbert, Corbitt and Hills were dispatched on the east side of the river, for the purpose of ascertaining the number and whereabouts of the Indians. H. Stone, James Bingham and myself started at the same time on the west side of the river. We kept up the river about seven miles, but saw no Indians on either side, when we returned to the Fort. About ten o'clock of the same day, we again started to go further up the river. We saw no Indians, but on our arrival at Breckinridge, fifteen miles from the Fort, we rode around the Hotel, and proceeded to the river, where the Indians usually crossed. We then saw signs of the party having recrossed the river, traveling in a westerly direction. We followed their trail a short distance. When we returned to Breckinridge we found the bodies of Edward Russell, Chas. Battlers, and Martin Forbush, lying outside of the door dead. The house was plundered of all its contents, and the stoves broken to pieces. At the crossing before mentioned, we found one of the stage company's hacks, which the Indians had attempted to get over, but left it remaining in the river. We found also the carcass of an ox, which had been killed. Some fifteen or twenty head of cattle and one colt belonging to Russell were missing. The horse belonging to the Stage Company, left in stable, had also been taken. We then returned to the Fort, where we arrived at 7 P. M.

On the following morning Hills and myself were despatched to St. Cloud with dispatches, &c. We proceeded directly across the prairie to the north of Breckinridge, and met, about twelve miles out, Mr. Edward Wright. He informed us that Frank Wendle left Dayton with a load of oats and two horses, and that on arriving at a short distance from the station, (Old Crossing,) he was fired upon and wounded slightly in the arm. He then saw a party of Indians come out of the house, when he left his team and returned to Dayton.

We saw or heard no more of the Indians or their depredations till we arrived at Evansville, where we were informed that on the morning of the same day a party of about 25 Sioux were seen there, but offered no hostilities.

At Seven Mile Creek, this side of Dayton, we saw a trail path made by the crossing of a large body of Indians, leading in the direction of Otter Tail City.

(Signed) E. S. SPENCER.

LETTER FROM P. LAMB.

FORT ABERCROMBIE, Aug. 24.

H. C. Burbank, Esq.

Owing to Indian disturbances, I have our whole train in here for protection. I received your letter with instructions to store the treaty goods at Georgetown yesterday at this point. The train camped the night before, three miles this side of Breckinridge. I consulted with Boughan and Capts. Smith and Vander Horck, and they advised me by all means to cross the train and remain until the excitement blowed over. The commander sent down for the detachment stationed at Georgetown to come to this place without delay. Mr. Thompson, who was driving fat cattle to the Treaty, received orders from the commissioners to drive his cattle here for protection, and remain until further orders.

Yesterday a large party of Sioux crossed the river at Breckinridge, and broke in the doors and windows of the house, killed what cattle they wanted. A small party was sent from here on horseback, and rode near them. Just at dark they were attacked, but made their escape and came in about 9 o'clock. There is great excitement here, and an attack is all the while expected. I cannot tell how soon I shall bee able to leave here. The captain thinks I had best wait until the companies come up from St. Cloud, and he will then send an escort with me to Georgetown. I shall start above just as soon as it is safe to proceed. * * * *

Yours, &c.,
P. LAMB.

COPY OF A PRIVATE LETTER TO JUDSON PARKER.

FORT ABERCROMBIE, DAKOTA TER'Y, Aug. 25, Monday, 4 o'clock A. M.

JUDSON—We are passing through a great Indian excitement. Nothing like it has ever happened in this part of the country. Our interpreter went over to Yellow Medicine the first of July to the Indian payment. He returned last week, and reported that the Government had failed to pay the Indians, and he feared the result would be Indian depredations. The commander doubled the guards all round.

Thus we went along till last Saturday morning, when a messenger arrived, and informed us that some 500 Indians had crossed the Otter Tail to intersect or cut off a large train of goods (some thirty teams) belonging to the Hudson Bay Company and the Government. These teams were between this place and Georgetown. Word was sent out ordering the the teams to this Fort as quick as possible. Messengers were also sent to Breckinridge, Old Crossing, Graham's Point, and to all the settlers round about, ordering them to flee to this place for protection, as we could give them none outside. Every body came, with their families, goods and cattle.

Three men stopped in Breckinridge. They were at the Breckinridge House, and they said that they should remain and defend their things at all events. About the middle of the afternoon six men were sent out on horses, to see if they could get any information from the Indians. They went down as far as Breckinridge, and as they approached the house they saw that the windows were broken in, the doors opened, and cattle killed and cut up. They called, but received no answer. All at once a large number of Indians sprung up from behind boards, wood, and other things, and made for them. They turned their horses and run off, thus saving their lives.

Yesterday morning a party went down. The bodies of the three men were found lying on the floor of the Breckinridge House, badly cut up. There were chains round their legs, and the floors of the rooms were covered with blood, looking as though these men had been drawn round by their legs and killed slowly, as they had their war dance.

The cattle, some twenty, were killed and driven off. The stage was found in Red river, with the top cut off. The driver and horses cannot be found. We do not know, but it is supposed that the stage arrived there in the evening, with some 2500 pounds of freight, the driver killed, the horses and goods stolen. Many of these goods I should judge were for Mr. Stone, post sutler, by articles found on the prairies; and I had but a short time before ordered a bill from St. Cloud, which I was expecting by every stage.

The mail which came down from Red river last Friday was very large. Two large bags were found cut open, the letters broken open, and scattered over the prairie. Several drafts have been found, I am told.

Where the Indians are now is not known, though some were seen by the guard last night. We are ready for them, come when they please. We can protect ourselves. We have but one company, and can give no protection to outsiders, unless they come to us. We must have more soldiers here, or the people and travel cannot be protected, and it is a shame that the authorities have left the inhabitants of this whole upper country to be protected by one single company. Think of it—to-day not a single man, woman or child living in the town of Breckinridge. What has been the fate of other towns below we have not heard.

We feel perfectly safe in the Fort. The soldiers from Georgetown came in to-night, and we have got some seventy citizens carrying arms. We keep out fifty guard. I have been out most all night, and if an Indian or a band of them had approached me I could have fired upon them with as steady a nerve as ever raised a gun. Again I say, have no fears about me. DAVID.

FROM QUARTERMASTER SMITH.

FORT ABERCROMBIE, Aug. 25—2 A. M.

Messrs Burbank—

GENTS:—Capt. VanderHorck has called in the detachment from Georgetown, and also all the citizens in this vicinity. The Indians are making forays boldly within a few miles of the Fort, and we dare not spare a detachment to go out and chastise them.

Your train of cattle and merchandise are safe here, and also the men. Mr. Thompson is on guard duty to-night. The probability is we shall be attacked within a few days, unless reinforced. There is a rumor here that detachments of soldiers have left St. Cloud to assist us. We hope it is so; if not, can and will you send us 200 men, but every squad will help. We are short for arms, and should like some brought up if possible. Breckenridge is "cleaned out." We found three butchered there, the rest have come to the post. They loaded one of your stages, and attempted to get it across the river, but in their haste, left it loaded with merchandise in the river.

If no troops have started out, can't you rouse up a company to our assistance. We think the route clear between this place and St. Cloud.

Very truly yours,
T. D. SMITH,
A. Q. M., U. S. Vol.

FROM THE COMMANDANT OF THE POST.

HEADQUARTERS, FORT ABERCROMBIE, August 25—5 A. M.

Messrs. Burbank & Co.:

GENTS: The depredations being committed by Indians throughout this section, and the evident very extensive preparations which are being made to attack this post, have compelled me to withdraw the troops from Georgetown. As soon as reinforcements are received I will replace them.

You will please forward the bearer to St. Paul in the quickest manner possible.

Yours respectfully,
J. VANDER HORCK,
Captain Commanding Post.

THE ORIGIN AND EXTENT OF OUR INDIAN DIFFICULTIES.

The important and interesting narrative of Other-Day—God bless the gentle human heart that beats under his dark skin!—throws great light on the origin and extent of the Indian outbreak, and very much abbreviates the proportions of the affair.

The prevailing idea that this outbreak was an organized and preconcerted raid of all the Dakota bands, involving wide combinations with other tribes, seems to be entirely dissipated by this simple and straight forward story. There might have been a concealed organization with a view to an onslaught on the whites, among some of the M'de Wakanton Indians at the Lower Agency; but it is quite obvious from this narrative that if such a conspiracy existed, several of the most numerous bands and influential chiefs were not in it or in any manner accursory to it. Wabashaw, who arrived just before the outbreak was totally ignorant of it.

It is also evident that none of the Upper Sioux, the Wakpetons and Sissitons, or Yanktons, knew anything of such a conspiracy; and they came into the raid after the rising at the Lower Agency, only because, with true Indian logic, they regarded themselves as hopelessly involved in the punishment which they foresaw would be visited on their friends, the former—the Wakpetons—giving in their adhesion with great reluctance, and protesting throughout against the murder of the whites. It was evident that it was by the connivance of the Wakpetons, that Other-Day was enabled to effect the rescue of the whites at the Upper Agency without opposition. It is also gratifying to know that the farmer Indians of the Hazlewood Republic are not only not parties to the raid, but even meditated an armed opposition to it.

According to Other-Day, none of the Indians at Lacqui Parle, and beyond, were implicated in it, or knew anything about it. A great many of the plain Indians had gone westward to hunt buffalo. Except a few straggling Yanktons, there were no Missouri Indians engaged in the affair, and none within reach who could since have been assembled. It is evident there was no preconcert or organization among the Sioux bands. It is as once a further evidence of this, and a proof that there was no combination with the Chippewas—a thing in itself improbable—that a war party of one hundred Sioux had, a few days before, started out from the country above Yellow Medicine, against the Chippewas at Red Lake.

From these facts it is obvious that it is only the Sioux on or near the Reservation who are implicated in these murders, or willing parties to it. Supposing the whole of those far and near, who were accessible at the time, to have been since drawn into it, their whole force cannot number more than eight hundred. This seems to us, and we are somewhat acquainted with the numbers and localities of the various bands, a high estimate of the numbers engaged, and we do not think it probable that there are now more than six hundred in the affair.

The first accounts received, by a confusion of dates, indicated an apparent simultaneousness in the massacres at different points which naturally led to the belief of an organized and general uprising. But we now know that these events followed upon one another, the successive effects of a blind and sanguinary contagion, without design or premeditation. The first blow was struck on Sunday, at Acton, Meeker county, by four miscreants of Little Six's band. They fled to Redwood, where, covered with the blood of their victims and fearful of being delivered up to the authorities, they took advantage of the prevailing disaffection to incite an insurrection, and escape punishment themselves by involving the whole tribe in the same crime. What followed are the natural results of the Indian character. Let Col. Sibley then abandon these panic bred chimeras of vast armies of Indians, and move forward at once to mete out to the rascals the just punishment of their crimes.

THE CITY.

A FRESH supply of Photographs of Other-Day, at Merrill's. One-fourth of the proceeds goes to Other-Day.

THE body of Maj. Walker, late agent for the Chippewas, was taken down the river last evening, and is to be interred at Belvidere, Ill.

COMET.—We discovered a comet last night about fifteen degrees south of the last star in the handle of the dipper. Its narrative is not very much illuminated as yet.

FIRST WARD.—The election in the First Ward, for officers of the City Guard, last evening, resulted in the choice of Wm. B. Langley, Captain; Charles L. Wood, First Lieutenant; and Wm. Leip, Second Lieutenant.

INQUEST.—Coroner Strother held an inquest yesterday, on the body of a medium-sized man taken from the river near Dayton's Bluff, about thirty-five years old, with red hair and whiskers, blue pants and brown coat.

THE residents of the Fourth Ward who intend joining the City Guard, are requested to meet at the school house on Walnut street, at 7 o'clock this evening, for the election of officers.

TEACHERS' LECTURES.—There is to be a lecture before the Teachers' association to-morrow at 11 o'clock A. M., by President Williams, on Self-Culture. Also, at 3 P. M., by Mr. Dewey, of Rochester, N. Y., on Physiology and Phrenology.

CITY GUARD.—The Third Ward City Guard met last evening and organized with Mr. John J. Williams as chairman and Mr. W. F. Mason as secretary. The following officers were elected by acclamation: Captain—C. C. Lund; 1st Lieut.—H. Schiffbaur; 2d Lieut.—J. V. D. Sprague.

REYNOLDS & McCARGAR have a good assortment of Sugars, Coffees, Teas, and other staple Groceries, which they offer to the trade, at low rates. They also deal largely in wood. Call on them at their warehouse, Upper Levee.

ALDERMANIC ELECTION.—We hope the people of the Fourth Ward will not forget that there is to be an election to-day, for Alderman, to fill the vacancy recently occasioned by the removal of Ald. Corcoran. We hear of no person named as yet, for the position, but it is highly probable, when the voters get together, Ald. Berkey will be the man selected by unanimous consent,

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The State Teachers' Association was in session at Ingersoll's Hall, yesterday, and will continue through to-day. Committees were appointed on Common Schools, Normal Schools, Teachers' Institutes, Teachers' Qualifications, etc., which will report to-day. The report of the Board of Managers, for the past year, was presented and adopted. Among other items, was a strong expression in favor of a State Superintendency. Among the gentlemen present were Presidents Brooks and Williams, Prof. Thickstun, Rev. Mr. Riheldaffer, Gov. Holcombe, Mr. Gates and others. To-day's proceedings will probably be of an interesting and important character.

THE CHIPPEWAS.—Gen. Dole, C. W. Thompson, Senator Wilkinson and others left this city yesterday afternoon, to look after the Chippewas, who have assumed such a threatening attitude in the last few days. They were attended with a mounted escort of twenty-five picked men. The General has been indefatigable in his exertions in forwarding troops to Fort Ripley, personally superintending their departure from Fort Snelling and supplying the wants of the companies with such necessaries as they could not otherwise obtain. Two companies have been sent up this week, making in all four companies that are, or soon will be, at the Crow Wing Agency, so that the Commissioner will have the power to put down this threatened insubordination by force, if reason will not accomplish it.

New Advertisements.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, MINN., August 27th, 1862.
[GENERAL ORDERS NO. FORTY-ONE.]

All officers in command of detachments or companies of troops, advancing, or preparing, or attempting to advance against any Indians on our frontiers, at war with the Government of the United States, will, by force or otherwise, seize upon and take all suitable and necessary horses, saddles, bridles, harness, wagons and other vehicles, steamboats, ferry boats, barges and other means of transportation, and all necessary forage and subsistence, giving to the proper owners thereof the proper receipts and vouchers therefor; and all sheriffs of the different counties, and all constables and peace officers will aid and assist such commanding officers in the execution of this order.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.
OSCAR MALMROS,
a28 1t Adjutant-General.

DRY GOODS
AT AUCTION,
THIS MORNING AT 10 O'CLOCK,
At Our Rooms.
a28-1t FAIRCHILD & PEASE.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.
E. J. WAY,
Agent for the North Star Mills, has just received a choice article of FLOUR, manufactured from new club Wheat, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.
Robert Street, between Fourth and Fifth. a27-1w

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING COMPY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—To city subscribers, fifteen cents per week, or, if paid in advance, $7.00 per annum; $1.75 for three months. By mail—$6.00 per annum, or fifty cents per month, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

Highly Interesting Narrative

OF THE

OUTBREAK OF

INDIAN HOSTILITIES.

By Other-Day, the Hero Indian.

The following is the narrative of Other-Day, the heroic Indian, who rescued some sixty white men and their families, including Galbraith's wife and children, from the Indian outbreak at the Yellow Medicine Agency.

Other-Day was brought down from Shakopee by the Rev. G. H. Pond, who acted as interpreter at his interview with the Governor. The story as told by Other-Day is here given with some change in the order in which the facts are recited, nearly in the words of the Interpreter:

On Monday, the 18th, about 8 o'clock A. M., word came to the Upper Agency at Yellow Medicine, that all the white people at the Lower, or Red Wood Agency, had been murdered by the M'dewakanton Sioux. Then the Indians, at the call of their chiefs, assembled in council to the number of about 100—Sissetons and Wakpetons, and about 30 young Yanktons who were present, but being without a chief had no voice in the council. At 12 M., while they were debating what course to take, word came that a party of soldiers had arrived at the Red Wood Agency, and were all killed. This news still further agitated the council, which was greatly divided in sentiment. The Sissetons urged the killing of all the whites, and the taking of their goods and property. They said that the M'dewakantons had already gone so far that the worst the whites could inflict would be sure to come upon them all—that the whites would regard them all alike as enemies; and since matters could in no event be worse, the best plan was to kill them all and take their goods.

The Wakpetons agreed with them that, as they were now in for mischief, they ought to take the goods of the whites, but opposed killing them. They said they had nothing against the whites, and insisted upon sending them off with their horses and wagons across the prairies.

Other-Day himself addressed them. He told them that they might easily enough kill a few whites—five, ten, or a hundred. But the consequence would be that their whole country would be filled with soldiers of the United States, and all of them killed or driven away. "Some of you," he said, "say you have horses and may escape to the plains; but what will become of those who have no horses." They replied to this that all this would happen anyway.

After a long debate, towards evening the Yanktons, Sissitons, and a few of the Wakpetons, rising from the council, without coming to any conclusion, moved towards the houses of the whites, for the purpose of killing them.

In the meantime he (Other-Day) took his wife by the arm, took his gun and went to the houses of the whites, informed them of their danger (for they had previously known nothing of the council) and hurried them all to the Agency house, a brick building about a mile from the place where the council was held. They assembled here armed, to the number of over fifty, resolved to defend themselves and families to the last extremity. Then he got four of his relatives to assist him in guarding the building from assault during Monday night. While there watching, the other Indians came, in groups of from five to ten, and formed a circle around the buildin; thinks they intended to kill himself and his four relatives, and then attack the whites. He and his friends watched there till about daybreak, when they heard a gun near the warehouses, and about a mile further down; then another, and another, and then a general yell from the Indians, as they broke into the stores. Upon this the Indians who were sitting around watching him and his companions ran off to the warehouses, to participate in the booty, and his four friends followed them. Then he called to the whites inside to harness their horses and put off. They soon had five wagons ready, in which they put about fifty men, women, and children, and they started to cross the river a little before daybreak. After they had crossed the river and ascended the bluff on the opposite side, there was a general rush for the Agency. They were five days and four nights on the journey from Yellow Medicine to Shakopee.

Just before they started for the Agency in their wagons, Muzza-moni, a chief of the Wakpeton bands, came to them. He (Other-Day) asked Muzza-moni if all the civilized, or farmer Indians, were engaged in the fracas. Muzza-moni replied that only a part of them were in it. Most of those composing the Hazlewood Republic had gone to guard Mr. Riggs, their old Missionary, and were now in and around his house for that purpose. They had made up their minds to guard Mr. Riggs at all hazards. A few days before they had been furnished with powder and lead, and he thought they would defend him. He then asked Muzza-moni what had become of Dr. Williamson. Muzza-moni said that a party of Indians, probably Yanktons, were encamped near the Doctor's house; that at dark of Monday evening they rushed to his house, plundered it, and took his horses. The Doctor and his family ran into the bushes. As the bushes and woods extended to Mr. Riggs' house, Other-Day thinks that perhaps Dr. Williamson and family have got safely to Mr. Riggs' house. There was a young woman residing in Williamson's family—a half-breed daughter of Andrew Robinson—whom the Indians found in the bushes and took away, as they said she was a relative of theirs. Then he asked Muzza-moni if they had killed the half-breeds. Muzza-moni said no; they had made prisoners of them; did not know what they intended to do with them. After hearing this he came off.

In answer to miscellaneous questions by the Governor, Other-Day said that Muzza moni urged him to do all he could to save the whites: that he could do nothing whatever with the Indians.

He brought away from the Agency all the whites but a few whom he could not reach—two sawyers and a woman, three clerks in Louis Robert's warehouse, and one in each of the other warehouses. There were two other warehouses, the clerks of which had locked the doors and run off in the night. Don't know what become of them.

Just as they had harnessed the horses one of the traders came to them wounded with a charge of shot in his abdomen. They brought him along with them until they came to a female nurse to whose care they left him. [This was, probably, Gavin, who died at Cedar Creek.] He said that Jo. Brown's family, afraid of being seen if they went away in wagons, made their escape in small canoes, and floated down the river in the night, stopping at Red Wood on the way. He saw a brother of Jo. Brown who told him they had arrived safely at the Fort.

In reference to the Indians engaged in the outbreak, he says that there is a stream half way between Yellow Medicine and Lacqui Parle. The Indians above that stream knew nothing of the fracas, and were not in any manner connected with it.

The chiefs who participated in the council at Yellow Medicine were as follows: The chief of Old Sleepy-Eye's band, the Lean Bear, White Lodge, the son of Lining Devil, and Blue Face. The above are Sissetons, and urged the killing of the whites.

The following are the Wappetons who opposed this advice:

Muzza moni: the Gun, or Walking-runner, father-in-law of Little Crow; Akipa; Root-of-the-Horn; Enechau; Makpi-o-Chasta; and Anah-ungomin, one of the members of the Hazlewood Republic, who has been one of its Presidents.

The only reason given by the Sissetons for killing the whites, was that already stated—that the outrages at the Lower Agency would make them implacable enemies, that all the Indians would suffer for it, and that it would be no worse if they killed the whites.

Before the fracas occurred, a war party of Sioux went out from the country above Yellow Medicine against the Chippewas. They knew nothing of this affair before they went, and had not come back when it occurred.

A few days ago a panic occurred in McLeod county, from its being reported that Indian tracks were seen near Hutchinson. Other-Day says in explanation of this, that a party of ten Indian hunters went from the Lower Agency in that direction before the outbreak, and had just returned. He thinks they had no hostile intentions.

Other-Day thinks there was no preconcert in the outbreak. He had been generally present in their councils, but never heard such a thing hinted. There was no preparation at the Upper Agency at the time of the outbreak—none of the usual preparations for going to war.

The following part of Other-Day's narrative is of the utmost importance.

He says that the whole mischief began with four young men of Little Six's band, who went out from the Lower Agency, and on Sunday murdered six white people—(doubtless the six persons killed at Acton, Meeker county.)

He says that Susinaki, a young man of the Wakpeton band, of Yellow Medicine, had been down to the Lower Agency and was there when the outbreak occurred, and when he came back related to Other-Day what follows:

When the four young men of Little Six's band had committed the murders above mentioned, they came back to Red Wood and made known what they had done.

In a short time the greatest excitement prevailed, and the Indians present, consisting of Little Six's, Little Crow's, Grey Iron's, and Good Road's bands, and a part of part of the Lake Calhoun band, gathered around and crowded into the warehouses. At this juncture Wabashaw, who lives about a mile from Red-wood, came in, and surprised at the excitement asked, "What is all this about?" They replied that they heard the Chippeways were on the other side of the river, and were making preparations to meet them. At this instant a gun was fired, and a general rush was made for the warehouses.

Susinaki told him that Wabashaw's, Wacouta's, Red Leg's, and a part of the Lake Calhoun band were absent at the time of the outbreak, and did not participate in it, though he thinks it probable they came in afterward to share the spoils.

The above narrative, which is given in nearly the words of the interpreter, Rev. G. H. Pond, is a plain and evidently truthful recital of what came within the narrator's observation and hearing, and throws great light on the origin and extent of the disturbance.

He said that the white men collected at the Agency with their families during the night of Monday, behaved very coolly and bravely. They said that these were their wives and children, and they would die in their defense.

On the journey down some of the party seemed to be suspicious of him. Sinks only seemed to have entire confidence in him. He felt very sad at this. He would say something occasionally to reassure them. His wife would interpret it, and that seemed to make them more cheerful.

He also said that a party of 200 whites on horseback would be sufficient to go by the way of Kandiyohi Lakes—get on the other side of the Indians at Fort Ripley and in conjunction with a force operating on this side cut them off. He, himself, would undertake to guide them, and thought that it was perfectly feasible for such a force to go to Yellow Medicine and rescue the missionaries, if alive. He said the Plain Indians had mostly gone west, with their wives and families, and that they knew nothing of the outbreak, and that it would take some time to gather them in.

Military Affairs.

Gov. Morton has published an order postponing the draft until the 15th of September. Another section provides that "No person conscientiously opposed to bearing arms shall be compelled to do militia duty; but such person shall pay an equivalent for exemption." In pursuance of this provision, all members in good standing of any religious denomination, who make opposition to bearing arms an article of faith, are exempt from militia duty, upon the payment of such sum as shall be hereafter filed.

The following correspondence between Governor Yates and the War Department took place by telegraph, and will speak for itself. Well done, Illinois:

SPRINGFIELD, Aug. 20.

Gen. C. P. Buckingham, Washington:

It is impossible to-day to give the details required in your dispatch of yesterday. I believe there are 45,000 enrolled men in this State to-day, and by the 22d there will be 50,000.

About thirty of the regiments are full, and others nearly so. For want of a sufficient detail of mustering officers but four regiments are yet mustered.

None have gone to the field, but six are under marching orders.

By the first of September I think I can have organized fifty regiments, without new enlistments after the 22d inst.

I send my Adjutant General's report this day by mail.

Our State is much neglected in the failure of Government to supply our troops with arms, tents, and camp utensils. Thousands are sleeping on the naked earth, without any covering.

(Signed) RICHARD YATES, Governor.

WASHINGTON, August 21.

To His Excellency Governor Yates:

The prompt and patriotic response of your State to the calls of the President have far exceeded the calculations of this Department. Arms will be forwarded as soon as possible. Ordinary tents are out of the question. There is no cotton to make them. The Quartermaster, on your requisition, will provide board barracks, or any other shelter that the soldiers can occupy. The men should, if possible, bring their own blankets, as it will save the necessity of their purchasing them of the government, and their clothing allowance in money will receive the benefit. Every possible exertion is being made to manufacture all other camp equipage, and it will be furnished as quickly as possible.

(Signed) C. P. BUCKINGHAM, A. A. G.

CURTIS ON EMANCIPATION.

The following is a copy of one of Gen. Curtis' emancipation papers issued to a colored family, who took immediate benefit from its privilege, and started North on the Lady Pike, bound for Cincinnati, a few days ago:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF SOUTHWEST,
Helena, Arkansas, July 16, 1862.

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 23.—Young Rice and family, colored persons, formerly slaves, having by direction of their owner been engaged in the rebel service, are hereby confiscated as being contraband of war; and not being needed in the public service, are permitted to pass the pickets of this command northward, and are forever emancipated from a master who permitted them to assist in an attempt to break up the government and laws of our country.

By command of MAJ. GEN. CURTIS.
J. C. BENDY, Lieut., and A. D. C.

Lincoln's Reply to Greeley.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, Aug. 22, 1862.

To Hon. Horace Greeley:

Dear Sir:—I have just read yours of the 19th inst, addressed to myself through the New York *Tribune*. If there be in it any statements or assumptions of fact which I may know to be erroneous, I do not now and here contradict them. If there be any inferences which I may believe to be falsely drawn, I do not now and here, argue against them. If there be perceptible in it an important and dictatorial tone, I waive it in deference to an old friend whose heart I have always supposed to be right. As to the policy I seem to be pursuing, as you say, I have not meant to leave any one in doubt. I would save the Union. I would save it in the shortest way under the constitution. The sooner the national authority can be restored the sooner the Union will be the Union as it was. If there be those who would not save the Union unless they could at the same time destroy slavery, I do not agree with them. My paramount object is to save the Union, and not either to save or destroy slavery. If I could save the Union without freeing any slaves I would do it, and if I could save it by freeing all the slaves I would do it, and if I could save it by freeing some and leaving others alone, I would also do that. What I do about slavery and the colored race, I do because I believe it helps to save this Union, and what I forbear I forbear because I don't believe it would help to save the Union. I shall do less whenever I shall believe what I am doing hurts the cause, and I shall do more whenever I believe doing more will help the cause. I shall try to correct errors when shown to be errors, and I shall adopt new views so fast as they shall appear to be true views. I have here stated my purpose according to my view of official duty, and I intend no modification of my oft-expressed personal wish that all men, everywhere, could be free.

Yours, A. LINCOLN.

CALL AT
D. D. MERRILL'S
For the Best Styles of
PHOTOGRAPH
ALBUMS.
"CARTES DE VISITE"—And views to suit all.

U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of
NEW BOOKS.
America Before Europe—*deGasparin.*]
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town.
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book.
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and
Edwin Brothertoft. a10tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.
St. Paul, August 18, 1862.
J. H. BYERS,
a19-1w S. L. POLLOCK.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,
PLATED WARE,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.
LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE,
PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED.
TABLE CUTLERY,
Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.
ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL, Minn.
sep22-d&w

FRESH SUGARS.

Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.
a20-tf COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

A. L. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE ON THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND CEDAR STREETS,
ST. PAUL, - - - - MINNESOTA.
Being a discharged soldier has learned the manner of obtaining arrears of pay, bounty and pensions due soldiers, or their representatives, and will pay particular attention to that business.
au26-2w

SAILING DAYS OF THE
LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMER
WATER WITCH,
CAPT. B. SWEENEY.

LEAVES CLEVELAND AT 8 P. M.		LEAVES DETROIT AT 10 A. M.	
Wednesday,	May 7	Thursday,	May 8
Tuesday,	May 20	Wednesday,	May 21
Monday,	June 2	Tuesday,	June 3
Friday,	June 13	Saturday,	June 14
Wednesday,	June 25	Thursday,	June 26
Tuesday,	July 8	Wednesday,	July 9
Monday,	July 21	Tuesday,	July 22
Friday,	Aug. 1	Saturday,	Aug. 2
Wednesday,	Aug. 13	Thursday,	Aug. 14
Tuesday,	Aug. 26	Wednesday,	Aug. 27
Monday,	Sept. 8	Tuesday,	Sept. 9
Friday,	Sept. 19	Saturday,	Sept. 20
Wednesday,	Oct. 1	Thursday,	Oct. 2

S. P. BRADY & CO.
CAPT. E. B. WARD, Detroit, owner of boat.
je25-d1m

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF RAMSEY COUNTY BONDS AND SCRIP.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, July 21st, 1862.

Resolved, That the County Scrip and all over due Bonds of this County, (except Fort Street Bonds,) may be exchanged for Bonds running fifteen years, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. premium, payable semi-annually in Cash; and the Board shall levy annually an amount sufficient to meet such interest.

Resolved further, That all Bond holders who are willing to receive such new Bonds may, if they desire so to, do apply one tenth of the over due Bonds so to be exchanged upon County Taxes prior to 1869.

T. M. METCALF,
jy25 d3w County Auditor.

FLORENCE SEWING
MACHINE AGENCY,
One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.
The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.
They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, welch, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.
Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.
They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.
Prices No. 1, $45.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00. No. 5, $77.00, No. 6, $82.00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $90.00, No. 7 Cabinet cased, $95.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.
On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."
jy15-dtf G. W. BABCOCK.

REMOVAL.
HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,
Have removed to
Nos. 45 and 47 Lake St.,
Where they are prepared to show CASH BUYERS of
SADDLERY HARDWARE
AND
Carriage Trimmings
The largest and best assorted stock to be found in the NORTHWEST, embracing
SPRINGS AND AXLES, HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, &c., &c.,
CARRIAGE BODIES AND SEATS, ENAMELED CLOTH, PATENT LEATHER,
Also a large assortment of
Horse Collars and Blankets, Whips and Lashes, Skirting, Bridle, Collar and
HARNESS LEATHER,
All of which will be offered at
Prices that will not be Undersold.
Agents for
MOWRY'S SPRINGS AND AXLES, CROCKET'S VARNISHES.
Dole's Hub Boxing Machine and Hollow Augers.
P. HAYDEN, New York. W. V. KAY, Chicago. P. WILSON, Cincinnati, O.
a23-3md

FURS. FURS. FURS.
C. J. KOVITZ,
MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND EVERY STYLE,
THIRD ST., Concert Hall Block, SAINT PAUL.
jan17-d1y

NOTICE.
All persons having claims against the Adjutant General's or Quarter-Master General's Department of the State of Minnesota, will immediately present the same for adjustment and settlement,
OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant-General.
☞ Pioneer and Democrat copy. n26-1w

DEVOTED TO FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$2,488,138 19,

PHŒNIX,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
DEVOTED TO FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.
ASSETS OF THE
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$527,250 96.

CITY FIRE,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$325,000.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN.
ESTABLISHED IN SAINT PAUL, 1862, AT THE OFFICE OF
O. CURTIS,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,
a1-1y Corner of Third and Minnesota-sts.

H. J. BRAINARD & CO.'S
MILLS,
SITUATED ON PHALON'S CREEK, WHERE THE STILLWATER ROAD CROSSES.
This Mill is just completed, and is in good running order. Our machinery embraces all the latest improvements, and was got up in the East, without regard to expense. It has two run of Burrs, which will be kept running night and day, so that farmers coming from a distance can be accommodated without much delay.
The need of a first class Mill of this kind has long been felt by the citizens of St. Paul and vicinity. We have secured the services of James Craigie, who has made milling the business of his life, and in whom we can place entire confidence.
All kinds of grain will be weighed when brought to the Mill, and also when taken away, if desired. We feel confident in saying to the public that we can make as good Flour and as great a yield to the bushel as any Mill in Minnesota, and respectfully solicit a fair trial.
Also a new Mill for grinding corn in the ear.
☞ All work done at this Mill is warranted.
aug9-d&w1y.

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE
FOR $750.
A charming residence in Willis' Addition, built by the owner for his own use, with every comfort and convenience—well of pure water, stable and out-buildings, and a yard with shrubbery and gravel walks.
The house is not a mere shell or balloon, but built to resist the cold of our winters and the heat of our summers, and is located in an airy and cheerful neighborhood.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862.
HENRY McKENTY,
s28 d&w6m Dealer in Real Estate.

FURNITURE.
JOHN PRIMROSE
Manufacturer and Dealer in
CABINET AND CHAIR
FURNITURE,
OF EVERY VARIETY.
Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of
PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
DINING-ROOM.
FURNITURE,
OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.
Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned material and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.
As a nimble sixpence is always better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.
☞ REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridg. St. Paul Minn. jan24d1y

WM. ILLINGWORTH,
Watch Manufacturer.
—AND—
TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!
SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.
JACKSON-ST., - - - ST. PAUL.
Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line
A LITTLE SUPERIOR
to any other establishment in the Northwest.
☞ N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.
☞ Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. my9y

PALMER'S PURE
VINEGAR.
This is the kind of Vinegar that should be used by all housekeepers for
PICKLES
AND THE
TABLE.
It is warranted pure and wholesome, and to give perfect satisfaction wherever used. Try it,
AND YOU WILL HAVE NO OTHER.
For sale at our works on Sibley street, and by all grocers who have an eye to keeping
CHOICE GOODS FOR SALE.
C. C. LEWIS & CO.

D. NEWELL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
☞ Office over Dana's Bank, Third Street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul Minnesota. my25-d1y

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS
Can get pleasant rooms, with new furniture, and excellent table, by addressing Box 1250, St. Paul Post Office. The house is about one mile from the Winslow House, on the Bluff in Upper Town, and has extensive grounds, shade trees, &c.
jy25-dtf

JOHN A. STEES,
UNDERTAKER,
CORNER THIRD & MINNESOTA STREETS,
ST. PAUL, MIN.
Sole agent for Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.
jan5d&w1y.

FOR RENT,
THE RESIDENCE OF GEN. DANA,
With or without the
FURNITURE.
Enquire of
jy29-tf H. F. MASTERSON.

Legal Notices.

CHANCERY SALE—DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, ss:

James Kirkpatrick and H. R. Rex, partners under the firm name of "Kirkpatrick & Co." *vs.* R. G. Shuler and B. P. Shuler.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1862.—$542,28 with interest and costs.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the above court made in this cause at the June Term, A. D. 1862, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder on Tuesday, the second day of September, 1862, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said Court, in Brown's Block, Third Street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described premises, and all the appurtenances, lying and being in the county of Anoka, in the District and State of Minnesota, to wit:

Lot thirteen (13) in Block thirty-six, (36) in the town of Anoka, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county of Anoka.

St. Paul, July 16, 1862.
JAMES W. TAYLOR,
thur3ly17 Master in Chancery.
SMITH AND GILMAN, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

CHANCERY SALE.—DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, ss:

Thaddeus R. Fletcher *vs.* Robert C. Knox, Lizzie M. Knox, his wife, Parker Paine, Matthew Broome, Newton Bradley, Margaret D. Paxton and Wilson Paxton.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term A. D. 1863.—$1,509.06, with interest and costs.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the above Court made in this cause at the June Term A. D. 1862, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, on Tuesday, the second day of September, 1862, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said court, in Brown's Block, Third Street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described pieces and parcels of land, with their appurtenances, lying and being in the county of Ramsey, in the late Territory and present State of Minnesota, to wit:

Lot eight (8) in Block twenty-one (21) in the original town of Saint Paul; also Lots one and two (1 & 2) in Block ten (10) in Hoyt's Addition to said Saint Paul; also Lots nineteen and twenty (19 & 20) in Collin's Addition of Outlots to Saint Paul, according to the recorded plats of Saint Paul, Hoyt's Addition to Saint Paul, and Collin's Addition of Outlots to Saint Paul, on file in the office of Register of Deeds within and for the county of Ramsey.

Also, the following premises, situated in the county of Goodhue in the State of Minnesota.

The south half (½) of the northwest quarter (¼) and the north half (½) of the southwest quarter (¼) of section five (5) in township one hundred and eleven (111) range seventeen (17), containing one hundred and sixty acres of land, according to the Government survey thereof, together with the appurtenances and privileges thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

St. Paul, July 16, 1862.
JAMES W. TAYLOR,
thur3ly17 Master in Chancery.
HALE AND BOND, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S
PATENT COPPER SCROLL
LIGHTNING ROD.
This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever
OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.
Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.
They are recommended by over
FIVE HUNDRED
OF THE
MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC MEN OF THE AGE.
AGENTS
WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY
e11-w3m&daw3m

JOHN A. STEES,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Furniture and Cabinet Ware,
Of every variety of style and pattern.
CORNER 3D AND MINNESOTA STS., SAINT PAUL.
All kinds of lumber taken in trade.
jan5d&w1y

JOSEPH LEWIS
Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio, and Vermont. Collections made—Taxes paid for non residents. House rented.
Office Third Street, Ireland's Block.
Reference, HON. ALEX. RAMSEY. jy10-d1y

TOBACCO,
Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Third Street, next door to Comb's Book Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c., is just receiving his fall and winter stock, and is prepared to fill orders to any extent, for
FINE IMPORTED CIGARS,
Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city.
SWEET BRIAR ROOT PIPES,
a large assortment. These pipes are all the go now.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Third street, next door to Comb's Book Store.
St. Paul, Nov. 17. nov17d1y.

MAGNETIC
Tack Hammers.
If you don't want to mash your fingers, buy one for 25 cents, at E. & H. Y. BELL'S.
Coffee is high. Buy a patent Coffee Strainer; it clears the coffee, and saves one third. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.
Patent Lifters. Will lift everything hot off the stove, without burning your fingers. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.
Agents wanted to canvass the State for the above articles. A smart man can make big wages. For particulars, address, enclosing stamps,
E. & H. Y. BELL,
Sole Agents for Minnesota.
St. Paul, July 11th, 1862. jy11-dtf.

C. W. WOOLEY & CO.,
LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,
FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
DEALERS IN GROCERIES
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.
AND
AGENTS FOR THE
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.
Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.
Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLEY & CO., ST. PAUL, For ——"
jan1-d1y

JOHN G. MACGREGOR,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.
Bernheimer's Block, Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. jy21-d1y

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!
The undersigned will furnish ICE to
CITY CUSTOMERS AND BOATS
As usual during the season of 1862.
CHAS. SYMONDS.
apr29-d4m

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
(Successors to Horn & Galusha and Sanborn & Lund)
SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA,
Practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Courts of the United States, at Law, in Chancery and in Admiralty.
Collections carefully and promptly attended to
mh29-1y

Agricultural.

1862. 1862. 1862
Agricultural Warehouse
OF
S. P. & P. F. Hodges,
NEAR LOWER LEVEE, ST. PAUL
CORNER THIRD AND SIBLEY STS.
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
PITT'S AGRICULTURAL WORKS, BUFFALO NEW YORK.
PITT'S THRESHING MACHINES & HORSE POWERS, FOR FOUR, SIX, EIGHT OR TEN HORSES. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES EIGHT TO TWELVE HORSE POWER.
MASSILLON AGRICULTUL WORKS, MASSILLON, OHIO.
McCORMACK'S REAPERS AND MOWERS.
JOHN H. MANNY'S " " "
BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S GRAIN DRILLS
F. H. MANNY'S EXCELSIOR GRAIN FAN.
SCHUTTLER'S CHICAGO WAGONS.
JOHN A. WOODWARD'S IMPROVED SMUT MACHINE AND SEPARATOR COMBINED
MOLINE PLOWS, CULTIVATORS AND HARROWS.
CORN SHELLERS, HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS.
AND DEALERS IN HARVESTING TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Merchants and dealers throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times.
Descriptive pamphlets and other information can be had upon application to
S. P. & P. F. HODGES,
my28-d3m&w6m Saint Paul, Minn.
ALFRED D. DAVISON. ALONZO P. CONN ELLY
SAINT PAUL CLIPPER
PLOW FACTORY.

The undersigned having formed a partnership for the manufacture and sale of PLOWS, are now prepared to furnish farmers and dealers with
THE BEST PLOWS
Ever offered in the State, and at prices to suit the times. We will always have on hand a large stock of Cast Steel and Common Steel Cross Plows, Corn Plows, Breaking and Grub Plows, of all sizes and of the best material.
Having had the material selected for our especial trade, and the Plows being manufactured under the supervision of
ALONZO LEAMING.
(FORMERLY OF ST. ANTHONY.)
WE WARRANT THEM
To be of light draught, clean in any soil, and give good satisfaction generally.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING.
Farmers! save your old plows and we will work them over much to your advantage and satisfaction by having them at our Factory, on Robert street, between 4th and 5th, St. Paul, sign of the Plow. DAVISON & CONNELLY.
Jan22-d&w1y

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,
193 & 195 South Water-St.,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,
Importers, manufacturers and dealers in
IRON AND STEEL,
NORWAY NAIL RODS,
HORSE SHOES,
Horse Nails,
NUTS, WASHERS, RIVETS, BOLTS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
WAGON AND CARRIAGE WOOD MATERIALS,
HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, BENT STOCK, ETC,
MANUFACTURERS OF IMPROVED
THIMBLE SKEINS AND BOXES,
BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS.
☞ Send for Price List. ☜
a23-1y

FARMERS NOTICE.
We have on hand a large stock of
Harvesting Tools,
SUCH AS
GRAIN CRADLES, FORKS, RAKES, SCYTHES, &c., &c.,
Also made to order, a large lot of
ST. PAUL CLIPPER PLOWS,
All of which we are selling very low for Cash.
IRON, NAILS, STEELE, HARDWARE, PITTSBURG COAL, GRIND STONES, AXLES, SPRINGS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
Always kept on hand and sold at lowest rates Wholesale and Retail, at our Warehouse, Third Street, St. Paul.
Jy25dtf J. B. BRADEN.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND
AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.
This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of
IRON AND BRASS
CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,
at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.
Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.
GILMAN & SEAGER.
ST. PAUL, July 5th, 1862. d1y

LEMONS
AND
ORANGES
JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE BY
UPHAM & HOLMES.
apr23

Post Office, St. Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS,

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M, to 8 o'clock P. M.
On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily—except Sunday, at 4½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Sunrise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Falls—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 1 P. M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departing.

The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.

Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United States postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.

CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,

FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,

JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under ways and preshims that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. feedly.

CLIFTON HOUSE,

MANKATO, - - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. It

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜

M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.

Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,

LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,

G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up more particularly as a home for invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House.

Board by day or week at moderate rates.

je14-d&m

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,

CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,
Saint Paul, Minnesota,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Roll, Jar and Firkin Butter, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of

RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffee Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.

nov22-dly

G. E. SCHNABEL,

IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN, AND PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.
Nice Leaf Lard and Sugar Cured Hams.
Any quantity of butter and eggs.
He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.
Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.
Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. je16m

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,

GRAIN SEPARATORS,

And all kinds of

MILL MACHINERY.

☞ Send for a circular by mail.

PALMER & PLAMONDON,

Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1525.) CHICAGO, ILL.

W. M. LEYDE, Ag't, St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-dly

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT

Will give Instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $8.00 each.

On Monday, June 2d, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.

Terms, from $5.00 to $7.00.

Best of references given.

Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park. my17-dtf

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2. P. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina, Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO., Proprietors.

nov24-dly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line,

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-dly

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&w1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIQUORS and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISKey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar6 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN

RAILWAY COMPANY'S

Express Freight Line.

VIA

GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL

AND CONNECTING ROADS,

TO AND FROM

EAST AND WEST,

CONTROLLED AND OPERATED
By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway, New York, | 21 State street, Boston,
E. P. REACH, Agent. | O. KIMBALL, Agent.

JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.
C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton
A. WALLINGFORD,
apr20 Chicago and Western Agent.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL AND EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE

EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:45 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction, and Kenosha R. R. & R. R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 8:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all Express Lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and

FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER ON LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M. and 9:00 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot. JOHN T. MOODY,
Master Transportation.
Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-dtf

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1834.

JOHN T. NOYE,

FLOUR PACKER,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Mill Machinery

AND

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Fitted with Cast Steel or Boiler Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.

IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS, OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.

John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.

CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.

ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED

ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH.

MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.

JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,

28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.

JOHN WEBSTER, Milwrigh.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS'

CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,

For sale in bbls. or sacks by

E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House; S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market Sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson Sts.; J. B. Sifelter, corner of 7th and Jackson Sts.

Warranted the best

XX FAMILY FLOUR

offered in this market. Orders from Hotel's Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery.

mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.

my24-d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Jansen, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber. BARNARD & BRO.

St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-d3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS,
my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Salaratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6½ cents.

jy6-d3m GEO. L. FARWELL,

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!

PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,
EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,
EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS
EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES
BLUE, GREEN AND RINK BERRAGE LEXIFINA.
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN GREAT VARIETY.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.

ALSO

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR;
BROADCLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.

ALSO

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

AND

EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,

BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE

COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can purchase their Goods of us, and

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

WILL BE

SOLD FOR CASH,

AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

The public are invited to visit

OUR NEW STORE.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

apr30-dly St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHING, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing equalling in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassimeres, satinet, cord, moleskin, black farmer's satin, red farmer's satin, sleeve lining alapaca, silicia, bro. Holland and good black thread; all of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in any establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and

EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.

Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.

W. H. TEMPLE,
Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store.
my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER

Millinery Goods for 1862

At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.

MISS E. WASS

Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.

my22-d3m

LADIES,

THERE IS QUITE A START IN

Millinery Goods!

In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore: some sixty dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases RICH RIBBON, and lots of other trimings. Our stock in

DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,

Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.

☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third Street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

Choice Dress Goods

AT

SMITH & TAYLOR'S.

SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.

BEAUTIFUL MOZANBIQUES VERY CHEAP.

ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN

FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an

ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.

All of the above named articles, besides a

LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,

Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

SMITH & TAYLOR'S

Cheap Cash Store,
Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER,
SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.

Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,
je22 State Treasurer.

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S

CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND

SELLING VERY LOW,

1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

OIL--THE VERY BEST.

1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF

CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Table & Pocket Cutlery.

The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at

VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Silver Plated

AND

BRITANNIA WARE,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET.

je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!

500 barrels No. 1, standard best quality

Carbon Oil,

Just received, and for sale to dealers.

D. T. WATSON,
a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

LADIES' GAITERS

AND

Children's Fine Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

WM. J. SMITH & CO.

JOHN THORWARTH,

Boot and Shoe

MANUFACTURER,

THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON,

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.

STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,

The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. This makes the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and fits neater.

REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.

JOHN THORWARTH.
St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-dly

8TH REGIMENT MINNESOTA IRISH VOLUNTEERS.

Sarsfield Guards.

$120 Bounty!

$20 cash down when sworn in!

$40 cash when the Company is mustered in!

$10 cash to each of the first five married men enlisting in this company.

The family of each married man will receive $5 per month from the city, $5 per month from the County, and whatever may be offered by the citizen's Committee; and the first five married men enlisting in this Company will receive in addition to all of this, $2.50 per month for their families.

Recruiting office No 3 Rogers' Block, 3d st., St. Paul. JOHN GRACE,
M. H. SULLIVAN,
a14-tf THOMAS HOWARD.

HILL & LINDLEY,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.

OFFICES.—Mendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony. a7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.

I have removed my office over

McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.

Corner of Third and Cedar streets.

I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. I extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.

I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.

I publish these prices to correct the impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. strictly.

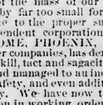
jy4-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,

Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minnesapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.

Office and residence on Bridge Street, (westside,) near the Suspension Bridge. jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE.



FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY, Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed.

Call and see specimens at the office of

DR. SIMONTON,
oct24-dly Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,

LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.

Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also

☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.

my17 M. N. KELLOGG.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

Fire and Life Insurance Co.

CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $6,000,000.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,

Without sixty days' notice.

Life Insurance

Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors & Stockholders, New York,	*References in New York City.*
James Brown, Esq.,	Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Frank Cottenet, Esq.,	Alex. T. Stewart & Co.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,	Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,	B. L. & A. Stewart,
Alex. Hamilton, jr. Esq.,	C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co.
E. M. Archibald, Esq.,	D. Appleton & Co.

And others.

THOMPSON BROTHERS,
sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,

General Insurance Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE,

MARINE INSURANCE,

LIFE INSURANCE.

POLICIES

Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,
Jan15dly Third street, St. Paul, Min.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS..... 138,000

DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the Insurance Department of the State of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent. per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The nett profits in two years amounts to $139,000, which shows an unparalelled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to its dealers.

HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. DURAND, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
DR. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.
mar12-d1y

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES, Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five Joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the State of New York, engaged in the transaction of business: of these companies, fourteen only received premiums during the last year, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium receipts of this Company, the HOME, with a capital of $1,000,000, were $2,202,231. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $851,578.65 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,360,000.

The state of things should be improved; the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies. In the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all these companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of over seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, it managed on the progressive scale demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John McGee, Secretary, those well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars, and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our State, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last summed up to $1,521,388.06, against an actual liability of only $55,080.33; and, moreover, it is worth noting that the assets are all of the very first class. The balance in bank in cash was $124,134.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company; bonds and mortgages $910,219.53, secured on real estate worth $1,715,900, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible into cash any day, $320,036. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In 1861 the HOME wrote $706,715.18, taking $825,995 premium, and paid losses $335,775, including some losses for the year 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $160,661 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.

BORUP & OAKES,
je25-d3m Agents, St. Paul.

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular. Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms.

je4-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.

One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's

PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE,

M. DORNIDEN,
nov23-d1y Jackson st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT, BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND SOUTH,

VIA DUNLEITH AND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and Intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A. M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P. M.
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M.
Rockfort, via G & C U R R	11 10 "	11 45 "
Beloidere " "	11 45 "	12 45 A. M.
Chicago " "	3 30 P. M.	5 45 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	1 20 P. M.	6 15 A. M.
Mendota	1 00 "	12 55 "
Burlington, via C B & Q RR	7 35 "	7 05 "
Quincy, " "	11 15 "	9 30 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & H RR		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 24 "	4 24 "
Decatur	6 20 "	6 20 "
Springfield, via G W RR	3 30 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terra Haute via T H & A R R	2 10 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 40 "	6 30 "
St. Louis, " "	7 50 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M.
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked to all important points.

Passengers for St. Louis and Intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.

For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul. S. B. FORBES, Ticket Agent.

A. PRATT, Advertising Agent. J. C. TILDESLEY, Gen'l West'n Agt.
W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt. W. S. ARTHUR, General Sup't.
may21

1862. 1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL

PACKET COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the McCLELLAN and NORTHERN BELLE.—The first will be the Lightning Line, making the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN HOURS, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train, by which our passengers will

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.
WINSLOW'S LINE.

NEWS FROM NEW YORK

Health of Troops at Port Royal.

Earl Russell and Mr. Seward.

GENERAL POPE'S LOSS.

The Rebels and McDowell.

A FEDERAL VICTORY.

AFFAIRS IN MARYLAND.

A Cabinet Meeting.

What the President Said.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.

From Unadilla, Port Royal, August 20th, reports the health of the squadron and troops good.

The rebel ram at Savannah is reported leaking, and is a failure.

Earl Russell's letter to Mr. Seward speaks of the past and present neutrality of England, and hopes the conflict will soon be brought to a close, &c.

The *Times'* correspondent gives the following extraordinary statement relative to the tenderness of rebels towards Gen. McDowell.

The attack of Stuart's cavalry upon Cattlet's Station, seems likely to prove as rich a mine for correspondents as the one by the same daring officer to the rear of the Peninsular army. Among trophies carried off, were $40,000 in cash belonging to the Quarter Master's Department of Gen. Pope's army and his own commission as Brigadier General and Major General. The latter was, however, recaptured by one of our soldiers who found it in the saddle bag of a rebel trooper which he left behind in the hurry of the departure.

A captain in the Purnell Legion, in Col. Simpson's regiment was lying in bed in a house by the railroad track and heard Gen. Stuart give positive orders to spare Gen. McDowell's staff baggage train, but seize Gen. Pope's, and destroy what was not of public importance.

The order was implicitly obeyed; although the wagons of Generals McDowell and King were close at hand, they were not disturbed, but everything in Gen. Pope's was turned out—his official papers sorted out and carried off, and his letters from his wife and other private individuals strewn over the ground or torn into bits.

The Fredericksburg correspondent of the *Tribune*, dating Sunday, says musketry firing was heard this morning.

A contraband who came in yesterday, reports our troops were licking the rebels and that we had captured 13 guns.

A Lieut. of cavalry came in last evening and confirmed the contrabands' story, but says the number of guns captured was 16, and that when Stonewall Jackson's forces reached the Rappahannock, at Bennett's ford, some 18 or 20 miles from here a part of McDowell's forces were on the south side of the river. He says they secreted themselves under cover of the woods, and that Jackson's forces passed them, and attempted to ford the river. While in the attempt, Gen. Pope's troops opened a destructive fire, at the the same time McDowell's men threw themselves on the rear.

This officer says this portion of Jackson's forces, he can't say how many, were utterly annihilated, and that the river was red with rebel blood.

These reports I give you for what they are worth.

The story is believed here, and, also, that fighting is going on, and the above will turn out to be true.

Our pickets in front of the the town have been doubled during the part of two days, and every precaution to ward off a surprise has been taken by Burnside.

(*Herald's* Washington dispatch.) The condition of affairs in Maryland is not satisfactory to loyal union men.

It is well known that the rebels there are openly organized in every county in the State, and there is reason to believe they are fitly prepared with arms, and only want an opportunity to raise the black flag of rebellion.

The military authorities are strongely urged to require the disarming of all who will not take the oath of allegiance.

(*Times dispatch.*)—The Cabinet had a meeting to-day.

The General feeling over public affairs was decidedly more hopeful than for some time past.

The President is understood to have said that the crisis is past and the point of danger turned.

The recent political arrests are justified on the ground that the parties charged were guilty conduct calculated to discourage enlisments. The government does not intend nor desire to be understood as intending to interpose any obstacle to the freest criticism of public men and measures. Its policy in suppressing the rebellion is regarded as a legitimate subject of popular discussion; but the rebellion itself must not be defended nor government measures opposed to the prejudice of the recruiting service.

FOREIGN NEWS.

SANDY HOOK, August 27.

The steamship Persia has arrived. The news relating to Garibaldi is very vague and contradictory. No collision is reported.

LIVERPOOL.—Breadstuffs had a downward tendency.

LONDON MARKET.—Breadstuffs firm; sugar dull.

It is denied that the Tuscarora left Kingston under government orders. It is ramored that she received a telegraphic dispatch from Liverpool that the steamer 290 was in the Channel; hence her departure. She was expected back again at Kingston.

FEDERAL VICTORY.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 26

Despatches from Greenville, Mo., says Maj. Lippert, 13th Illinois Cavalry, with 200 men, attacked 350 rebels between Bloomfield and Cape Giradeau, routing them completely.

Thirty rebels killed, 50 wounded, and 16 prisoners.

FROM MEMPHIS.

Affairs at the South.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 23.

The Grenada *Appeal* of the 21st says the British steamer Racer reached Charleston on the 20th, bearing despatches for foreign consuls, then sailed southward.

There is a fierce quarrel between Gen. Bragg and the Mobile and Vicksburgh papers, and a long correspondence between Bragg and the editors published.

A manufactory for Colt's revolvers has just been started at Macon, Georgia.

The Vicksburg *Whig* says the Federal gunboat took away six unmounted heavy guns from Marquese Bluff, Yazoo River. Rumors from Secession sources state that the gunboats also captured a steamer laden with 5,000 stand of arms, near Millikin's Bend. The arms were destined for Hindman at Little Rock.

A Painful Rumor.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.

The press of this city has a rumor that Gen. Sigel shot Gen. McDowell through the head on the battle field at Warrenton. The news comes from Baltimore.

Railroad Train Attacked by the Guerillas.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.

A special to the *Tribune* from Cairo of Saturday last states that a train of cars for Memphis, on the Charleston road, when three miles beyond Cortland, was attacked by a band of guerillas numbering 400. They destroyed the train, which was in charge of a detachment of the 42d Illinois. Eight rebels were killed.

Commercial.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 25.

There was no change in the wheat market during the earlier hours saturday. About 8,000 bushels were sold on the platforms, at 91c for No. 2 in store, and 95@95c for No. 2 and No. 1 respectively delivered. The demand was chiefly for bagged Wheat.

On 'Change prices dropped 2c, and sales were pretty lively for a time at 91@92c for No. 2 and 96@97c for No. 1 in store, but after the New York report came in the market recovered, closing with a good demand for No. 1 at 97c. The sales were fully equal to the amount received.

A despatch from Buffalo announces an advance of 1c in canal freights.

MONDAY—10 A. M.

The Wheat market opened this morning at an advance of 2@3c. No. 2 sold at 94 and No. 1 at 97½@98c in store. About 16,000 bushels changed hands at the depots. The cause of the improvement was understood to be advices of a further decline in freights at Chicago, which will necessarily have an influence on rates here. Receipts since Saturday amount to a little over 40,000 bushels.

—It was rumored at Madrid that Prince Murat is intended for the King of Mexico.

New Advertisements.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
ST. PAUL, Min., August 25th, 1862. }

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 28th day of August, 1862, at 12 o'clock M, of that day, for the manufacture and making up of two thousand six hundred and eighty-one uniform coats, and the same number of pairs of trowsers.

The contract for the manufacture of the above amount of clothing will be let entire, or in lots of not less than one hundred coats or one hundred pairs of trowsers, the whole amount to be finished and delivered within four weeks after receiving the cloth.

The contract whether let entire, or in lots as above specified, will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders; this department reserving the right to reject all unreasonable or irresponsible bids.

All bids must be accompanied by the names of the sureties who will be offered for the performance of the contract, and must state the number of coats or trowsers that the bidders will complete and deliver weekly. All work must be of the best quality, having reference chiefly to durability and strength.

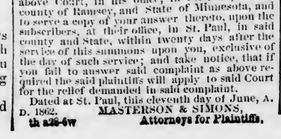
OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General and
Acting Quarter-Master.

a22-5t

The time during which the proposals above invited will be received is hereby extended until the 2d day of September next at noon of that day.

OSCAR MALMROS, Adj. Gen'l and
Acting Quarter-Master.

a22-tf



EYE & EAR.

DR. UNDERWOOD

Of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose name and fame is so extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in performing formidable operations, and in removing difficult and dangerous diseases from those delicate organs, has arrived in St. Paul and may be consulted in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK for a short time only.

Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the old school, has had an extensive experience in both hospital and private practice of twenty-eight years, and will be found competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other mild and gentle means to remove any disease from those delicate organs within the reach of science and human skill.

a22-tu7 OFFICE IN INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.

CHRONIC DISEASES.

Dr. UNDERWOOD, who is so celebrated for his science, skill and success in treating diseases of long standing, and who has had an experience in an extensive practice for thirty years, has arrived in St. Paul, and may be consulted at his rooms in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK, for a short time only.

CHRONIC DISEASES, of every grade and character, whether requiring medical or surgical treatment, POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY CURED, when not nearly beyond the reach of science and human skill.

Dr. Underwood treats all diseases on regular and scientific principles as recognized by the medical profession both in Europe and America, and hence does not use or deal in those pretended new and never failing remedies—specifics, inhaling vapors, and clairvoyant prescriptions—which are so ostentatiously paraded before the public by those impudent traveling quacks and money-fleecing empirics, nine-tenths of whom never were inside of a medical college. Patients afflicted or laboring under diseases of long standing, can consult Dr. U. with the most confident hope and expectation of being perfectly cured, or receiving with unerring certainty all the relief that the highest skill, the most judicious and scientific treatment can possibly bestow.

a22-tnov7

BUSINESS LOCALS

24 HOURS TIME SAVED.—By taking the morning boat out of St. Paul, passengers going East arrive at the point of destination 24 hours in advance of those taking the afternoon boat of the same day. Purchase tickets of

C. L. WOOD, Ticket Agent,
a19-tf LaCrosse and Milwaukee R. R.

NOW READY.—The Rules of Practice adopted in general session of the Judges of this State and published by the PRESS PRINTING COMPANY, are now ready for delivery—price fifteen cents per copy, or $1.50 per dozen. These rules go into effect on the first of September, and will have all the authority and force of law. Every lawyer in the State must have a copy. Remittances may be made in bank notes or postage stamps.

LAND FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—1,080 acres in Mower County, well adapted for sheep and stock, low for cash, or for good unencumbered property in St. Paul, or a farm in its vicinity. Address box 1892, St. Paul Post Office. nov3

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.—The St. Paul City Mills, at the Upper Levee, is one of the best MERCHANT MILLS in the State. The proprietor keeps constantly on hand a CHOICE article of FAMILY FLOUR, made from the best Winter and Cimb Wheat. Also, Meal, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, &c. For sale low at wholesale and retail

a10-tf C. H. H. BAKER.

OUR HOUSE, THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE ARMORY HALL, H. F. E. VITT, PROPRIETOR.—This old established house is in full operation, and is prepared to furnish meals at all hours of the day or night. The bar is supplied with the very best liquors. The larder is always full. Oysters at 25 and 30 cents per dozen. Hot Coffee, Steaks, &c., &c. Give me a call.

feb26-dly H. F. E. VITT.

NOTICE.—No one is authorized to make bills or otherwise contract debts for the PRESS office except the secretary, Mr. Bradley.

AT WHITNEY'S GALLERY. — PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—The largest, most elegant and CHEAPEST assortment ever brought to St. Paul. a3-tf

CARBON OIL.—Just received, on consignment, and for sale to dealers, FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS best No. 1 Carbon Oil. D. T. WATSON,
a5-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

LAND WARRANTS, Half Breed and Revolutionary Scrip—all sizes—prices.

jy28 THOMPSON BROS.

Miscellaneous.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Representations having been made in this city and elsewhere that passengers by this route, and through Canada were liable to detention at Detroit. I am authorized to say that all Government passes good over any line to points beyond Canada, as New York, &c., are not questioned at Detroit, holders being allowed to proceed without delay.

Passes for all persons liable to military duty are furnished in this city by

C. P. BRADLEY, ESQ.,
Superintendent Police Department, also by
J. R. JONES, Esq., U. S. Marshal,

Persons residing out of the city, and unknown to either of the gentlemen named, will require the endorsement of responsible and well-known parties here or elsewhere before being able to obtain passes over any line.

No passes required for persons exempt from military duty. H. E. SARGENT,
Chicago, Aug. 26. General Agent.

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

H. A. PITT & CO'S
THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

je27- NICOLS & DEAN.

MILITARY GOODS.

T. B. CAMPBELL,

THIRD STREET, - - - - - - ST. PAUL.

This is the only place in the city where a complete outfit can be found.

I Offer to the Trade

Bronzed Staff, Gilt Mounted, Line, Surge and Fine Presentation

SWORDS.

CRIMSON AND GREEN SASHES;

Belts; Shoulder Straps, 1, 2 and 3 row embroidered; Bugles; Wreaths; Silver, Gilt, and Brass Letters and Figures.

REGULATION AND MCLELLAN CAPS,

ARMY HATS.

Gold and Gilt Braid, Cord and Lace, all kinds;

DRINKING TUBES,

Sword Knots, Camp Candle-Sticks, Inkstands, Haversacks, Over-Coat Slings, and India Rubber Camp Blanket.

☞ Officers' Uniforms manufactured to order on short notice.

a24-1m T. B. CAMPBELL.

A SMALL EMIGRATION DOCUMENT.

A circular by the Commissioner of Statistics, entitled "Free Homes in Minnesota," and which condenses a great many leading facts about Minnesota in the compass of a page of letter paper, is in type at this office, and will be printed without charge for any one who will supply the paper. This is one of many forms by which the Commissioner of Statistics is endeavoring to diffuse abroad a knowledge of the advantages which Minnesota offers for settlement under the Homestead, and as it costs no one anything but the trouble of bringing their letter paper to this office, we hope our business men will generally takes a hand in' and push on the good work.

ARMY REGULATIONS.

CAMERON'S U. S. TACTICS,

HARDEE'S TACTICS,

BEADLE'S DIME TACTICS,

MARIEES, THIRD PART LES MISEBABLES,

Just received at

COMBS' BOOKSTORE.

jy31-1y

BYERS & POLLOCK

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

nov14-d&w1y

TWENTY ACRE TRACT.

Twenty acres desirable land, half an hour's drive of the steamboat Landing in St. Paul.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. je28-d&wóm

STATE OF MINNESOTA — DISTRICT COURT — RAMSEY COUNTY — SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

David Lowitz vs. the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company.

The State of Minnesota:

To the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court, in his office, in Saint Paul, and a copy whereof is herewith served upon you; and to serve a copy of your answer upon us at our office in Saint Paul, of said county and State, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will have his damages assessed by a jury or the amount he is entitled to recover, ascertained by the court, or under its direction, and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained and his costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Dated at Saint Paul, Ramsey County.

BRISBIN & WARNER,
fri a8-6w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

DISTRICT COURT—SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT—RAMSEY COUNTY—STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Helen F. Tilden and Henry S. Tilden, minor heirs of Henry L. Tilden, deceased, by Jeremiah W. Selby, their Guardian, against Henry McKenty and Johannah D. McKenty, his wife, John Neal, Chauncey Lull, Josiah Harrell, Ellen Barlow, Christopher Carli, James Lynch, and Daniel Rohrer, late administrator of Henry L. Tilden, deceased.

To Henry McKenty and Johannah D. McKenty, his wife, John Neal, Chauncey Lull, Josiah Harrell, Ellen Barlow, Christopher Carli, James Lynch, and Daniel Rohrer, the above named defendants, and to each of them:

In the name of the State of Minnesota:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the above named plaintiffs in this action which you are hereby notified has been filed with the Clerk of the above Court, in his office, in St. Paul, in said county of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer thereto, upon the subscribers, at their office, in St. Paul, in said county and State, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and take notice, that if you fail to answer said complaint as above required the said plaintiffs will apply to said Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated at St. Paul, this eleventh day of June, A. D. 1862. MASTERSON & SIMONS,
th a26-6w Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

Miscellaneous.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF STATE, }
SAINT PAUL, Aug. 4, 1862. }

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 6th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD. Said wood to be paid for in State warrants, and delivered at State Capital, as required.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,
a29-td State Treasurer.

GOT 'EM.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK,

for September.

DAVENPORT'S GOT 'EM.

CHICAGO PAPERS,

NEW YORK PAPERS,

GOT 'EM.

LEDGER FOR THIS WEEK,

GOT 'EM.

In fact DAVENPORT'S got everything, except

a few things he hain't got.

CALL AND SEE.

a16-y

C. E. WOOLSEY & CO.,

(SUCCESSOR TO L. D. WILSON,)

Commission Merchants,

NO. 211 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.

CASH ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS.

mar1-d&wly

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY.

The School Year commences September 1st, and closes July 1st; with a recess of a week between Christmas and New Year, and a week in April. The long vacation occupies the warm months of July and August.

CHARGES.

Board, with furnished room,	$30 per quarter
Tuition in Primary Department	8 "
" In all other classes,	10 "

EXTRA STUDIES.

Music, with use of Piano,	$14 "
Drawing,	5 "
Crayoning,	5 "
Oil Painting,	10 "

Modern Languages at Professors' charges.
Washing, 50 cents per dozen.
Fire in room for the winter, $10.

J. G. RIHELDAFFER,
Superintendent.
Corner of Summit Avenue and St. Peter St.

A CARD.

The undersigned, having for a long time had pupils in the St. Paul Female Seminary, under the care of Rev. J. G. Riheldaffer, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, beg leave to recommend this institution to parents who have daughters to be educated.

The course of study is as extended and comprehensive as in similar institutions in other parts of the country.

Thoroughness in all the branches taught, is a marked characteristic of the institution. The teachers are experienced and abundantly competent in their several departments.

Young Ladies boarding in the Seminary have a comfortable home and all the advantages that need be desired for them while at school.

The terms for board and tuition are as reasonable as such facilities can be afforded.

Mr. R. is making laudable efforts for the permanent establishment of a Female Seminary of a high order at the Capital of the State, and we rejoice in the prospect of its success. The school is now in the fourth year of its existence, and the intelligent can begin to judge of it by its fruits.

We would, therefore, after having made thorough trial of the St. Paul Female Seminary, recommend to all with whom we may have influence, to aid with their patronage in the support of an institution for the education of our daughters, in our own healthful and invigorating climate.

JOHN NICOLS, St Paul.
WILLIAM HOLCOMBE, Stillwater.
GEO. S. WINSLOW, Hastings.
C. M. GOODSELL, Northfield.
WILLIAM SHERRERD, Shakopee.
D. W. INGERSOLL, St. Paul.
G. W. NICOLS, "
F. MCCORMICK, "
DR. T. R. POTTS, "
ISAAC STAPLES, Stillwater. jy23-w6w

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, a vacancy exists in the office of State Senator for the Third Senatorial District by reason of the formal resignation of Hon. Sylvanus B. Lowry, who was elected at the last general election to represent said district in the Senate of said State;

Therefore, Proclamation is hereby made that agreeably to the provisions of an act entitled "an act to regulate elections in this State, and to reduce the several acts relating to the same to one act," approved March 12, 1861, the said vacancy so occurring will be filled by the qualified voters of the counties of Stearns, Todd, Cass, Wadena, Otter Tail, Andy Johnson, Clay, Douglas, Becker, Polk, Pembina, Morrison, Crow Wing, Aiken, Itaska, Buchanan, Carlton, St. Louis and Lake, the same constituting the Third Senatorial District aforesaid, at a special election to be held therein on Saturday, the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be conducted and the returns made in the manner prescribed by the law regulating general elections in this State.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in the city of Saint [L. S.] Paul, this twenty-fifth day of August, A. D. 1862. ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

☞ Papers in the District please copy.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
ST. PAUL, Min., August 25th, 1862. }

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. THIRTY-EIGHT.]

I. Colonel Benj. Smith, Commandant of the place of General Rendezvous, at Fort Snelling, will proceed forthwith to organize one thousand men to be composed of detachments from the Seventh, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Regiments Minnesota Volunteers, now organizing, and detail such force as soon as organized, to report without delay, to Col. H. H. Sibley, commanding expedition against the Indians.

II. The forces heretofore sent against the Sioux Indians shall be designated as the first detachment of the Indian Expedition.

III. The above-mentioned force of one thousand men shall be designated as the second detachment of the Indian Expedition.

IV. In order to expedite the transportation of the second detachment, the officer commanding the same will impress, if necessary for that purpose, horses, teams and other means of transportation, giving proper receipts and vouchers for the same.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

OSCAR MALMROS,
a26-1t Adjutant General.

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, it has been represented to me that a vacancy exists in the office of Representative in the State Legislature, in the Eleventh Representative District consisting of the county of Winona, by reason of the removal from the State of E. B. Weld, Esq., who was elected to said office at the last general election.

Now, therefore, proclamation is hereby made that such vacancy will be filled by the electors of said county of Winona, at a special election to be held in said county on the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be held and conducted and the returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as general elections are held and conducted, and the returns thereof made and canvassed.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in Saint Paul, this [L. S.] twenty-sixth day of August, A. D. 1862.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

☞ Winona County papers please copy.

Miscellaneous.

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5.30 A. M.	5.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A.M.
9.00 "	9.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A M.
2.00 P. M.	2.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

WILLIAM CROOKS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.

Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 60 cents.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

CARPETS.

CASH TRADES

ARE

ALWAYS BARGAINS.

CALL AT

JOSEPH BUGBEE'S

New Carpet Store,

Facing the River,

THIRD STREET,.....ST. PAUL.

a12-3m

BUGGIES.

We have just received and have now on hand a few

Eastern Made Buggies

AND LIGHT BUSINESS WAGONS,

and expect to receive in the next few weeks

A GOOD ASSORTMENT,

Which we will sell for cash, at extreme low figures and warrant them made of

GOOD MATERIAL?

a12-1m J. & C. M. DAILEY.

NOTICE.

OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC R. R. Co., }
SAINT PAUL, August 13th, 1862. }

On and after August 15th, the train leaving Saint Paul, at 11.45 A. M., will leave at 2 o'clock P. M., arrive at St. Anthony at 2.25 P. M., and the train leaving Saint Anthony at 2.30 P. M. will leave at 3 o'clock P. M., arriving at Saint Paul at 3.30 P. M.

WILLIAM CROOKS,
a14-2t Superintendent.

MILITARY GOODS.

CAMPBELL,

Has just received a fresh lot of fine goods. The only place in this city where a complete outfit can be found. Officers' uniforms made on short notice.

No. 2 Bernheimer's Block, 3d-st.,
a12-2w St. Paul.

ST. PAUL CHAIR FACTORY

GALLEY & JANSON,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail dealers in

CHAIRS!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WABASHAW STREET, BET. 5TH & 6TH, ST. PAUL.

☞ We are prepared to supply the trade with the very best quality of work, made under our personal supervision, and

WARRANTED SUPERIOR

To any manufactured in the State.

Twelve years' experience in this trade, enables us to do good work in good style.

We refer to the following principal Cabinet dealers of St. Paul, who sell our work in preference to that of other manufacturers, for the reason that they consider ours the best.

J. Primrose,	J. A. Stees,
F. Hildebrand,	J. S. Desmison,
J. Doney.	feb21-d&w1y.

REMOVAL.

JOHN GETZ

Has removed his stock of

TOYS, FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONARIES,

TO

ROGERS' BLOCK,

Third Street, opposite the Express Office,

Where he will continue to sell all goods in his line cheaper than ever.

Thanking his friends and patrons for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. a12-2w

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will sell all goods consigned to us, to be sold at auction, for five per cent. commission.

All sums over one hundred dollars three per cent.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Second hand furniture bought and the highest price paid. R. J. H. WARNER,
je19-d1m Cor. Third & Wabashaw sts.

K. SPENCER,

Dentist, 23 Years,

MINNEAPOLIS, - - - - - MINNESOTA

As far as I know, my terms for practice will be the usual fees of Dentists of this State.

I insert ARTIFICIAL PIVOT TEETH, which are healthier, cheaper, more beautiful and durable than teeth set on plate.

PIVOT TEETH DO NOT PREVENT THE TASTING OF FOOD—PLATE TEETH DO.

I so stop decayed places in the crowns of Teeth, (elegantly,) as to last the life of the patient.

☞ Consultations without charge. a21-6m

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,.....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors,.....Boston
je11doa3m&wly

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE,

CHICAGO, ILL.

The twentieth annual session will commence October 1st, 1862, and continue sixteen weeks.

FACULTY:

Dan'l Brainard, M. D.,.....Surgery.
J. Y. Z. Blaney, M. D.,.....Chemistry.
J. W. Freer, M. D.,.....Institutes.
J. Adams Allen, M. D.,.....Practice.
R. L. Rea, M. D.,.....Anatomy.
De Laskie Miller, M. D.,.....Obstetrics.
Ephraim Ingals, M. D. Ther. and Mat. Med.
Edwin Powell, M. D.,.....Demonstrator.

FEES—$40. Dissecting and Mat. Tickets each $5. Board $2.50 to $4 per week.

For further information or circular, address
a9-d1w&w1m R. L. REA. Sec'y, Box 533.

A LARGE DWELLING,

Near the residence of Gov. Ramsey, on the banks of the Mississippi, in a locality at once central and retired.

HENRY McKENTY,
je28 d&wóm Dealer in Real Estate.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS,

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine je14-dwly

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.,) St. Louis,

(ESTABLISHED 1843,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers. August 3, 1862.

DRY GOODS

AT COST.

HOGAN & CAMP

Offer their entire stock of

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS,

CLOAKS, PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

AND ALL

SUMMER GOODS

AT COST.

a6-y

WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines & Liquors,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY,

AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported. W. W. WEBB.

Also, Loadon Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whiskey.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,

BUILDERS,

Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter Work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT,

Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for Buildings of every description, prepared on short notice. feb18-1y

FIRST CLASS BOARD.

Pleasant rooms, with board, in a delightful locality, lower town, within a few minutes walk of the International Hotel, can be obtained by addressing P. O. Box No. 1570, or applying at Miss C. A. Gill's, corner Eight and College Streets, next to the residence of John S. Prince, Esq. je25 d3m

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the

Prairie du Chien and Dunleith

LINE OF BOATS

Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The Steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 8 o'clock; the Key City will leave the same evening, at 7 o'clock.

This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent
Prairie du Chien Railway.
S. B. FORBES, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.
jy24-dtf

CATAWBA BRANDY.

The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for the sale of

LYON'S PURE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY,

For the State of Minnesota, calls the attention of Physicians and the public to its medicinal qualities.

St. Paul, July 26, 1862. WALTER W. WEBB.
jy26-d8m

J. F. BLODGET,

AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,

Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.

Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12:dtf.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.

LEATHE BELTING.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

TANNERS AND CURRIERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of

LEATHER and FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,

LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.

All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

☞ Cash paid for Hides and Furs. ☜

jan18-d1y

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET.

POMEROY,

CAPTAIN E. BELL,

MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.

Leaves St. Paul at 7 A. M., 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets.
a19-dtf

REYNOLDS & McCARGA

STORAGE, FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

OFFER FOR SALE

ONE THOUSAND CORDS HARD WOOD,
TWO THOUSAND BUSHELS OATS.

The highest market price paid in cash for Pork, Wheat, Corn, Barley, Rye and other produce.

CASH advanced on consignments.

Office in the Irvine Warehouse, Upper Levee Saint Paul. je19-d1y

F. KNAUFT,

(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)

HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF

Groceries & Provisions,

A complete assortment of

QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

NEW PLATFORM SCALES,

Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr19-feb28-1y.

To Destroy——Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy——Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy——Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy——Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy——Mosquitoes and Fleas.
To Destroy——Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy——Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy——Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,

THE

'ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,'

Destroys Instantly

EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need be so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina [O.] Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster [Wis.] Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes, bottles and flasks, $3 and $5 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞ SOLD EVERYWHERE—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Sheffelin Brothers & Co.; B. A. Fahnestock, Hall & Co.; A. H. & D. Sands & Co.; Wheeler & Hart; James S. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Hall, Rucker & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orvis; Darral, Risley & Kitchen; Bush, Gale & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; Meddison & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lazelle, Marsh & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,

☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS.

☞

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME II. SAINT PAUL, FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 1862. NUMBER 127.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, FRIDAY, AUGUST 29.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

of Dakota County.

☞ SEE FOURTH PAGE.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

We present this morning a description of the battle at New Ulm: an interesting narrative of the Outbreak at Fort Abercrombie and the Red River settlements: Letters from Lieut. Gov. Donnelly, Mr. Van Vorhes, Dr. Williamson, and Rev. Mr Riggs; besides a great variety of interesting intelligence from various sources respecting the Indian War.

The news by telegraph is without any special significance or importance.

The people of the State will be glad to learn that the time of the draft has been postponed until the third of October. Attention is called to the general order published this morning, modifying the regulations for the draft in view of the postponement.

THE SEVENTH REGIMENT OFFICERED.

The Governor has appointed Lt. Col Stephen Miller, of the Minnesota First, to be Colonel; Wm. R. Marshall, of Ramsey, Lieut. Colonel; E. O. Hamlin, of Benton, Major; J. E. Finch, Surgeon: S. B. Sheardown, of Winona, 1st Assistant; A. A. Ames, of Hennepin, 2nd Assistant: Amni Cutter, of Anoka, Quartermaster.

A. Wharton, of Ramsey, is appointed Surgeon of the Sixth Regiment, and J. W. Daniels, of Nicollet, and Augustus C. Potter, of Dodge, Assistant Surgeons.

FEDERAL APPOINTMENTS.

The President has appointed H. G. O. Morrison, of Dakota, and C. H. Baker, of Olmsted, as Assessors for the State of Minnesota, under the new tax law.

Thomas Jones, of Anoka, and — Hall, of Blue Earth, are appointed as the Collectors.

A NEWSPAPER SUPPRESSED.

The *Times* office, of Bloomington, Illinois—a secession sheet—was thrown into the street and destroyed, the combustible portion of it by fire, on the 23d inst.

Volunteers from Old Regiments to be Credited on Draft---Time for Draft May be Extended.

For the information of all concerned, the following telegrams from Washington are published relative to the draft and other matters, and generally in answer to telegraphic queries by Gov. Ramsey:

By Telegraph from the War Department.

WASHINGTON, August 26—7:35 P. M.

Your quota of three hundred thousand (300,000) drafted men, is two thousand six hundred and eighty-one (2,681): the number of volunteers called for July 2nd being the same. If your volunteers for old and new regiments mustered in from July 2d to September 1st exceeds this number, the excess may be deducted from the number drafted.

If you cannot make the draft on the third day of September, make it as soon thereafter as possible, yourself taking the responsibility of extending the time.

By order of Secretary of War,

C. P. BUCKINGHAM,
Brig. Gen'l & A. A. G.

WASHINGTON, August 26—7 P. M.

To Gov. Ramsey:

Volunteers for old regiments are the most valuable part of your quota.

C. P. BUCKINGHAM.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, }
August 26, 1862—9:15 A. M. }

To Gov. Ramsey:

Your request to add one month for compliance with the several orders of the Department, in relation to volunteers and militia, cannot be complied with by the Department. Other States make different pretexts for similar changes. While recognizing and fully appreciating the embarrassments arising from the Indian panic in your State, the evil would be enhanced in its proportions by changing the orders of the Department in the manner you propose.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, August 27, 1862.

To Gov. Ramsey:

In answer to applications for a postponement of the time for drafting militia, the Secretary of War directs me to say that, in the present exigency of the country, the Department cannot postpone the time fixed by the order heretofore issued, but must leave the responsibility for any delay to those who make it; that if in any State the draft be not made at the time specified in the order of August 14th, it should be made as *speedily thereafter as possible.*

C. P. BUCKINGHAM.

FROM PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

WAR DEPARTMENT, }
Washington, Aug. 27, 1862. }

To Governor Ramsey:

Yours received. Attend to the Indians. If the Draft *cannot* proceed, of course it *will not* proceed. Necessity knows no law. The Government cannot extend the time.

A. LINCOLN.

WAR DEPARTMENT, }
Washington, Aug. 26, 1862. }

To Governor Ramsey:

The Department will not muster and pay by companies. Nor will the time for advanced pay and bounties be extended. It has already expired except for recruits for old regiments.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27, 1862.

To Governor Ramsey:

What number of mounted infantry are now enlisted and mustered into the United States service? Their own shot guns, loaded with buckshot cartridges, are better weapons for them than the muskets you call for.

P. H. WATSON,
Assistant Secretary of War.

Latest from the Indian War!

DETAILS OF THE FIGHTING.

LETTER FROM A. J. VAN VORHES.

A BATTLE ON FRIDAY!

The Red Devils Repulsed!

ANXIETY AT THE FORT!

The Dead at New Ulm!

THE BATTLE OF LAST SUNDAY!

An Interesting Description!

Bravery and Death of Capt. Dodd.

COOLNESS OF JUDGE FLANDRAU.

The Town Abandoned!

LETTER OF DR. WILLIAMSON.

HIS INTERESTING NARRATIVE.

Letter of Rev. S. R. Riggs.

Causes of the Uprising of the Sioux.

LETTER OF GOV. DONNELLY.

Interesting from Red River!

&c., &c., &c.

Our latest news this morning from Fort Ridgley, was brought by Mr. Duncan Kennedy, who left that post on Monday night, and made his way to St. Peter the next day. The garrison was nearly worn out with fighting and watching. They have used up all their lead, and were breaking up nails, and everything else that they could make slugs of.

The force under Gov. Sibley were undoubtedly all at the Fort on Wednesday, —and it is quite probable the mounted portion of it got there on Tuesday night.

The following letter from Mr. A. J. Van Vorhes was brought to St. Peter by Mr. Kennedy:

FORT RIDGELY, August 25, 1862.

To the Editors of the Press.

I believe but one messenger has left the post since my last communication, and he so suddenly, that no opportunity was offered for writing up the events of the preceding day.

After closing my last on the morning of the 21st, the enemy appeared in considerable force, and opened a sharp fire upon the garrison. They were successfully repulsed, and after a rambling fire of three quarters of an hour, retired. About six o'clock in the evening, the enemy re-appeared, evidently to ascertain the strength of our force and the plan of our defenses. They were warmly received by our gunners and infantry, and at the going down of the sun all demonstrations ceased. This was a night of much anxiety, as all anticipated a night attack. Aside from a few alarms, however, nothing occurred to disturb the quiet of the night. Every man about the garrison was at his post, and but little rest was enjoyed by any. Here is one of the many difficulties surrounding our situation. The post was never designed as a place of defence; or, if it was, the author of the design could never have made a more egregious or unpardonable blunder. Even Ft Snelling, with which your home readers are all familiar, could be more effectually and more easily defended by fifty men, than this post could be with five hundred. The result is, that with our present force, every man is compelled to be on constant duty? Do our military and civil authorities at the Capitol know how long men can stand the labors and dangers that we have now faced for seven days without rest, only as we get it sleeping upon our arms. It would seem that they are endeavoring to solve the problem, as we have not yet been reinforced by a man, or encouraged by a single word from headquarters.

THE BATTLE ON FRIDAY.

In anticipation of a desperate attack by the enemy in strong force, Lieut. Sheehan commenced on Friday morning to strengthen his position by throwing up breastworks around the garrison for the protection of his men. This work was but partially completed when, at 1 P. M. the enemy was seen advancing at a distance of two miles in great numbers and all mounted. Taking cover in the innumerable ravines surrounding and completely impaling the garrison, seemingly designed by nature to favor an attacking party. They dismounted, and at 2 o'clock made their approach and attack simultaneously from three different points. Under their cover, our shells impeded their progress but little. All of our previous engagements were as boys' play in comparison with this. It was evidently expected to be the last on the part of the enemy, for they confidently designed a charge and a capture. The first volley discharged from the woods, the high weeds and out-buildings surrounding the barracks, was perfectly terrific. It seemed that all the incarnate fiends of hell were concentrated and let loose upon this little band with all the fierceness of infuriated demons, crazed for blood and plunder. The fire was received with coolness by our men, and returned in the same spirit Their little shelter afforded some protection, while the forces being so admirably distributed, that little change of position became necessary. The officers and gunners were most exposed, yet but one man was killed, and three or four slightly wounded.

Lieutenants Sheehan and Culver were around with their men, and to their caution and prudence we are indebted for the few casualties. They directed their men to reserve their fire until a fair view of the enemy was obtained, and then to bring down an Indian every time. This coolness seemed to annoy and embolden the enemy, and every time they presented themselves, Sergeants Jones, Whipple and McGrew would send a volley of shells into them. From two until half-past six o'clock this incessant fire was kept up. Volley after volley was poured upon us, yet our men did not waver. Once the enemy rallied in force at a given point to make a desperate charge with war clubs and tomahawks, after drawing the fire of one of our guns in their front. Their game was understood by Sergeant Jones, and he directed Sergeant McGrew to give them a shell, reserving his own. This done, they arose for the charge, when a case of grape from Seargeant Jones' gun scattered and confused them. The enemy evidently felt that they had received the worst of it. The rapidity and volume of their fire perceptibly slackened, and before sundown they commenced moving off with their dead and plunder.

Early in the engagement they opened the government stables and cut loose all the mules and horses. The huge barn afforded them shelter, and by direction was fired by one of our shells soon after the commencement of the engagement. The sutler's store, with some old buildings, were likewise fired.

After seeing themselves foiled in taking the post, their next game was to burn the barracks in which are the government stores, the families of citizens seeking protection, &c. A number of fire-arrows were found on the roofs of these buildings, but fortunately they failed in their mission. Every preparation was made for a night attack, but the severe lesson of the afternoon, or a care for their plunder prevented.

About 6 o'clock Saturday morning this body of demons was seen approaching by the same route, but continuing along the ravines, and under cover of hills and wood, they passed by, most probably on their way to New Ulm or vicinity, from which direction the fires of burning buildings were seen all of Saturday night.

Sunday morning the commandant continued to strengthen his position. Through the means of several thousand sacks of oats, barrels of flour, several hundred cords of wood, etc., additional barracks, inside of those at the outer circle of the grounds and immediately in the front and rear of the ten buildings used as storehouses and quarters, were thrown up. If necessary to fall back within these, the six field pieces will be brought to bear upon every entrance.

Since the battle of Friday we have been undisturbed, but are in momentary expectation and preparation. The weather perhaps has had something to do with it, as we have had rain most of the day, and a good portion of last night.

The wounded and sick in hospital, under the skillful care of Dr. Muller and his excellent lady, are doing well. Dr. Muller has his hands full, and with his lady is unremitting and untiring in his labors.

Some three hundred women and children are here for support and protection. This is a great embarrassment to the officers and soldiers. With them out of the way, a great point would be achieved. When the hospital becomes filled with these, as will be the case if not removed soon, our position will be distressing indeed.

What is the matter at St. Paul and Fort Snelling? Have reinforcements been sent and cut off, or are we to be sacrificed to indifference and apathy? Let help be sent in such force that it cannot be impeded. With this point in the hands of the enemy, the Mississippi will share the universal desolation.

In great haste,

A. J. VAN VORHES.

KILLED AND WOUNDED NEAR NEW ULM.

O. M. Crary, Esq., who was at New Ulm during the siege of that place by the Indians—where he was detailed for hospital service—from Wednesday the 20th, up to the time of the main battle on Sunday last, permits us to copy the following from his diary, showing the number of killed and wounded in the neighborhood of New Ulm, that were brought in by the scouting parties that scoured the country:

WEDNESDAY, August 20.

Tearl Orlsten—wounded in the left groin: since died.

Mrs. Bimer—shot through the body; severe wound. Had a child tomahawked.

Mrs. Schilling—beaten by clubs. Had a boy wounded in the back with a tomahawk.

Joseph Wieman—both arms cut off at the shoulder. Lived but a short time.

Mr. Lumis—died from wounds; buried in the same coffin with Orlsten.

Emilie Pauli—wounded.

Next morning nine bodies were brought in and laid side by side in the dead house. The names of five were: Loomis, Cairl, Lamb, D. Lemon, and William Tuttle. The other four were Norwegians—names unknown.

The following were buried on Tuesday: John Schlinden, Julius Fenska, Ernest Dietrith, and a boy named Breeumle.

M. Milner, wounded in the arm by a bullet, doing well.

John Peller, also wounded in arm, and doing well.

Hubert Heldeskeim, wounded in the left foot.

Three children, named May, wounded by tomahawk very severely, recovery doubtful; their parents killed.

Mrs. Tettel, wounded by tomahawk in head and neck. Her husband and four children were murdered at their home.

A. Steimle, wounded by a ball in shoulder and face, dangerous.

A boy named Baumle, wounded in forehead by a tomahawk, severely.

Peter Brescheat, wounded severely in the back by a bullet, recovery doubtful.

THURSDAY, Aug. 21.

Expedition sent out. Found and buried four bodies—man, wife, and two sons, named Haer. They were Protestant Germans. In their bed was found about $160.

FRIDAY, 4 P. M.

First expedition to farms returned. No dead or wounded found, but much property was found to be destroyed. A large fire was seen in the west, supposed to be a burning building.

Second expedition returned. They buried J. Jackson, Seth Henshaw, and a man named Blinn, his wife and four children.

The same expedition brought in thirteen persons: Mr. Van Guilder, wife, two sons and mother; Mrs. A. B. Haugh and one child; Mr. Cowal, wife and boy; man, wife and child, names unknown.

SATURDAY, 8 o'clock A. M.

Heavy smoke seen in the west, across the river. Scout on foot came in from that direction. He reported that buildings were burning two miles from New Ulm. Indians were in large numbers, and white men fleeing.

11 o'clock A. M.

Mrs. Van Guilder, an old lady, was brought in wounded. She died and was buried.

A number of horses were found killed. Wednesday morning three.

At the same time several buildings were seen burning in the west.

A child brought in, cut whole length of forehead. Another with eyes smashed in.

BATTLE OF NEW ULM.

On Sunday morning a heavy smoke was discovered across the river from New Ulm. This was immediately followed by another, and another, until several were added. After breakfast the boys were called to quarters, and a company of 61 detailed and sent over to discover, if possible, the extent of their depredations. At 11 o'clock the Indians were seen three or four miles to the westward, manœuvring as though they intended to give us battle. By a signal their forces were evidently drawn from the other side back to the New Ulm side, and on they came across the prairie, until within a mile, or thereabouts, from us: and then, by a sudden dash, they charged on our pickets. A panic ensued, and in town all was confusion. Women and children ran in every direction through the streets, and many of the men, from the excitement of the moment, ran also. But the boys soon rallied and commenced facing the music.

The streets were blockaded by wagons being placed across them and interwoven with boards and plank. The boys rushed to these, and, dropping behind them, commenced firing on the Indians with telling effect. The strategy of the Indians must be acknowledged to have been good. Their plan seemed to be to literally burn us out; and to effect this they would run from one building to another, keeping others intervening between our breastwork—where the boys were firing—and themselves. On nearing the town they separated, one party going to the right and the other to the left, encompassing the buildings in an incredibly short space of time, and burning as they went. And such was the rapidity with which they flew that but thirty minutes elapsed ere the entire outskirts were wrapped in flames.

The Indians would not come out fair into the open space and fire, but would dodge from one shelter to the other with the rapidity of thought. The attack was made on the west end of town, and as they came round to the east the boys rushed down to the breastworks on that side and poured a galling fire into them.

At this time, Capt. Dodd, made a desperate though imprudent effort to drive them back by a mighty charge. He rode past the breastworks, and shouting to the boys to "come on," rushed direct into their midst, firing into them right and left. This the Indians took advantage of, and brought their pieces to bear upon him, all firing at once. The Captain wheeled his horse and rode direct for our lines, and on reaching them fell mortally wounded, pierced by several balls. We here pause to remark, that although Capt Dodd may have been imprudent, yet a *braver man* never drew the rein than he.

At this moment, to spur the boys on, a cry was raised, "here comes our re-inforcements," and cheer upon cheer went up from our little struggling band, which seemed to inspire them all with new energy. The Indians continued to fire the buildings and pour the whistling messengers among us, as opportunity afforded. But as often as a red-skin darkened an open space our boys, "drawing a bead," on him would blaze away, and not unfrequently with good effect.

Our Commander-in-Chief, Judge Flandreau, celebrated for his coolness and discretion, was constantly among the boys, cheering them on; so also, was Mr. Tiner, of Mankato, sheriff Tomlinson, Mr. Burt and several others, among whom was a young man of Mankato, whose name I now cannot recal. But the boys, exhibited great coolness and bravery in this trying hour. Occasionally a poor fellow would come limping in, or borne upon the strength of others. The Indians continued to fight, and seemed to grow more desperate and determined than before, still the boys cheered and held their ground like noble heros. Hour after hour the battle continued to rage, each man selecting his position and mark, and the night closed in leaving our boys just where they begun, with not an inch of ground lost.

Finally, the Indians, after fairly satisfying themselves that they were not fighting men of straw, quietly withdrew, carrying off their dead and wounded during the night. Their withdrawal was by our boys thankfully received, as they were weary and exhausted from fatigue and hunger.

It was now, by our commander, deemed prudent to fire some of the surrounding buildings, from behind which the Indians could harass our men. The night passed very quietly, with occasionally a gun being fired, the men not sleeping, but laying awake upon their arms. But as morning dawned the enemy again came dashing over the prairie "spoiling for another fight," and great indeed was their surprise and chagrin to find their breastwork but a few scattering ashes. They gathered at the east end of the town, and seemed consulting what course to pursue. Finally they collected a large drove of cattle, of which there were plenty all around them, and moving this as a breastwork they again advanced upon us. But the cattle were not to be allied with such chaps and soon commenced to make tracks for other parts, and the enemmy, finding himself perfectly thwarted, skedaddled.

In the afternoon Lieut. Cox arrived with 150 reinforcements, who were received with glad hearts.

The hospital report shows about sixty killed and wounded.

A council was then held, and it was thought best to evacuate the town, which was done on Monday, in good shape—carrying women, children, and wounded in the wagons, and covering the retreat with our arms. So ends the fate of that, but a few days ago, happy town; and we have to be thankful that our government is taking active measures to exterminate this no longer to be trusted race.

O. M. C.

LETTER FROM GOVERNOR DONNELLY.

ST. PETER, August 26—1 P. M.

Governor Ramsey:

The force under Col. Sibley has just got out of town; the last of them is still in sight.

Duncan Kennedy left Fort Ridgley last night, at half-past nine o'clock, on foot, went up six miles, crossed the river, and, walking night and day, got here an hour ago. All well in the Fort; four men killed. The Indians had not attacked for two days. You may therefore feel relieved. I do not think there is any danger of the Fort falling. By to-morrow night our cavalry will reach it.

Truly yours,

IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

LETTER FROM DR. WILLIAMSON.

Editors of the Press.

ON THE PRAIRIE, Aug. 26.

I write to inform you of the beginning of hostilities at Pajutazee.

Early on the 18th, some of our neighbors came in, looking sad, and asked us if we had heard of the war between the Dakotahs and Big Knives—and told us that some of the M'de-wakanton had killed three families of Germans; that part of the white men near the Lower Agency were killed, and the rest had fled. One or two detachments of soldiers coming to succor them, had been cut off entirely. The latter circumstance seemed so improbable, that, taken in connection with the fact that we could not ascertain how the news came, we wholly disregarded it. During the day many others came in, looking as if they had something to say, and went away without saying a word. Others advised us to flee for our lives, as the war would be general, for the Yanktons and Sissetons were coming down to kill all the white people, and those who dressed as white people, along the Minnesota: and the M'de-wakantons and Winnebagoes, after taking the Fort and New Ulm, would take all the Cottonwood country. It is evident they believed what they said, but I supposed them to be misinformed.

About 4 P. M., several went boldly into my pasture-field, and took a mare and colt belonging to Mr. Hunter, and attempted to to take my horses, but failed to catch them. A little after dark they took Mr. Riggs' horses from a wagon which was bringing down Mr. Pettijohn's family. About the same time, they shot Garvie and another man at the stores, and while seizing the goods, the other traders and employees escaped. Garvie, severely wounded, made his way to the Agency—and before day, the people there all fled, taking him with them During the night Mr. Riggs' family and Mr. Cunningham's left their houses, and by friendly Indians, were conducted to, and concealed upon, a small island upon the Minnesota river. There were upwards of twenty persons, with only one horse and small buggy, for conveyance. Christian Indians staid by us all night, informing us of what was going on, and urging and assisting us to leave. I felt determined to stay, and my wife and sisters said they would stay with me. A little after sunrise I sent off the younger members of my family with Mr. Hunter's, about 10 persons in all, in two wagons, one drawn by horses and the other by oxen, driving our cattle after them through the woods to a pond on the river, when they were assisted in crossing by Christian Indians, and conducted to those who had started during the night, and joined by others, including one man severely wounded during the previous night, making a party of about forty persons, with only three horses and one yoke of oxen for conveyance. In the afternoon they left the river, and as all woods were dangerous, struck out into the prairie, far from the woods. I, with my wife and sister, left on Wednesday, in an ox wagon furnished by a christian Indian, who conducted us about ten miles on the way, at the risk of his own life. Following the track of those who had preceded us, we overtook them Friday afternoon, about 15 miles northwest of Fort Ridgely. They had seen some Indians just before we overtook them: we thought it best to try and get into the Fort before morning, and having struck the Fort Abercrombie road, when it became dusk. Mr. Hunter went forward to see if the Fort was standing. On drawing near he saw the large stables and sutlery in flames, but, nevertheless, made his way in, and learned that they had been fighting five days—the men were exhausted—they had 500 women and children in the Fort, and that we had better steer for Henderson. We were within two miles of the Fort when Mr. H. returned to us. We then turned from the road, first north and then east, traveling for several hours in sight of the Fort, and in hearing of the guns. Saturday night, we slept within fifteen miles of Henderson without having seen a white person on the way, except our own party The settlers had all fled. Yesterday morning we resumed our journey, finding the houses all deserted. Arriving at this place, we overtook persons fleeing to Henderson, from whom we learned that soldiers had gone up to relieve the Fort. We now felt secure enough to stop and rest the remainder of the Sabbath We are told that we are within ten miles of Henderson.

THOS. S. WILLIAMSON.

LETTER FROM REV. S. R. RIGGS.

SHAKOPEE, August 27.

Editors of the Press:

I have learned, since coming down to the settlements, that people generally have supposed that the Mission families were all killed in this strange uprising of the Dakotas. I am glad to be able to say that such is not the fact. We are all saved. We left the Yellow Medicine on Tuesday, the 19th, and reached Henderson on the Monday following. We struck out on the prairie and did not come in towards the Minnesota until Friday noon, when we found ourselves opposite the Lower Agency, and about fifteen miles above Fort Ridgley. Our plan then was to come into the Fort and be protected there. But finding so many there already, and the garrison in a state of distress, we again took to the prairie, and so escaped. We have suffered some on the trip, with the wet and cold at night, and with sore feet. We have been wearied with night marches and with watchings. But we thank God for his special providence exercised on our behalf. We have suffered the loss of all things, but none of us have been killed or taken captive.

I have been asked whether the uprising of the Dakotas is as extensive as is commonly supposed. My opinion is that it numbers all the annuity Sioux, and will draw in many from the plains. It has swept over the land like a whirlwind. There was no possibility of stopping it, or even standing against it. The white people must be swept off, and all Indians and half-breeds must be taken into the whirl.

The wrath causeless does not come. But this is a most outrageous and wicked rebellion, formed on the same model as that in the South. What, then, are the causes of it?

First, I will say that if the Inkpadoota affair had been properly followed up, and just punishment had been meted out to the perpetrators, this thing had probably not taken place. But by the supineness of the Goverement on that occasion, the Dakotas have been led to believe that it was weak and careless of the interests of its citizens.

Secondly, our Government has, in many things, not dealt justly by the Dakotas. It has not fulfilled its agreements with them, as white men are accustomed to expect of each other. For example, last year the annuities of the Upper Sioux were less than the proper amount by about nine thousand dollars. A large part of this, which had been taken out at Washington, to meet claims, was regarded as altogether unjust. Again, this year the traders in some way effected the abstraction of a portion of this year's annuities, and that, too, for claims which had already been collected at the pay table. It is not surprising that such things should irritate Indians. I am not sure but they would discompose, and even anger, white people.

Thirdly, it is not to be denied that the war carried on by our Government with the South has fostered the war spirit among the Indians. The draining of the country of able-bodied men, for the Southern war, has, perhaps, emboldened them to commence at this time. The strike made by a war party, chiefly from Six's band, out towards the Chippewa country, was the signal for the attack. Shedding blood creates a further taste for blood.

So came this outbreak, which commenced on the 18th of August, 1862.

The M'dewakantonwans must bear the responsibility of bringing on the war. It will doubtless prove their destruction. There are some among them who have no sympathy with the *emeute*. If it could be, I should be glad to have the innocent delivered.

S. R. RIGGS.

MATTERS ON RED RIVER.

Mr. W. P. Hills, one of the messengers from Fort Abercrombie with dispatches for the Governor, gives us the following statements:

They left the Fort on Monday morning at half-past 7 o'clock, and reached St. Cloud at half-past 11 A. M., having rested at one place three hours, making 185 miles in 25 hours of travel. They changed horses eight times, having authority to press into the service any they could find. They left St. Cloud at half-past three P. M., and reached St. Paul within 48 hours from the time they left the Fort.

His impression is that the number of Indians in the country is far greater than is usually supposed, and that a thousand mounted men are needed on the Red River immediately.

At Dayton, on Otter Tail river, 40 miles this side of the Fort, they learned that the people at the Crossing of the Otter Tail river, 15 miles this side of Breckinridge, and 12 miles from Dayton, had been massacred. One of Burbank's drivers, going to the Crossing with a load of grain, was fired upon and wounded. He left his team and escaped to Dayton. As he approached the house before being fired upon, he saw Indians coming out, but saw no white people.

The people at Dayton were going to Fort Abercrombie. The people this side of Dayton were coming this way, and had all left or were preparing to leave immediately, as far down as Sauk Center.

In a distance of 28 miles all the houses, 12 or 15 in number, were deserted, and he thinks that at the present time, there is not a family left from Abercrombie to Sauk Center.

Word was received at the Fort of the attack upon Breckinridge on Sunday. At 6 P. M., six men sent to the Fort were driven back.

On Sunday morning permission was asked of the commanding officer to go to Breckinridge, but it was not granted. They were, however, sent out as scouts to see if the Indians were approaching the Fort, to report at noon. They reported as ordered, but saw no Indians.

Mr. Hills and three other men then gained permission to visit Breckinridge. They were well mounted and armed.

They found the Breckinridge House broken open and three men killed as described in our columns, yesterday.

Going to the ford they found tracks showing that they had crossed the river. Mr. Hills forded the river, his comrades keeping guard. He found goods scattered, and a hack turned over. Two trails were visible, one crossing from the direction of Lake Traverse and Big Stone Lake, the other in the direction of Wild Rice River.

He found, also, an Indian signal—an inclined stake in the ground with a red cross at the upper end, indicating the direction they had gone, and also the fact that they expected other Indians to meet them there, or to follow them. All along the road from the Fort nearly to St. Cloud, trails were discovered, showing that the country is full of Indians, and all signs point to the North, indicating a general rendezvous somewhere on the Red River.

Mr. Hills has for many years lived among the Indians, and is familiar with their language, signals and warlike habits. His opinions respecting their intentions and plans, are worthy of careful consideration.

REV. ALBERT A. RIGGS.

Rev. A. A. Riggs, of Lockport, Ill., arrived at St. Paul, night before last, and did not learn until morning that his fathers's family were all safe.

Rev. S. R. Riggs, arrived yesterday, and gives, in our columns a narrative of his escape.

From Indianapolis.

Special Dispatch to the Chicago Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 25.—General Wright, of this Military Department, will have his headquarters at Cincinnati. The whole State of Indiana, under his administration, will be, it is understood, under martail law. The exigencies of the times seem to demand it.

All the prisoners at Camp Morton will be released by Wednesday next: 2,320, besides those from Kentucky and Tennessee, who have taken the oath, will go. Camp Morton will then be cleared out.

G. C. Moody, of the 9th Indiana Regiment, has resigned; also, Lieut. Colonel Owen, of the 14th.

Colonel Wilder, of the 15th Indiana, left this evening with 200 recruits for his regiment, at Murfreesboro, Tennessee.

Troops for the Southwestern States will pour out of Indiana during the coming week.

The 89th Indiana will arrive here to-morrow, to be equipped.

Ten more regiments are reported full, and will be mustered and equipped this week.

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.

WINSLOW'S LINE.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 27.

The new census of San Francisco gives a population of 90,000, against 83,000 last year. The country is in a very prosperous condition.

Oregon dates of the 19th, announce the arrival of Lieut. Muller with 50 men and 11 wagons at Fort Walla Walla, from Fort Benton. A number of emigrants accompanied the train.

Emigrants from Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, etc., are also arriving in considerable numbers at Dalles—some complaining of unexpected hardships on the plains.

The people of Oregon continue excited, owing to reports from all directions.

Arrival of Gunboats at New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.

The gunboat Pembina, from Port Royal on the 21st, arrived here to-day. She reports that there has been no new movement.

The gunboat Midnight, from the Gulf of Mexico, has also arrived.

New Hampshire Quota Filled.

BOSTON, August 28.

The quota for New Hampshire, of volunteers for three years, has been filled.

From Detroit.

Special Dispatch to the Chicago Times.

Detroit, Aug. 25.

The funeral of Gen. Williams, this morning, was a magnificent affair, being participated in by the civil authorities, civic societies, and military, the Fourth Regiment of Cavalry, Col. Minty, being out in full force. The procession was a large one that escorted his remains to Elmwood Cemetery. His body arrived here on Fridry evening, a d has been lying in state since at Young Men's Hall, which was appropriately decked for the occasion, where it was visited by thousands.

The citizens of Detroit, and, in fact, of all Michigan, felt particular pride in General Williams, and especially in the great victory he won at Baton Rouge. He was born and reared here, as may naturally be supposed, great indignation is felt at the approving manner in which your abolition cotemporary suggests that he was killed by a Union bullet.

Gov. Blair to-day issued an order for the enrollment of the entire militia of the State, preparatory to drafting, being the first step yet taken by the authorities here for that purpose. No doubt at all exist that the entire quota of the State would have been filled by volunteering, had an opportunity been given.

The citizens of Detroit to-day presented a horse to Col. Morrow, of the Twenty fourth Regiment.

Great preparations are making for the reception of Gen. Willcox on Wednesday. It will be the biggest occasion of the kind ever known in the State.

Commercial.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 26.

The Wheat market opened this morning at an advance of ½ @ 1c. No. 2 sold at 91 and No. 1 at 92½ @ 93c in store. About 10,000 bushels changed hands at the depots. The cause of the improvement was understood to be advices of a further decline in freights at Chicago, which will necessarily have an influence on rates here.

On 'Change advices were received from New York representing the foreign news unfavorable, and the result was that the advance established in the forenoon was lost. The market ruled during the board at 92c for No. 2 in store, 92 @ 92¾c for No. 1 in store, 93c for No. 2 delivered, and 93 @ 93½c for No. 1 delivered, chiefly at the inside figures. Sales to the amount of 43,000 bushels were reported, including the earlier transactions.

A dispatch from Chicago to the Chamber of Commerce quoted No. 1 wheat at 95c, No. 2 at 82 @ 86c, and freights nominally 4c to Buffalo.

A despatch from Buffalo announces an advance of 1c in canal freights.

TUESDAY—10 A. M.

The wheat market opened this morning with a fair degree of activity, at 93c for No. 2 in store, 95c for No. 1 in store, 93 @ 94c for No. 2 delivered, 97 @ 98c for No. 1 delivered, and $1,06 for choice white winter.

About 25,000 bushels changed hands at the depots. Receipts are larger, and will probably not be less than 50,000 bushels.

[By Telegraph.]

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, August 28.

Flour—5c lower.

Wheat—Declined 1c. Sales at 91 @ 95c. Receipts 1100 bbls. flour; 55000 bushels wheat.

MARRIED.

In the city of St. Anthony, on the evening of August 20th, by Rev. J. H. McKee, Hon. GEO. P. BALDWIN and Miss JENNIE BALL, of St. Anthony.

DIED.

Of Congestion of the Stomach, PHILIP A. ROCHE, aged 22 years, 4 months and 17 days.

Funeral this (Friday) afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence of John Roche, Summit Avenue. Members of the Bar and friends of the family are invited to attend.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

The St. Paul Female Seminary will open on

Monday, September 1st.

Tuition in elementary department $8 per quarter; in preparatory, junior, middle and senior classes $10 per quarter. Location on the corner of Summit Avenue and St. Peter.

a39-3t* J. G. RIHELDAFFER, Sup't.

MILITARY GOODS.

T. B. CAMPBELL,

THIRD STREET, - - - - - - ST. PAUL.

This is the only place in the city where a complete outfit can be found.

I Offer to the Trade

Bronzed Staff, Gilt Mounted, Line, Surge and Fine Presentation

SWORDS.

CRIMSON AND GREEN SASHES;

Belts; Shoulder Straps, 1, 2 and 3 row embroidered; Bugles; Wreaths; Silver, Gilt, and Brass Letters and Figures.

REGULATION AND M'CLELLAN CAPS,

ARMY HATS.

Gold and Gilt Braid, Cord and Lace, all kinds;

DRINKING TUBES,

Sword Knots, Camp Candle-Sticks, Inkstands, Haversacks, Over-Coat Slings, and India Rubber Camp Blanket.

☞ Officers' Uniforms manufactured to order on short notice.

a24-1m T. B. CAMPBELL.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING COMPY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—To city subscribers, fifteen cents per week, or, if paid in advance, $7.00 per annum; $1.75 for three months. By mail—$6.00 per annum, or fifty cents per month, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

War With the Dakotahs.

The Territory and Indian Bands Involved.

Area 200,000 Square Miles---Indian Population, 30,000----6000 Warriors.

THE BATTLE OF BLUE WATER.

SHALL WE HAVE A MILITARY DEPARTMENT OF THE NORTHWEST, WITH GEN. HARNEY IN COMMAND?

To the Editors of the St. Paul Press:

It will be a great mistake to dismiss apprehension of a general war with the Dakotah or Sioux Indians, because it appears from the evidence of "Other Day" and his friends, the Missionaries at Hazlewood, that the present outbreak is accidental, and not the result of a deliberate conspiracy. Grant that the murders at Acton and the Lower Sioux Agency, were unpremeditated; yet, like a spark falling into a magazine, they have kindled the whole Minnesota frontier, from Fort Abercrombie to Pipestone Quarry into a conflagration of savage war.

The Dakotah nation is the most powerful and warlike body of savages on this continent. Their hostility to the whites, particularly on and beyond the Missouri river, has been frequently represented to Government, and by no one more impressively than in the reports of Lieutenant G. K. Warren, of Topographical Engineers, published in 1855 and 1859. Even in our immediate vicinity we have had proofs in the Inkpaduta massacre, and subsequent riots at the annual payments, that an Indian war might be precipitated by the most fortuitous circumstances. The rumor of the American civil war—the unfortunate delay of annuity payments—and the slaughter at Acton have concurred to break the hollow truce of the Western frontier, when either of those events would have been insufficient. We can easily speculate, how it might not have been—of course the whole dreadful affair is fortuitous—but the mischief is done, and I anticipate no other consequence than that the whole Dakotah nation, wherever scattered, will be involved.

I am more hopeful in regard to the Chippewas. With judicious management, they may become useful as scouts and allies in the extermination of the savages of the plains.

With these impressions as to the proportions of the Sioux war now begun, I ask a liberal allotment of space while I compile some statements in regard to the Dakotahs.

THE DAKOTAH TERRITORY.

The Dakotahs are scattered over an immense territory, extending rom the channel of the Red River of the North and the sources of the Minnesota river—the average longitude of 96° west of Greenwich—on the east, to the Black Hills on the west, and from the forks of the Platte on the south to Devil's Lake on the north. I estimate the area from which they exclude all other Indian tribes, to be 200,000 square miles—equal to five States of the size of Ohio.

THEIR NUMBERS.

With such an immense extent of territory, over which they range unchecked, we incline to exaggeration of the numbers and strength of the Dakotahs. Lieut. Warren's statement is confirmed by all other accessible information, and he estimates their total population as about 30,000, or 6,000 warriors—of whom full half inhabit the vicinity of the Black Hills, west of the Missouri river.

The Dakotahs say their name means "leagued or allied," and they sometimes speak of themselves as the "Ocheti Shaowni" or "Seven Council Fires." Four of these bands constitute

THE MINNESOTA DAKOTAHS,

who are called by those on the Missouri "Isauties," and are designated as follows:

1. The Mde-wakan-tonwans, meaning "village of the Spirit Lake," (now Mille Lac.)
2. Wah-pe-kutes, meaning "leaf-shooters."
3. Wah-pe-tonwans, meaning "village in the leaves."
4. Sisi-tonwans, meaning "village of the marsh."

These bands will be recognized as formerly in the occupation of Southern and Central Minnesota. Antiquarians assure us (how we miss the legendary Neill at this juncture!) that they formerly lived around the head waters of the Mississippi and Red River of the North, in districts from which they have been driven by the Chippewas. They were removed to their present territory, upon and beyond the Upper Minnesota, in pursuance of the treaties of July 23 and August 5, 1851. Lieut. Warren estimates the number of the Minnesota Dakotahs at 6,200 or 1,240 warriors. Of this force, probably 800 are engaged or will engage in the present war.

YANKTONS AND YANKTONNAIS.

These bands, the fifth and sixth subdivisions of the Dakotah nation, occupy the most of the territory between the western boundary of Minnesota and the Missouri river.

The Yanktons are found at the mouth of the Big Sioux and between it and the Missouri, as high up as Fort Lookout, and on the opposite bank of the Missouri. Their number is estimated at 2,880, or 576 warriors. They have ceded most of their land to the United States, which is now occupied by the settlements of the new Territory of Dakotah.

The Yanktonnais are much more formidable. They range between James river and the Missouri, as high north as Devil's Lake, number 6,400, or 1280 warriors, and have long been a scourge to the settlements at Pembina and Selkirk. I apprehend, as soon as the story of massacre reaches the Yanktonnais, that at least a thousand warriors will threaten the Red River settlements, even into British America. Fortunately, the admirable Indian management of the Hudson Bay Company has made firm friends of the great Knisteneaux or Cree nation, of the Saskatchewan district, and if the Chippewas can only be withheld from the war, the powerful band of Yanktonnais will be promptly scourged back into their fastnesses around Devil's Lake and Turtle Mountain.

THE MISSOURI DAKOTAHS.

I now proceed to some details of the Dakotahs *beyond* the Missouri river.

They are Titonwans. "Village of the prairie," and, although here classified as the seventh band of the nation, they constitute one half of the aggregate number. Their hunting grounds extend west of the Missouri to the dividing ridge between the Little Missouri and Powder rivers, and thence south on a line near the 106th meridian. Lieut. Warren enumerates seven principal bands of these "Tetons" (the reader of Cooper's novel of the "Prairie" will recollect how accurately this designation is given to the roving Sioux of the plains), but I omit their designations. They number 14,720, or about 3,000 warriors.

The "Black Hills" is the geographical centre of the buffalo ranges which these people occupy. Some description of this interesting locality is added.

THE "BLACK HILLS" OF DAKOTAH TERRITORY.

About 500 miles west of Saint Paul—120 miles west of Fort Pierre on the Missouri river—one degree south of the latitude of Saint Paul and Fort Pierre, i. e. in latitude 44°—is a mountainous district, as large as the State of Connecticut, which is now familiar to American geographers as the "Black Hills." They are so called, because their sides, uplifted 3,000 to 5,000 feet above the surrounding plains, are covered with the dark foliage of pine forests. In the gulches and ravines of this district, gold and other valuable minerals have been discovered—fertile valleys are frequent—springs and rivulets abound, while game is abundant. It is an Indian paradise, and within its fastnesses the Teton rests in winter, and thence sallies in summer for the chase of the buffalo, deer and antelope. This locality has already attracted much attention as the most eastern outlier of the great auriferous chain of the Rocky Mountains—a half-way house from the settlements of Southern Minnesota and Northern Iowa to the gold fields of Salmon river on the same latitude in Washington Territory. The writer, during the last winter, was in correspondence with Judge Philemon Bliss, B. M. Smith Esq., and others, of the settlements on the Missouri river, upon the subject of an overland movement of emigrants to the Salmon River mines by way of the Black Hills, under military escort, but the project was postponed at the instance of Colonel Aldrich, Representative from Minnesota, who satisfied the Secretary of War that it was more prudent to grant the protection of Government to a party moving from Fort Abercrombie to Fort Benton. Such an arrangement was finally effected.

These Black Hills are the fortress of the Dakotahs of the Plains. In 1857 they violently turned back the party of Lieut. Warren from his exploration of them. If the whole Dakotah nation takes up arms against the United States, the vicinity here described will be the seat of a Dakotah campaign, of which Forts Randall and Pierre will be the most convenient base of operations. I proceed to an inquiry into the disposition of these Western Indians, that the reader may judge of the probabilities of such a campaign, in addition to that in which Minnesota is engaged.

HOSTILE DISPOSITION OF THE MISSOURI DAKOTAHS.

On this subject, I will give the language of Lieut. G. K. Warren. (*Senate Documents* 1858-9, vol. 2, p. 668.) He says:

"Of all the aborigines, the Dakotahs are probably the ones that have undergone the least material diminution of their numbers since their discovery by the whites. They are still numerous, independent, warlike and powerful. * * * In single combat on horseback they have no superiors, a skill acquired by constant practice with their bows and arrows and lances, with which they succeed in killing their game at full speed. The rapidity with which they shoot their arrows, and the accuracy of their aim, rivals that of a practiced hand with the revolver. (p. 664). * *

"We are in the habit of looking on the power of the United States as invincible, but it is far from being so regarded by the savages on our frontier. Many of them have never seen or felt it. There the Indians far outnumber the whites, and if our sympathies must go with the weak they should be with the settlers, who are only able, after all, to maintain their ground by the aid of the army.

"One of the chiefs of the Dakotahs told me that they had a grand council in the summer of 1857, on the North Fork of the Shayenne [this is the Shayenne which falls into the Missouri from the west near Fort Pierre, having its sources in the Black Hills] and that their hearts felt strong at seeing how numerous they were: that if they went to war again they would not yield so easy as they did before [in 1855, when chastised by Gen. Harney for the massacre of Lieut. Grattan, near Fort Laramie.] At that council they solemnly pledged to each other not to permit farther encroachments from the whites, and he fully believed they were able to whip all the white men in the world. In truth, they are not without reason in thinking so. They have never seen the whites, except in small parties, stealing through their country, unable to resist them or protect themselves from insolence; or they find them shut up in little trading posts, where for days they dare not, at times, open the gates or show their heads above the inclosure, and where, whenever a band of young warriors wish to have a frolic, they go and shoot their dogs, chickens, cattle, &c., break the windows, and commit any other outrage their fancy may suggest, as a diversion. They have seen the Indian Agent (their father, as he is called), the direct representative of the President of the United States, insulted and abused with impunity by their own race, and sometimes in dread of losing his life, and they, many them, entertain no respect for the power of our Government. Numbers of them have never seen a soldier of the United States army, and scarce credit their existence.

"There are so many inevitable causes at work to produce a war with the Dakotahs before many years [written in 1858], that I regard it as the greatest fruit of the explorations I have conducted to be the knowledge of the proper routes by which to invade and conquer them. The Black Hills is the great point in their territory at which to strike all the Teton Dakotahs, except the Brules and Okandandas. [These bands are on or near the Platte—quite south of the Black Hills—the Brules being the Tetons against whom Gen. Harney waged war.] Here they can assemble their largest force, and here I believe they would make a stand. In the event of another outbreak, a post should be established at the mouth of the Shayenne, on the north side [the Shayenne of the Missouri, observe], from which to operate simultaneously with troops from Fort Laramie. From both of these points wagon trains could move with ease, and supplies could without difficulty be sent thus to the troops in the field. These operations would undoubtedly bring on a battle, where the superiority of the weapons of civilized warfare would secure a victory to us. They will not, I think, permit the occupation of the vicinity of these hills without offering a determined resistance. Driven from these they must go north, towards the Missouri, where a still better field to operate against them will be found."

GEN. HARNEY'S CAMPAIGN.

Reference having been made above to the military expedition of 1855, against the Brules, a Platte river band of the Teton Dakotahs, I ask the reader's indulgence for the following extract from Gen. W. S. Harney's dispatch, written from camp on Blue Water Creek, September 5, 1855, being a succinct narrative of a decisive battle, fought in a manner worthy of notice at this time. General Harney says (Executive Documents, 1855—'56, volume 1, part 2, page 49):

"I ordered Lieut. Col. P. St. Geo. Cooke, 2d dragoons, with companies "E" and "K" of the same regiment, light company "G," 4th artillery, and company "E," 10th infantry, all mounted, to move at 3 o'clock A. M., on the 3d instant, and secure a position which would cut off the retreat of the Indians to the Sand Buttes, the reputed stronghold of the Brules. This movement was executed in a most faultless and successful manner—not having apparently attracted the notice or excited the suspicion of the enemy up to the very moment of the encounter.

"At 4 1-2 o'clock A. M. I left my camp with companies "A," "E," "H," "I," and "K," 6th infantry, under the immediate command of Major A. Cady, of that regiment, and proceeded toward the principal village of the Brules, with a view to attacking it openly in concert with the surprise contemplated through the cavalry. But before reaching it the lodges were struck, and their occupants commenced a rapid retreat up the valley of the Blue Water, precisely in the direction from whence I expected the mounted troops. They halted short of these, however, and a parley ensued between their chief and myself, in which I stated the causes of the dissatisfaction which the government felt towards the Brules, and closed the interview by telling him that his people had depredated upon and insulted our citizens whilst moving quietly through our country; that they had massacred our troops under most aggravated circumstances, and that now the day of retribution had come: that I did not wish to harm him, personally, as he professed to be a friend of the whites; but that he must either deliver up the young men, whom he acknowledged he could not control, or they must suffer the consequences of their past misconduct, and take the chances of a battle. Not being able, of course, however willing he might have been, to deliver up all the butchers of our people, "*Little Thunder*" returned to his band to warn them of my decision, and to prepare them for the contest that must follow.

"Immediately after his disappearance from my view I ordered the infantry to advance, the leading company (Captain Todd's) as skirmishers, supported by company "H," 6th infantry, (under Lieut. McCleary,) the remaining companies of the 6th being held in hand for ulterior movements. The skirmishers, under Captain Todd, opened their fire, crowned the bluffs on the right bank of the stream (where the Indians had taken up their last position) in a very spirited and gallant manner, driving the savages therefrom into the snare laid for them by the cavalry, which last troops burst upon them so suddenly and so unexpectedly as to cause them to cross, instead of ascending, the valley of the Blue Water, and seek an escape by the only avenue now open to them, through the bluffs of the left bank of that stream. But, although they availed themselves of this outlet for escape from complete capture, they did not do so without serious molestation, for the infantry not only took them in flank with their long range rifles, but the cavalry made a most spirited charge upon their opposite or left flank and rear, pursuing them for five or six miles over a very rugged country, killing a large number of them, and completely dispersing the whole party. This brilliant charge of cavalry was supported, as far as practicable, by the whole body of the infantry, who were eager from the first for a fray with the butchers of their comrades of Lieut. Grattan's party.

"The results of this affair were, 86 killed, 5 wounded, about 70 women and children captured, 50 mules and ponies taken, besides an indefinite number killed and disabled. The amount of provisions and camp equipage must have comprised nearly all the enemy possessed; for teams have been constantly engaged in bringing into camp everything of any value to the troops, and much has been destroyed on the ground.

"The casualties of the command amount to four killed, 4 severely wounded, 3 slightly wounded, and one missing, supposed to be killed or captured by the enemy."

RECAPITULATION.

In the event of a general war with the Dakotah nation, the Minnesota columns probably have to deal with 2,000 warriors—800 of the Minnesota bands, or "Isanties," and 1,200 of the Yanctonnais. If the Chippewas should join the fray, the number of savage enemies would reach 3,000.

The contagion spreading to the Yanktons and the Tetons, the settlements of whites upon the Missouri are more seriously threatened—the total of Dakotah warriors in their vicinity and near the Black Hills reaching 3,500. There is a strong garrison and ample supplies at Fort Randall, in all probability—the settlers are mostly young and able-bodied men—there is a well-drilled and equipped company of volunteer cavalry in the territory; while reinforcements from Iowa and Missouri could be dispatched by steamers.

A few days will determine how far the anticipations of a war with all the Dakotahs are unsupported by events. If the clouds should break away—the outbreak on the Minnesota not reaching and sweeping into its vortex the bands of the Missouri Dakotahs—our gwa barderers will inflict the requisite chastisement upon the assassins; while, on the other hand, if a general rising of the Dakotah nation from Red River to the Black Hills is impending, Minnesota, Iowa north of the latitude of Dubuque, and the whole of Dakotah Territory cannot be too speedily organized as a Military Department, and unlimited command passed into the stern and resolute hands of General W. S. Harney.

J. W. TAYLOR.

DEVOTED TO FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$2,488,138 19,

PHŒNIX,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
DEVOTED TO FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.
ASSETS OF THE
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$527,250 96.

CITY FIRE,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$325,000.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN.
ESTABLISHED IN SAINT PAUL, 1862, AT THE OFFICE OF
O. CURTIS,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,
a1-1y Corner of Third and Minnesota-sts.

H. J. BRAINARD & CO.'S
MILLS,
SITUATED ON PHALON'S CREEK, WHERE THE STILLWATER ROAD CROSSES.

This Mill is just completed, and is in good running order. Our machinery embraces all the latest improvements, and was got up in the East, without regard to expense. It has two run of Burrs, which will be kept running night and day, so that farmers coming from a distance can be accommodated without much delay.

The need of a first class Mill of this kind has long been felt by the citizens of St. Paul and vicinity. We have secured the services of James Craigie, who has made milling the business of his life, and in whom we can place entire confidence.

All kinds of grain will be weighed when brought to the Mill, and also when taken away, if desired. We feel confident in saying to the public that we can make as good Flour and as great a yield to the bushel as any Mill in Minnesota, and respectfully solicit a fair trial.

Also a new Mill for grinding corn in the ear.

☞ All work done at this Mill is warranted.

se20d&w6tw

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE
FOR $750.

A charming residence in Willis' Addition, built by the owner for his own use, with every comfort and convenience—well of pure water, stable and out-buildings, and a yard with shrubbery and gravel walks.

The house is not a mere shell or balloon, but built to resist the cold of our winters and the heat of our summers, and is located in an airy and cheerful neighborhood.

St. Paul, June 28, 1862.

HENRY McKENTY,
a28 d&w6m Dealer in Real Estate.

FURNITURE.

JOHN PRIMROSE
Manufacturer and Dealer in
CABINET AND CHAIR
FURNITURE,
OF EVERY VARIETY.

Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of
PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
DINING-ROOM.
FURNITURE,
OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.

Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned material and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.

As a nimble sixpence is always better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.

☞ REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridg, St. Paul Minn. jan24d1y

FRESH SUGARS.

Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.

a20-tf COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

New Advertisements.

CALL AT
D. D. MERRILL'S
For the Best Styles of
PHOTOGRAPH
ALBUMS.
"*CARTES DE VISITE*"—And views to suit all.

U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of
NEW BOOKS.
America Before Europe—*DeGasparin.*
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town,
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book,
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and
Edwin Brotheroft. a1oft

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.

St. Paul, August 18, 1862.

J. H. BYERS,
a19-1w S. L. POLLOCK.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,
PLATED WARE,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.
LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE,
PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED.
TABLE CUTLERY.

Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.

ROBERT STREET, St. Paul, Minn.
sep22-d&w

A. L. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE ON THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND CEDAR STREETS,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Being a discharged soldier has learned the manner of obtaining arrears of pay, bounty and pensions due soldiers, or their representatives, and will pay particular attention to that business.

a26-2w

FLORENCE SEWING
MACHINE AGENCY,

One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.

The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.

They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, etc., together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.

Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.

Prices No. 1, $47.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00, No. 5, $77.00, No. 6, $82.00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $90.00, No. 8 Cabinet cased, $95.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.

On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."

jy15-dtf G. W. BABCOCK.

REMOVAL.

HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,

Have removed to

Nos. 45 and 47 Lake St.,

Where they are prepared to show CASH BUYERS of

SADDLERY HARDWARE
AND
Carriage Trimmings

The largest and best assorted stock to be found in the NORTHWEST, embracing

SPRINGS AND AXLES, HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, &c., &c.,

CARRIAGE BODIES AND SEATS, ENAMELED CLOTH, PATENT LEATHER,

Also a large assortment of

Horse Collars and Blankets, Whips and Lashes, Skirting, Bridle, Collar and

HARNESS LEATHER,

All of which will be offered at

Prices that will not be Undersold.

Agents for

MOWRY'S SPRINGS AND AXLES, CROCKET'S VARNISHES.

Dole's Hub Boxing Machine and Hollow Augers.

P. HAYDEN, New York. W. V. KAY, Chicago. P. WILSON, Cincinnati, O.

a23-3md

FURS. FURS. FURS.
C. J. KOVITZ,
MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND EVERY STYLE,
THIRD ST., Concert Hall Block, SAINT PAUL.
jan17-d1y

EYE & EAR.
DR. UNDERWOOD

Of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose name and fame is so extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in performing formidable operations, and in removing difficult and dangerous diseases from those delicate organs, has arrived in St. Paul and may be consulted in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK for a short time only.

Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the old school, has had an extensive experience in both hospital and private practice of twenty-eight years, and will be found competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other mild and gentle means to remove any disease from those delicate organs within the reach of science and human skill.

a28-tu7 OFFICE IN INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.

CHRONIC DISEASES.

Dr. UNDERWOOD, who is so celebrated for his science, skill and success in treating diseases of long standing, and who has had an experience in an extensive practice for thirty years, has arrived in St. Paul, and may be consulted at his rooms in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK, for a short time only.

CHRONIC DISEASES, of every grade and character, whether requiring medical or surgical treatment, POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY CURED, when not clearly beyond the reach of science and human skill.

Dr. Underwood treats all diseases on regular and scientific principles as recognized by the medical profession both in Europe and America, and hence does not use or deal in those pretended new and never failing remedies—specifics, inhaling vapors, and clairvoyant prescriptions—which are so ostentatiously paraded before the public by those impudent traveling quacks and money-fleecing empirics, nine-tenths of whom never were inside of a medical college. Patients afflicted or laboring under diseases of long standing, can consult Dr. U. with the most confident hope and expectation of being perfectly cured, or receiving with unerring certainty all the relief that the highest skill, the most judicious and scientific treatment can possibly bestow.

a28-tnov7

Legal Notices.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—DISTRICT COURT, SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, ss.

Ira S. Town, Pltf—against Abagail Williams, Deft.

In the name of the State of Minnesota:

To Abagail Williams, the above named Defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court above named, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in St. Paul, in said Ramsey County, within twenty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Twenty-five Hundred and Forty-three Dollars and Twenty-two cents, and interest thereon from and since the 3d day of August, 1859, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, St. Paul, May 26th, 1862.

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
jy25-6w fri Plaintiff's Attorneys.

STATE OF MINNESOTA — DISTRICT COURT — RAMSEY COUNTY — SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

David Lowitz vs. the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company.

The State of Minnesota:

To the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court, in his office, in Saint Paul, and a copy whereof is herewith served upon you; and to serve a copy of your answer upon us at our office in Saint Paul, of said county and State, within twenty days after the service of the summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will have his damages assessed by a jury or the amount he is entitled to recover, ascertained by the court, or under its direction, and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained and his costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Dated at Saint Paul, Ramsey County.

BRISBIN & WARNER,
fri as-6w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SAILING DAYS OF THE
LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMER
WATER WITCH,
CAPT. B. SWEENEY,

LEAVES CLEVELAND AT 5 P. M. — LEAVES DETROIT AT 10 A. M.

Wednesday,	May 7	Thursday,	May 8
Tuesday,	May 20	Wednesday,	May 21
Monday,	June 2	Tuesday,	June 3
Friday,	June 13	Saturday,	June 14
Wednesday,	June 25	Thursday,	June 26
Tuesday,	July 8	Wednesday,	July 9
Monday,	July 21	Tuesday,	July 22
Friday,	Aug. 1	Saturday,	Aug. 2
Wednesday,	Aug. 13	Thursday,	Aug. 14
Tuesday,	Aug. 26	Wednesday,	Aug. 27
Monday,	Sept. 8	Tuesday,	Sept. 9
Friday,	Sept. 19	Saturday,	Sept. 20
Wednesday,	Oct. 1	Thursday,	Oct. 2

S. P. BRADY & CO.
CAPT. E. B. WARD, Detroit, owner of boat.
je25-d1m

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S
PATENT COPPER SCROLL
LIGHTNING ROD.

This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever

OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.

They are recommended by over
FIVE HUNDRED
OF THE
MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC MEN OF THE AGE.

AGENTS

WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY
e11-w3m&d6aw6m

JOHN A. STEES,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Furniture and Cabinet Ware,
Of every variety of style and pattern.
CORNER 3D AND MINNESOTA STS., SAINT PAUL.
All kinds of lumber taken in trade.
jan5d&w1y

JOSEPH LEWIS
Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio, and Vermont. Collections made—Taxes paid for non residents. House rented.
Office Third Street, Irvine's Block.
Reference, HON. ALEX. RAMSEY. jy10-d1y

TOBACCO,
Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Third Street, next door to Comb's Book Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c., is just receiving his fall and winter stock, and is prepared to fill orders to any extent, for
FINE IMPORTED CIGARS,
Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city.
SWEET BRIAR ROOT PIPES,
a large assortment. These pipes are all the go now.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Third street, next door to Comb's Book Store.
St. Paul, Nov. 17. nov17d1y.

MAGNETIC
Tack Hammers.

If you don't want to mash your fingers, buy one for 25 cents, at E. & H. Y. BELL'S.

Coffee is high. Buy a patent Coffee Strainer; it clears the coffee, and saves one third. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Patent Lifters. Will lift everything hot off the stove, without burning your fingers. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Agents wanted to canvass the State for the above articles. A smart man can make big wages. For particulars, address, enclosing stamps,

E. & H. Y. BELL,
Sole Agents for Minnesota.
St. Paul, July 11th, 1862. jy11-d1f.

C. W. WOOLEY & CO.,
LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,
FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
DEALERS IN GROCERIES
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.
AND
AGENTS FOR THE
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLEY & CO., ST. PAUL, For ——

Jan1-d1y

JOHN G. MACGREGOR,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.
Bernheimer's Block, Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. jy21-d1y

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will furnish ICE to
CITY CUSTOMERS AND BOATS
As usual during the season of 1862.
CHAS. SYMONDS.
apr29-d4m

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
(Successors to Horn & Galusha and Sanborn & Lund)
SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA,

Practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Courts of the United States, at Law, in Chancery and in Admiralty.

Collections carefully and promptly attended to
mh29-1y

Agricultural.

1862. 1862. 1862

Agricultural Warehouse
OF
S. P. & P. F. Hodges,
NEAR LOWER LEVEE, ST. PAUL
CORNER THIRD AND SIBLEY STS.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

PITT'S AGRICULTURAL WORKS, BUFFALO NEW YORK.

PITT'S THRESHING MACHINES & HORSE POWERS, FOR FOUR, SIX, EIGHT OR TEN HORSES. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES EIGHT TO TWELVE HORSE POWER.

MASSILLON AGRICULTUL WORKS, MASSILLON, OHIO.

McCORMACK'S REAPERS AND MOWERS.

JOHN H. MANNY'S " " "

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S GRAIN DRILLS

F. H. MANNY'S EXCELSIOR GRAIN FAN.

SCHUTTLER'S CHICAGO WAGONS.

JOHN A. WOODWARD'S IMPROVED SMUT MACHINE AND SEPARATOR COMBINED MOLINE PLOWS, CULTIVATORS AND HARROWS.

CORN SHELLERS, HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS.

AND DEALERS IN HARVESTING TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Merchants and dealers throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times.

Descriptive pamphlets and other information can be had upon application to

S. P. & P. F. HODGES,
my28-d3m&w6m Saint Paul, Minn.

ALFRED D. DAVISON. ALONZO P. CONNELLY

SAINT PAUL CLIPPER
PLOW FACTORY.

The undersigned having formed a partnership for the manufacture and sale of PLOWS, are now prepared to furnish farmers and dealers with

THE BEST PLOWS

Ever offered in the State, and at prices to suit the times. We will always have on hand a large stock of Cast Steel and Common Steel Cross Plows, Corn Plows, Breaking and Grub Plows, of all sizes and of the best material.

Having had the material selected for our especial trade, and the Plows being manufactured under the supervision of

ALONZO LEAMING.
(FORMERLY OF ST. ANTHONY.)

WE WARRANT THEM

To be of light draught, clean in any soil, and give good satisfaction generally.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING.

Farmers! save your old plows and we will work them over much to your advantage and satisfaction by leaving them at our Factory, on Robert street, between 4th and 5th, St. Paul, sign of the Plow. DAVISON & CONNELLY.
jan22-d&w1y

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,
193 & 195 South Water-St.,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,
Importers, manufacturers and dealers in
IRON AND STEEL,
NORWAY NAIL RODS,
HORSE SHOES,
Horse Nails,
NUTS, WASHERS, RIVETS, BOLTS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
WAGON AND CARRIAGE WOOD MATERIALS,
HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, BENT STOCK, ETC,
MANUFACTURERS OF IMPROVED
THIMBLE SKEINS AND BOXES,
BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS.
☞ Send for Price List.
a22-1y

FARMERS NOTICE.

We have on hand a large stock of
Harvesting Tools,
SUCH AS
GRAIN CRADLES, FORKS, RAKES, SCYTHES, &c., &c.,
Also made to order, a large lot of
ST. PAUL CLIPPER PLOWS,
All of which we are selling very low for Cash.
IRON, NAILS, STEELE, HARDWARE, PITTSBURG COAL, GRIND STONES, AXLES, SPRINGS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
Always kept on hand and sold at lowest rates Wholesale and Retail, at our Warehouse, Third Street, St. Paul.
jy25d1f J. B. BRADEN.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND
AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of
IRON AND BRASS
CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,
at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.

GILMAN & SEAGER.
ST. PAUL, July 5th, 1862. dly

LEMONS
AND
ORANGES
JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE BY
UPHAM & HOLMES.
apr23

Post Office. St. Paul. Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS.

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.
On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily—except Sunday, at 4½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Sunrise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Falls—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 1 P. M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departing.

The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.

Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United States postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.

CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,

FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,

JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under way; and proclaims that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. feedly.

CLIFTON HOUSE,

MANKATO, - - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. Is

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜

M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.

Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,

LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,

G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up more particularly as a home for Invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House.

Board by day or week at moderate rates.

je14-d6m

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,

CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS, Saint Paul, Minnesota,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Hall, Head and Firkin Butter, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of

RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffee, Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.

nov22-dly

G. E. SCHNABEL,

IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN, AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

Nice Leaf Lard and Sugar Cured Hams.

Any quantity of butter and eggs.

He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.

Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.

Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. je1-3m

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,

GRAIN SEPARATORS,

And all kinds of

MILL MACHINERY.

☞ Send for a circular by mail.

PALMER & PLAMONDON,

Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1925.) CHICAGO, ILL.

W. M. LEYDE, Ag't, St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Arms' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27 dly

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT

Will give instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $8.00 each.

On Monday, June 2d, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.

Terms, from $3.00 to $7.00.

Best of references given.

Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park. my17-d1f

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2. P. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina, Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO., Proprietors.

nov24-dly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line,

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-dly

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East,

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&wly

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar6 A. L. LARZENTEUR.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S

Express Freight Line.

VIA

GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL AND CONNECTING ROADS,

TO AND FROM

EAST AND WEST,

CONTROLLED AND OPERATED By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway, New York, E. P. REACH, Agent. | 21 State street, Boston, O. KIMBALL, Agent.

JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.

C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton

A. WALLINGFORD, Chicago and Western Agent.

ap29

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL AND EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:45 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction, and Kenosha R. R. & R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 8:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all the morning Lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and

FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER ON LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M. and 9:00 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot. JOHN T. MOODY, Master Transportation.

Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-dtf

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1834.

JOHN T. NOYE,

FLOUR PACKER,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Mill Machinery

AND

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Fitted with Cast Steel or Boiler Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.

IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS,

OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.

John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.

CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.

ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED

ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH.

MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.

JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,

28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.

JOHN WEBSTER, Milwright.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS' CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,

For sale in bbls. or sacks by

E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House; S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market Sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson Sts.; J. B. Slichter, corner of 7th and Jackson Sts.

Warranted the best

XX FAMILY FLOUR

offered in this market. Orders from Hotels Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery.

mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.

my24-d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Jansen, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber. BARNARD & BRO.

St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-d3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS, AGENT, St. Paul.

my24-d1y

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Salaratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6½ cents.

jy6-d2m GEO. L. FARWELL,

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!

PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,

EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,

EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS;

EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES

BLUE, GREEN AND PINK BERRAGE LEXIFINA.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN GREAT VARIETY.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.

ALSO

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR;

BROAD CLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.

ALSO

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

AND

EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,

BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE

COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can purchase their Goods of us, and

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

WILL BE

SOLD FOR CASH,

AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

The public are invited to visit

OUR NEW STORE.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

apr30-d1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHING, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing cuplus in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassimeres, sathuet, cord, moleskin, black farmer's satin, red farmer's satin, for sleeve lining alpaca, silicia, bro. Holland and good black thread; all of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in any establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and

EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.

Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.

W. H. TEMPLE, Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store. my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER

Millinery Goods for 1862

At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.

MISS E. WASS

Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK. my22-d3m

LADIES,

THERE IS QUITE A START IN

Millinery Goods!

In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore: some sixty dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases RICH RIBBON, and lots of other fixings. Our stock in

DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,

Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.

☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third Street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

Choice Dress Goods

AT

SMITH & TAYLOR'S.

SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.

BEAUTIFUL MOZANBIQUES VERY CHEAP.

ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN

FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an

ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.

All of the above named articles, besides a

LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,

Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

SMITH & TAYLOR'S

Cheap Cash Store, Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER, SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.

Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.

CHARLES SCHEFFER, je22 State Treasurer.

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S

CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND

SELLING VERY LOW,

1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

OIL—THE VERY BEST.

1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF

CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Table & Pocket Cutlery.

The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at

VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Silver Plated

AND

BRITANNIA WARE,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET.

je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!

500 barrels No. 1, standard best quality

Carbon Oil,

Just received, and for sale to dealers,

D. T. WATSON,

a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

LADIES' GAITERS

AND

Children's Fine Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

WM. J. SMITH & CO.

JOHN THORWARTH,

Boot and Shoe

MANUFACTURER,

THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON, ST. PAUL, Minnesota,

Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.

STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,

The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. This makes the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and its neater.

REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.

JOHN THORWARTH. St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-d1y

8TH REGIMENT MINNESOTA IRISH VOLUNTEERS.

Sarsfield Guards.

$120 Bounty!

$20 cash down when sworn in!

$40 cash when the Company is mustered in!

$10 cash to each of the first five married men enlisting in this company.

The family of each married man will receive $5 per month from the city, $5 per month from the County, and whatever may be offered by the citizen's Committee; and the first five married men enlisting in this Company will receive in addition to all of this, $2.50 per month for their families.

Recruiting office No 2 Rogers' Block, 3d st., St. Paul. JOHN GRACE.

M. H. SULLIVAN.

a14-tf THOMAS HOWARD.

HILL & LINDLEY,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.

OFFICES.—Mendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony.

a7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.

I have removed my office over

McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.

Corner of Third and Cedar streets.

I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. I extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.

I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.

I publish these prices to correct the impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. strictly.

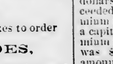
jy1-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,

Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minneapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.

Office and residence on Bridge Street, (west-side,) near the Suspension Bridge. jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE.



FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY, Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed. Call and see specimens at the office of DR. SIMONTON, oct24-dly Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,

LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.

Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also

☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.

my17 M. N. KELLOGG.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

Fire and Life Insurance Co.

CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $6,000,000.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,

Without sixty days' notice.

Life Insurance

Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors & Stockholders, New York,	*References in New York City.*
James Brown, Esq.,	Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Francis Cottenet, Esq.,	Alex. T. Stewart & Co.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,	Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,	B. L. & A. Stewart,
Alex. Hamilton, jr. Esq.,	C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co.
E. M. Archibald, Esq., And others.	D. Appleton & Co.

THOMPSON BROTHERS, sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,

General Insurance Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE,

MARINE INSURANCE,

LIFE INSURANCE.

POLICIES

Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE, Jan15d1y Third street, St. Paul, Min.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS..... 138,000

DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the insurance Department of the State of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent. per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The nett profits in two years amounts to $129,000, which shows an unparalleled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to its dealers.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. DURAND, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
DR. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.
mar12-d1y

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES, Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the state of New York, engaged in the transaction of business; of these companies, fourteen only received premiums during the last year, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium receipts of this Company, the HOME, with a capital of $1,000,000, were $829,903.33. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $831,578.56 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,900,000.

The state of things should be improved; the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies. In the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all these companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME, the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of over seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, if managed on the progressive scale demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John McGee, Secretary, those well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars, and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our state, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last summed up to $1,521,295.98, against an actual liability of only $55,080.43; and, moreover, it is worth nothing that the assets are all of the very first class. The balance in bank in cash was $124,134.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company; bonds and mortgages $910,219.53, secured on real estate worth $1,715,900, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible into cash any day, $320,636. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In full the HOME wrote $106,715,148, taking $829,903 premium, and paid losses $333,775, including some losses for the year 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $160,644 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.

BORUP & OAKES, je25-d3m Agents, St. Paul.

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular. Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms. je1-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.

One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's

PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE,

M. DORNIDEN, nov22-d1y Jackson st., bet. 6th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT, BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTSBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND SOUTH,

VIA DUNLEITH AND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P M
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M
Rockfort, via G & C U R R	11 30 "	11 45 "
Belvidere " "	11 45 "	12 45 A. M
Chicago " "	3 30 P. M.	5 45 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	4 20 P. M.	6 15 A. M
Mendota	1 00 "	12 55 "
Burlington, via C B & Q R R	7 35 "	7 05 "
Quincy, " "	11 15 "	9 30 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & R I R R		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 24 "	4 24 "
Decatur	6 20 "	6 20 "
Springfield, via G W R R	3 20 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terra Haute via T H & A R R	2 10 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 10 "	6 30 "
St. Louis " "	7 50 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked to all important points.

Passengers for St. Louis and intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.

For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul.

S. B. FORBES, Ticket Agent.
A. PRATT, Advertising Agent.
J. S. TILDESLEY, Gen'l West'n Agt.
W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
W. S. ARTHUR, General Sup't.

my21

1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL

PACKET COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the McCLELLAN and NORTHERN BELLE.—The first will be the Lightning Line, making the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN HOURS, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train, by which our passengers will make close connection and reach Milwaukee in time for cars, or boats on the Lake in TWENTY HOURS FROM ST. PAUL, and reach Chicago next morning, by Minnesota Junction or Milwaukee, in just TWENTY-FOUR HOURS FROM LEAVING ST. PAUL, and in time for close connection East! This will be by twelve hours the quickest time between these three cities ever made! Nothing but passengers, the mails, express matter, and express goods will be carried on these boats, which will be furnished

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., August 28th, 1862.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. FORTY-TWO.]

It having been found impossible in the present disorganized condition of a large portion of the State in consequence of the outbreak of Indian hostilities, to complete the preparations for the draft of the militia, ordered by the Secretary of War, within the time designated by him, and in order to give time for the restoration of quiet in the disturbed districts, and to remedy the defects incident to the hasty preparations made necessary by the previous orders of the War Department: It is hereby ordered

1. That the time when the draft shall commence is postponed to the 3rd day of October.

2. It shall be the duty of the several county Auditors on or before the 20th day of September, to forward by mail or special messenger to this Department an abstract of the militia rolls of their several counties, showing in separate columns: first, the whole number returned by the enrolling officer in each township or city; second, the number of each township or city stricken from the rolls by the Commissioner in pursuance of General Orders No. 25 and 36; third, the number found liable to do military duty in each township or city (by subtracting the number stricken from the roll by the Commissioners from the whole number returned by the enrolling officer;) fourth, the number of volunteers from each township or city previous to July 2nd, 1862—and fifth, the number that have volunteered since July 2nd; and the above abstract shall be attested by the Auditor and Commissioner.

3. At the same time they shall forward a list of all volunteers from the county since the commencement of the war, showing their names, the township or city in which they severally had a legal residence when they enlisted, and as far as practicable the name of the Regiment and Company in which they were mustered in.

4. The quotas of the counties will be fixed by the Commander-in-Chief as soon as the above returns are received upon the basis of the numbers liable to military duty, and the county shall be credited upon its quota with the number of volunteers it shall have furnished since July 2nd, and the draft shall only be made for the number remaining due on its quota, if any.

5. As soon as the County Auditor shall receive notice from this Department of the quota of his county, he shall immediately, in pursuance of General Order No. 39 (which see), apportion to the several townships and cities thereof the numbers to be drafted from each by the following method:

Add the number of volunteers furnished by the county previous to July 2d, 1862, to its quota under the two last calls to be fixed by this Department. Multiply the number thus found by the number liable to do military duty in the township or city, divide this product by the number liable to military duty in the county; from the quotient subtract the number furnished by said township or city since the commencement of the war. The result thus found will be the number to be drafted in said township or city.

6. As soon as the apportionment among the townships and cities shall have been made as provided in Sec. 5, the County Auditor shall furnish the drafting Commissioner with a statement showing the number of men to be drafted from each township, and the said Commissioner shall commence the draft on the 3rd day of October, and continue from day to day thereafter, within the hours and in the manner prescribed in General Order No. 25.

7. In any county within which there is an incorporated city or town, subdivided into wards, the Drafting Commissioner, Enrolling Agent, and County Auditor, shall form a board, and they shall determine whether the quota of said city or town shall be apportioned to the said city or town at large—or to its several wards—in which latter case it shall be subject to the same regulations as townships.

8. It is also ordered, that any township or city from which a certain number of drafted men shall be due, which before the third day of October shall furnish an equivalent number of volunteers to serve for nine months, shall be exempt from a draft, it being understood however that the said volunteers shall be considered as substitutes for drafted men, and be subject to the same regulations as the latter.

9. The Commander-in-Chief deems it necessary to repeat the instructions contained in General Order No. 39:

All citizens of this State except those enumerated as exempt in section 5, of General Order No. 25, are liable to draft and should not be stricken from the rolls.

As by the constitution of this State all persons of mixed white and Indian blood who have adopted the customs and habits of civilization, and all persons of foreign birth who have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States, are invested with the rights of citizens of this State, all persons embraced in either of these classes constitute a part of the State Militia, and are liable to draft.

So also, all persons over eighteen and under twenty-one being the children of persons duly naturalized are citizens by the laws of the United States and are subject to enrollment and draft.

10. In determining all questions of exemption the Commissioner will exercise sound discretion, and see to it that the draft is not evaded by a colorable pretext. All postmasters and their clerks or deputies actually and necessarily engaged in the post office are by law exempt.

In determining applications for exemption upon these grounds however the Commissioner will carefully distinguish between those employees usually and *bonafide* employed and such appointments, if any, as may have been made with a view to screen the employee from the draft, and if satisfied that any appointment has been made for this purpose it will be his duty to refuse the application for exemption.

11. In determining questions of residence the intention of the party if it can be ascertained from the facts and circumstances surrounding the case, will govern. A party having a fixed place of abode in one county or State coming into another for some temporary purpose but with no intention of acquiring a residence will not be subject to draft in the latter. Every citizen is to be enrolled in the county and town of his actual residence, as above defined.

12. In determining the number to be drafted from each county or township, every volunteer will be credited to the county or township or city of his actual residence if it can be ascertained, although such volunteer may have enlisted in a different county, town or city.

13. The officers appointed in the several counties pursuant to General Order No. 25, will continue to exercise the duties of their respective offices, under this order, and shall perfect and complete their enrolment and volunteer lists up to the time prescribed in this order for the return of the abstract thereof to this office, and the Commissioner may, in his discretion, hear and determine claims for exemption at any time before the return shall have been made to this office by the Auditor.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General.

a29-1t

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Representations having been made in this city and elsewhere that passengers by this route, and through Canada were liable to detention at Detroit. I am authorized to say that all Government passes good over any line to points beyond Canada, as New York, &c., are not questioned at Detroit, holders being allowed to proceed without delay.

Passes for all persons liable to military duty are furnished in this city by

C. P. BRADLEY, ESQ.,
Superintendent Police Department, also by
J. R. Jones, Esq., U. S. Marshal,

Persons residing out of the city, and unknown to either of the gentlemen named, will require the endorsement of responsible and well-known parties here or elsewhere before being able to obtain passes over any line.

No passes required for persons exempt from military duty.

H. E. SARGENT,
General Agent.

Chicago, Aug. 26.

NUTS.—50 BARRELS, INCLUDING Hard and Soft Shell Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, &c. COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

SONNET.

From the London American.

BY MRS. E. F. ELLET.

The following beautiful sonnet recognizes an event in the sad experience of Her Majesty, which we believe has not before been alluded to by the poet's pen. It is a tribute of respect for England's Queen from an American authoress.

[In the Royal Chapel, in Windsor Castle, Queen Victoria has covered with wreaths, woven by her own hand, the entrance to the vault where lie the remains of her husband.]

Palace of Sovereigns in the sunset glow
How stern and proud uprise thy ancient towers;
And gorgeous still as centuries ago
Thy bannered halls of state and royal bowers.
One spot more full of awe thy walls enclose
Than throne, or gilded dais, or the scored dome,
Or the lone marble crypt where kings repose,
Or splendors of a living monarch's home!
The door that shuts from human power and pride
Forever, one whom love even yet may claim;
Where funeral wreaths, a Queen's fond hands have tied,
Mock, while out-triumphing—all mortal fame.
How poor the trophies of transcendant art
By Heaven's own wealth—the tribute of a loving heart!

LONDON, August, 1862.

Richmond Whig on the N. Y. Herald.

The Richmond *Whig* of a late date has the following upon the N. Y. *Herald*. It says:

"Perhaps some notice should be taken of Wallace, of the New York *Herald*. Wallace is a Virginian. Poor devil, he sold himself, body and soul, to Bennett, years ago and must do his master's bidding. But, unprincipled Swiss as he is, Wallace's heart has all along been with the South. His editorials show this. In his worst diatribes against the rebels, there must be detected an under-current of sarcasm, a devilish jeering at the North, and and dropping of innendoes and suggestions well calculated to unsettle public opinion. His panegyrics upon Lincoln are rich in irony. His assaults upon the abolitionists are evidently sincere. He knows they brought on the war, and he has seen from the beginning how this war will end.

He is steadily working up the fiendish spirit of the mob against the authors of the war. Alas! what a day there will be when the infuriated mob is turned loose upon the Greeleys, the Bryants, the Raymonds, the Summers, Wades and Wilson. Bennett approves these machinations of Wallace, for Bennett always keeps an eye to the windward. He knows that the day of retribution will surely come, and is preparing for it. At least one newspaper office in New York will not be leveled. It is Wallace, we think, who writes those Baltimore letters, in which such appalling statistic's of the rebel armies are given. Would to God we had the force in the field that Wallace gives us: not many months would elapse before we would give him a chance to hang out his Confederate flag. Wallace has done the best he could for us, and we pass him by."

From St. Louis.

Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.

ST. LOUIS, August 23.

The guerillas are again threatening South-east Missouri. They have been quiet for some weeks. The State militia have been reinforced at several points.

The paroled prisoners at Benton Barracks created considerable excitement day before yesterday by refusing to go on guard duty, construing the same as a violation of their parole, although General Halleck had expressly decided against them. The provost guard, with loaded muskets came out and arrested the refractory men. They promised to do guard duty hereafter and yesterday were released. The Third Minnesota were the principal parties to this affair. They ought to be sent home to put down the Indian war in Minnesota.

The banks and insurance companies have subscribed nearly $100,000 for the soldiers's families, though a majority of them are controlled by secessionists. The State Bank, though stuffy a secession institution, gave $5,000.

Yesterday Lieut. Wm. Vallaen, of the 31st Missouri, while returning to Potosi on foot, was attacked by two batternuts. He received one wound in the arm, but killed one of the assailants and the other fled. The horse and saddlebags of the man who was killed were brought to this city to-day.

Gov. Gamble's war speech has quieted all talk about a military governorship at present.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the Adjutant General's or Quarter-Master General's Department of the State of Minnesota, will immediately present the same for adjustment and settlement.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant-General.

☞ Pioneer and Democrat copy. a26-1w

TWENTY ACRE TRACT.

Twenty acres desirable land, half an hour's drive of the Steamboat Landing in St. Paul.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.

St. Paul, June 28, 1862. je28-d&w6m

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF STATE,
SAINT PAUL, Aug. 4, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 6th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD. Said wood to be paid for in State warrants, and delivered at State Capital, as required.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,
State Treasurer.

a29-td

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF RAMSEY COUNTY BONDS AND SCRIP.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, July 21st, 1862.

Resolved, That the County Scrip and all over due Bonds of this County, (except Fort Street Bonds,) may be exchanged for Bonds running fifteen years, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. premium, payable semi-annually in Cash; and the Board shall levy annually an amount sufficient to meet such interest.

Resolved further, That all Bond holders who are willing to receive such new Bonds may, if they desire so to do apply one tenth of the over due Bonds so to be exchanged upon County Taxes prior to 1860.

T. M. METCALF,
County Auditor.

jy25 d3w

GOT 'EM.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK,

for September.

DAVENPORT'S GOT 'EM.

CHICAGO PAPERS,

NEW YORK PAPERS,

GOT 'EM.

LEDGER FOR THIS WEEK.

GOT 'EM.

In fact DAVENPORT'S got everything, except a few things he hain't got.

CALL AND SEE.

a16-y

C. E. WOOLSEY & CO.,
(SUCCESSOR TO L. D. WILSON,)
Commission Merchants,
NO. 211 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.
CASH ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS.
mar1-d&w1y

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, a vacancy exists in the office of State Senator for the Third Senatorial District by reason of the formal resignation of Hon. Sylvanus B. Lowry, who was elected at the last general election to represent said district in the Senate of said State;

Therefore, Proclamation is hereby made that agreeably to the provisions of an act entitled "an act to regulate elections in this State, and to reduce the several acts relating to the same to one act," approved March 12, 1861, the said vacancy so occurring will be filled by the qualified voters of the counties of Stearns, Todd, Cass, Wadena, Otter Tail, Andy Johnson, Clay, Douglas, Becker, Polk, Pembina, Morrison, Crow Wing, Aiken, Itaska, Buchanan, Carlton, St. Louis and Lake, the same constituting the Third Senatorial District aforesaid, at a special election to be held therein on Saturday, the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be conducted and the returns made in the manner prescribed by the law regulating general elections in this State.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in the city of Saint [L. S.] Paul, this twenty-fifth day of August, A. D. 1862.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

☞ Papers in the District please copy.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., August 22d, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 28th day of August, 1862, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, for the manufacture and making up of two thousand six hundred and eighty-one uniform coats, and the same number of pairs of trowsers.

The contract for the manufacture of the above amount of clothing will be let entire, or in lots of not less than one hundred coats or one hundred pairs of trowsers, the whole amount to be finished and delivered within four weeks after receiving the cloth.

The contract whether let entire, or in lots as above specified, will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders; this department reserving the right to reject all unreasonable or irresponsible bids.

All bids must be accompanied by the names of the sureties who will be offered for the performance of the contract, and must state the number of coats or trowsers that the bidders will complete and deliver weekly. All work must be of the best quality, having reference chiefly to durability and strength.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General and
a23-5t Acting Quarter-Master.

The time during which the proposals above invited will be received is hereby extended until the 2d day of September next at noon of that day.

OSCAR MALMROS, Adj. Gen'l and
a28-4t Acting Quarter-Master.

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, it has been represented to me that a vacancy exists in the office of Representative in the State Legislature, in the Eleventh Representative District consisting of the county of Winona, by reason of the removal from the State of E. B. Weld, Esq., who was elected to said office at the last general election.

Now, therefore, proclamation is hereby mad that such vacancy will be filled by the electors of said county of Winona, at a special election to be held in said county on the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be held and conducted and the returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as general elections are held and conducted, and the returns thereof made and canvassed.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in Saint Paul, this [L. S.] twenty-sixth day of August, A. D. 1862.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

☞ Winona County papers please copy.

BUSINESS LOCALS

24 HOURS TIME SAVED.—By taking the morning boat out of St. Paul, passengers going East arrive at the point of destination 24 hours in advance of those taking the afternoon boat of the same day. Purchase tickets of

C. L. WOOD, Ticket Agent,
a19-tf LaCrosse and Milwaukee R. R.

NOW READY.—The Rules of Practice adopted in general session of the Judges of this State and published by the PRESS PRINTING COMPANY, are now ready for delivery—price fifteen cents per copy, or $1.50 per dozen. These rules go into effect on the first of September, and will have all the authority and force of law. Every lawyer in the State must have a copy. Remittances may be made in bank notes or postage stamps.

LAND FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—1,080 acres in Mower County, well adapted for sheep and stock, low for cash, or for good unencumbered property in St. Paul, or a farm in its vicinity. Address box 1892, St. Paul Post Office. nov3

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.—The St. Paul City Mills, at the Upper Levee, is one of the best MERCHANT MILLS in the State. The proprietor keeps constantly on hand a CHOICE article of FAMILY FLOUR, made from the best Winter and Club Wheat. Also, Meal, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, &c. For sale low at wholesale and retail

a10-tf C. H. H. BAKER.

OUR HOUSE, THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE ARMORY HALL, H. F. E. VITT, PROPRIETOR.—This old established house is in full operation, and is prepared to furnish meals at all hours of the day or night. The bar is supplied with the very best liquors. The larder is always full. Oysters at 25 and 30 cents per dozen. Hot Coffee, Steaks, &c., &c. Give me a call.

feb26-d1y H. F. E. VITT.

NOTICE.—No one is authorized to make bills or otherwise contract debts for the PRESS office except the secretary, Mr. Bradley.

AT WHITNEY'S GALLERY. — PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—The largest, most elegant and CHEAPEST assortment ever brought to St. Paul. a3-tf

CARBON OIL.—Just received, on consignment, and for sale to dealers, FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS best No. 1 Carbon Oil. D. T. WATSON,
a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

LAND WARRANTS, Half Breed and Revolutionary Scrip—all sizes—prices.

jy28 THOMPSON BROS.

Miscellaneous.

D. NEWELL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
☞ Office over Dana's Bank, Third Street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul Minnesota.
my25-d1y

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS
Can get pleasant rooms, with new furniture, and excellent table, by addressing Box 1250, St. Paul Post Office. The house is about one mile from the Winslow House, on the Bluff in Upper Town, and has extensive grounds, shade trees, &c.
jy25-d1f

JOHN A. STEES,
UNDERTAKER,
CORNER THIRD & MINNESOTA STREETS,
ST. PAUL, MIN.
Sole agent for Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.
jan5d&w1y

FOR RENT,
THE RESIDENCE OF GEN. DANA,
With or without the
FURNITURE.
Enquire of
jy29-tf H. F. MASTERSON,

THE CITY.

THE City Patrol Guard for the Third Ward, are notified to meet at Empire Hall, to-night. By order of the Captain.

THE election in the Fourth Ward for Alderman was not held yesterday, for the reason that the proper notices and list of voters have not been posted up. Somebody has neglected their duty.

PETER BERKEY, Esq., has been appointed Commissioner on the part of the State to see to the condition of the refugees fleeing from the frontier, and to give such counsel and aid as they require.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The State Teachers' Association closed its session yesterday afternoon, and adjourned to meet next year in Hastings. The proceedings of the Association are promised us for insertion to-morrow.

"MARSHALL GUARDS."—All enlisted men are hereby required to report at "Armory Hall," St. Paul, at 8 o'clock, Monday morning, September 1st, to go into quarters.

By order of Lieutenant Commanding.

THE small vacant houses and shanties in the city are being filled with refugee families from the frontier. We saw three wagons, loaded with women and children from the neighborhood of Forest City coming into town yesterday. They were directed by the Mayor and Ald. Berkey to an unoccupied house in West St. Paul.

THE junior members of the Ramsey County Bar, students at law, and other friends of Philip A. Roche, Esq., deceased, are solicited to meet at the Court House to-day, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THE members of the Fire Department are hereby notified to meet at the House of Hope Engine Company this afternoon at one o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of Philip A. Roche.

H. F. MASTERSON, Pres't.
J. H. MATHEWS, Sec'y.

THE members of Hope Engine Co. No 1, are requested to meet at their Engine House at 1 P. M., in citizens dress, to attend the funeral of our deceased member, Phillip A. Roche, Esq.

By order of the foreman,
ROBERT A. KEMP, Sec'y pro. tem.

CAPT. SAMPELS, of St. Croix Falls, now in the 1st Wisconsin Regiment, has been sent home for the purpose of pacifying the Chippewas in Wisconsin. He is connected with that tribe by marriage, and has great influence with them. The Governor of Wisconsin has sent arms and ammunition to Hudson, St. Croix Falls, and other towns, for the purpose of defence in case of an uprising.

THE St. Cloud Company, 95 men strong, under command of Captain Asa Libby, Jr., started from St. Cloud on Friday at noon, and arrived at Fort Snelling on Sunday morning. They are a fine stalwart body of men, and the surgeon says no better have gone into service from this State. They have been recruited in the counties of Stearns, Benton, Morrison and more northern counties, and are a credit to their section of the State. They have been ordered to accompany Com. Dole to the Chippewa country. Success to them. J. M. McKelvey is First Lieutenant, and G. V. Mayhew, Second Lieutenant.

THE undersigned committee take the liberty to call upon the citizens of St. Paul for old clothing, bedding, blankets, household goods, provisions, etc., to be distributed among the families who have been driven from their homes in consequence of the Indians hostilities. All such articles will be thankfully received at the office of Messrs. F. & G. Willins, on Third street, and will help to alleviate the suffering of our unfortunate fellow men.

FETER BERKEY, CHARLES SCHEFFER
A. WOLFF, D. TROYER,
F. WILLINS.

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The travel on this road is increasing from day to day—the daily number of passengers now averaging over one hundred. The freight business is curtailed for the want of teams to haul grain to the mills at Minneapolis and St. Anthony, and to haul flour from the Mills to the cars. Otherwise 500 barrels of flour would pass over the road daily.

Charles A. F. Morris, Esq., has been appointed chief engineer and superintendent of this road, in place of Wm. Crooks, Esq., who has been commissioned as Colonel of the Sixth Regiment.

Miscellaneous.

WM. ILLINGWORTH,
Watch Manufacturer.
—AND—
TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!
SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.
JACKSON-ST.. - - - ST. PAUL.

Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line

A LITTLE SUPERIOR

to any other establishment in the Northwest.

☞ N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.

☞ Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. mr1y

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.
E. J. WAY,
Agent for the North Star Mills, has just received a choice article of FLOUR, manufactured from new club Wheat, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.
Robert Street, between Fourth and Fifth. a27-1w

Miscellaneous.

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5.30 A. M.	5.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A.M.
9.00 "	9.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A.M.
2.00 P. M.	2.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

WILLIAM CROOKS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.

Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 50 cents.
jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

CARPETS.
CASH TRADES
ARE
ALWAYS BARGAINS,
CALL AT
JOSEPH BUGBEE'S
New Carpet Store,
Facing the River,
THIRD STREET,..... ST. PAUL.
a12-3m

BUGGIES.
We have just received and have now on hand a few
Eastern Made Buggies
AND LIGHT BUSINESS WAGONS,
and expect to receive in the next few weeks
A GOOD ASSORTMENT,
Which we will sell for cash, at extreme low figures and warrant them made of
GOOD MATERIALS.
a12-1m J. & C. M. DALLEY.

NOTICE.
OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC R. R. Co.,
SAINT PAUL, August 13th, 1862.

On and after August 15th, the train leaving Saint Paul, at 11.15 A. M., will leave at 2 o'clock P. M., arrive at St. Anthony at 2.25 P. M., and the train leaving Saint Anthony at 2.30 P. M. will leave at 3 o'clock P. M., arriving at Saint Paul at 3.30 P. M.

WILLIAM CROOKS,
a11-2t Superintendent.

MILITARY GOODS.
CAMPBELL,
Has just received a fresh lot of fine goods. The only place in this city where a complete outfit can be found. Officers' uniforms made on short notice.
No. 2 Bernheimer's Block, 3d-st.,
a12-2w St. Paul.

ST. PAUL CHAIR FACTORY
GALLEY & JANSON,
Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail dealers in
CHAIRS!
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WABASHAW STREET, BET. 5TH & 6TH, ST. PAUL.

☞ We are prepared to supply the trade with the very best quality of work, made under our personal supervision, and
WARRANTED SUPERIOR
To any manufactured in the State.

Twelve years' experience in this trade, enables us to do good work in good style.

We refer to the following principal Cabinet dealers of St. Paul, who sell our work in preference to that of other manufacturers, for the reason that they consider ours the best.

J. Primrose, F. Hildebrand, J. Doney, J. A. Stees, J. S. Dennison,
fe5d3t-d&ewly.

REMOVAL.
JOHN GETZ
Has removed his stock of
TOYS, FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONARIES,
TO
ROGERS' BLOCK,
Third Street, opposite the Express Office,
Where he will continue to sell all goods in his line cheaper than ever.

Thanking his friends and patrons for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. a12-2w

AUCTION NOTICE.
We will sell all goods consigned to us, to be sold at auction, for five per cent. commission.

All sums over one hundred dollars three per cent.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Second hand furniture bought and the highest price paid. R. & J. M. WARNER,
je19-d3m Cor. Third & Wabashaw sts.

K. SPENCER,
Dentist, 23 Years,
MINNEAPOLIS, - - - - - MINNESOTA

As far as I know, my terms for practice will be the usual fees of Dentists of this State.

I insert ARTIFICIAL PIVOT TEETH, which are healthier, cheaper, more beautiful and durable than teeth set on plate.

PIVOT TEETH DO NOT PREVENT THE TASTING OF FOOD.—PLATE TEETH DO.

I so stop decayed places in the crowns of Teeth, (elegantly,) as to last the life of the patient.

☞ Consultations without charge.
a21-6m

WILLIAM D. STOREY
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
REFERENCES:
Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,.....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moore,.....Boston
je16doa4lm&wly

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE,
CHICAGO, ILL.
The twentieth annual session will commence October 1st, 1862, and continue sixteen weeks.
FACULTY:
Dan'l Brainard, M. D.....Surgery.
J. Y. Z. Blaney, M. D.....Chemistry.
J. W. Freer, M. D.....Institutes.
J. Adams Allen, M. D.....Practice.
R. L. Rea, M. D.....Anatomy.
De Laskie Miller, M. D.....Obstetrics.
Ephraim Ingals, M. D. Ther. and Mat. Med.
Edwin Powell, M. D.....Demonstrator.
FEES—$40. Dissecting and Mat. Tickets each $5.. Board $2.50 to $3 per week.
For further information or circular, address
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Near the residence of Gov. Ramsey, on the banks of the Mississippi, in a locality at once central and retired.

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Dealer in Real Estate.
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FAIRBANK'S
STANDARD
SCALES
OF ALL KINDS.
Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.
FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.
For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.
☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine je14-dw1y

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,
Branch of COOLEY & TOWER (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.,) St. Louis,
(ESTABLISHED 1843,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS
FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,
JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.
Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of
LIQUORS AND SEGARS
Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers. August 3, 1862.

DRY GOODS
AT COST.
HOGAN & CAMP
Offer their entire stock of
Summer Dress Goods,
SUMMER SHAWLS,
CLOAKS, PARASOLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS,
AND ALL
SUMMER GOODS
AT COST.
a6-y

WALTER W. WEBB.
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign Wines & Liquors,
OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.
AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported.

W. W. WEBB.

Also, London Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whisky.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,
BUILDERS.
Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter Work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT,
Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for Buildings of every description, prepared on short notice. feb18-1y

FIRST CLASS BOARD.
Pleasant rooms, with board, in a delightful locality, lower town, within a few minutes walk of the International Hotel, can be obtained by addressing P. O. Box No. 1570, or applying at Miss C. A. Gillis, corner Eight and College Streets, next to the residence of John S. Prince, Esq.
je25 d3m

CHANGE OF TIME.
On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the
Prairie du Chien and Dunleith
LINE OF BOATS
Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The Steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 8 o'clock; the Key City will leave the same evening, at 7 o'clock.

This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent
Prairie du Chien Railway.
S. B. FORBES, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.
jy21-d1f

CATAWBA BRANDY.
The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for the sale of
AYON'S PURE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY,
For the State of Minnesota, calls the attention of Physicians and the public to its medicinal qualities.

WALTER W. WEBB.
St. P ul, July 25 1862 jy26-d3m

J. F. BLODGET,
AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,
Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.

Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12-d1f

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,
SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.
LEATHE BELTING.
KESSLER & RIEHL,
TANNERS AND CURRIERS,
Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of
LEATHER and FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,
LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.
All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.
☞ Cash paid for Hides and Furs. ☜
fan18-d1y

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET,
'POMEROY,
CAPTAIN E. BELL,
MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.
Leaves St. Paul at 7 A. M., 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets.
a19-d1f

REYNOLDS & McCARGA
STORAGE, FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
OFFER FOR SALE
ONE THOUSAND CORDS HARD WOOD,
TWO THOUSAND BUSHELS OATS.
The highest market price paid in cash for Pork, Wheat, Corn, Barley, Rye and other produce.
CASH advanced on consignments.
Office in the Irvine Warehouse, Upper Levee Saint Paul. je19-d1y

FOR KNAUFT,
(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)
HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF
Groceries & Provisions,
A complete assortment of
QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.
All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.
NEW PLATFORM SCALES,
Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr19-feb28: 1y.

To Destroy——Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy——Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy——Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy——Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy——Mosquitoes and Fleas.
To Destroy——Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy——Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy——Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,
THE
'ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,'
Destroys Instantly
EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF
VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need be so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina (O.) Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster (Wis.) Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes, bottles and flasks, $3 and $5 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞ SOLD EVERYWHERE.—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Shieffelin Brothers & Co.; B. A. Fahnestock, Hull & Co.; A. B. & D. Sands & Co.; Wheeler & Hart; James S. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Hall, Rucker & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orvis; Harral, Risley & Kitchen; Bush, Gale & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; McKisson & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lazelle, Marsh & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ills.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,
☞ Sold by **DAY & JENKS.**

☞ Country Dealers can order as above, or address orders direct—(or if price, terms, &c., is desired, send for (1862) Circular, giving reduced prices) to HENRY R. COSTAR,
Principal Depot—No. 342 Broadway—(Opposite the St. Nickolas Hotel,) New York. a21-d&w3m

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IMPROVED
MELODEONS!
WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.
87 Fulton street.....New York.
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Henry Tollman & Co.....Boston, Mass
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Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
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Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST P

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME II. SAINT PAUL, SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1862. NUMBER 128.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, SATURDAY, AUGUST 29.

For Representatives to Congress.

First District,

William Windom,

of Winona County.

Second District,

Ignatius Donnelly,

of Dakota County.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE CALLED.

Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, it has been represented to me by petitions from different parts of the State, numerously signed, that the disturbed condition of our western frontier,—hundreds of men, women and children having been already slaughtered by the Sioux Indians, and entire counties depopulated by the panic thus created;—with the necessity under which the State now labors to furnish thousands of her militia to the service of the General Government, and, at the same time, to provide promptly for the defense of a line of frontier, several hundred miles in length, against a ruthless and merciless enemy;—together with the fact, that, under our existing laws, the volunteer force already furnished, and now required from the State, and constituting nearly one-third of its entire adult, male population, are deprived of their voice in the conduct of public affairs at this most critical period, constitute such a contingency as demands the immediate assembling of the Legislature of the State.

Now, therefore, I, ALEXANDER RAMSEY, Governor of the State of Minnesota, do issue this, my proclamation, requiring that the members of both Houses of the Legislature of the State shall on the NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 10 o'clock A. M., convene in extra session, at the Capitol, in the city of St. Paul, to take such action, as may be deemed necessary, for the welfare of the State and the protection of its people.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of St. Paul, this twenty-third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

[L. S.]

ALEXANDER RAMSEY.

By the Governor,

JAMES H. BAKER,

Secretary of State.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

We give a large space to news of the Indian war. Fort Ridgley is relieved, and the 7th regiment has been sent to join Colonel Sibley.

The telegraph reports a series of disasters attending the army of Virginia. Pope's means of communication have been cut off, and the enemy, in possession of Leesburg, Fairfax Court House and Vienna, threaten to enter Maryland by Walker's Ford. It is thought that the relative condition of the opposing armies may soon be reversed, the enemy having attempted more than he can successfully execute. The next twenty-four hours may decide the question.

McClellan commands the army of Virginia.

EXTRA SESSIONS.

Governor Sprague, of Rhode Island, has called a special session of the Rhode Island Legislature, to meet at Providence on Tuesday nexts to take into consideration the difficulties in which the system of bounties has involved recruiting in that State, and to provide a remedy.

Governor Kirkwood has called an extra session of the Legislature of Iowa, to meet on the 3d day of September, believing there are questions vitally affecting the public welfare that demand the immediate attention of the General Assembly.

EDITORS KILLED.

We mentioned the other day that Mr. Edwards, of the LeSueur paper, was killed at the battle of New Ulm, with the Indians.

We regret to learn that G. W. Otto Barth, editor of the New Ulm *Pioneer*, the German paper at that place, is of the number of slain on that occasion.

JEFF. DAVIS' LAST MESSAGE.

We publish a portion of Davis' last message to the rebel Congress, as a part of the history of the times. As a State paper it is of little significance, as it presents no new facts or any information revealing the resources or purposes of the Confederacy. The message breathes a spirit of bitter hostility and defiance, and evidently was written to secure European sympathy and recognition.

State Fair Postponed.

OFFICE STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, ST. PAUL, August 28, 1862.

I am instructed by the Managing Committee of the State and Ramsey County Agricultural Fair, to give notice that, in view of the intense excitement and distraction of the public mind resulting from the recent appalling events on our western frontier, and of the depletion of our population by the military levies for home and national defense, the Fair will not be held this year. A further reason for this decision is, that Hon. Horace Greeley, who had been engaged to deliver the annual address, has requested to be excused this year, in view of the present critical postion of affairs before Washington, on his promise to come and see us next year.

J. A. WHEELOCK,
Secretary State Agricultural Society.

FRONTIER PROTECTION.

Prompt and vigorous measures have been taken for the protection of our extensive frontier and the punishment of the savages.

Two regiments of infantry, the Minnesota Sixth and Seventh are now actually in the field.

Nine companies of the Sixth and seven of the Seventh are in the expedition under Col. Sibley.

One company of the Sixth and two of the Seventh have gone up the Mississippi, in the direction of Crow Wing, and the remaining company of the Seventh (Capt. Strout) has gone westerly, to the scene of the recent disturbances in Meeker county.

Alex. Moore, Esq., from Sauk Center, Stearns county, was in town yesterday to have troops sent up the Sauk valley. The Governor promptly ordered Captain Barrett and his company, from St. Cloud, to march there as soon as possible. The news was received by the boys at the Fort with great satisfaction, as many of them are from the Sauk country.

Capt. N. P. Colburn, Fillmore county, and Capt. C. F. Buck, of Winona, have been authorized to raise two compames of Frontier Rangers, to proceed forthwith to the southwestern counties of the State.

Capt. Davis, of Goodhue county, horse company, already raised, is ordered to cross the Minnesota at Carver, and proceed to Fort Abercrombie, via St. Cloud, scouring the country as he goes along.

Capt. Nelson, of Monticello, who has about thirty mounted men, will accompany Capt. Strout's company, of the 7th Regiment, through the country, to Forest City and beyond.

Capt. A. J. Edgerton, of Dodge county, has gone through to the seat of war on the Upper Minnesota, by way of the Winnebago Agency.

Capt. James Starkey is authorized to raise a force of mounted men for the protection of the settlements on the Upper St. Croix, and its tributaries.

George W. Few, of Little Canada, is authorized to form a company of mounted men, and will recruit for the same in the region of country lying between Little Canada and Sunrise City. The company to organize as soon as possible, and be held in readiness against hostile Indians attacking our settlers.

Joseph B. Jones, of Benton county, is authorized to recruit a company of cavalry or mounted infantry, and is clothed with power to impress horses and forage for the service. O. B. Day, John Sherwood and Jonathan Ferrin, are appointed appraisers.

S. S. Murdock, of Stillwater, is authorized to raise a company of mounted men in Washington county, and is clothed with power to impress horses, &c. S. S. Denton, Wm. A. Clay, and —— Whitcher, are the appraisers.

The officers and enlisted men in Capt. Cady's company, 9th regiment, are ordered to assemble at Anoka, on or before the first of September, for the protection of the people of that county.

Benjamin W. Morse, of the county of Stearns, is authorized to raise a company of mounted infantry, with power to impress horses, &c. Geo. Perkins, Alex. Morse, and Sylvester Ramsdell, are appraisers.

HENNEPIN HORSE COMPANY.—The officers elected by this company are Anson Northrup, Captain; S. P. Snyder, 1st Lieutenant; Edward Patch, 2d; Erastus Hays, 1st Sergeant; U. F. Cahill, 2d; J. H. Thompson, 3d; J. H. Jones, 4th; George Vail, 5th. We have received an account of their journey from Minneapolis to St. Peter, but it comes too late to be of interest to our readers. The boys fretted very much at the delays on their route. It seemed to them that "red tape" was bound to prevent their seeing any Indians.

NARROW ESCAPE.—A little son of Mr. Mudge, of Minneapolis, three and a half years old, fell into the bottom of a well thirty feet deep, and two feet of water, the other day. He went in feet foremost, and was not injured at all. The well was stoned up about two feet above water, upon which the little fellow had succeeded in climbing, where he staid till he was relieved.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, Min., Aug. 28th, 1862.

[SPECIAL ORDERS NO. FIFTY-SIX.]

The officers and enlisted men of the Ninth Regiment Minnesota Volunteers now absent on furlough or otherwise, will report themselves in person forthwith to Colonel B. F. Smith, commandant at Fort Snelling.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General.

a30-1t

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, August 29, 1862.

[SPECIAL ORDERS NO. FIFTY-EIGHT.]

The officers and enlisted men of the company of Capt. S. P. Cady, 9th Regiment Minnesota Volunteers are hereby ordered to rendezvous at Anoka, Minnesota, on or before the first day of September, 1862, and to report in person to Capt. Cady.

Capt. Cady will direct the movements of his company as in his judgment may seem best calculated and proceed at once with his company to protect the frontier settlements of Anoka and adjoining counties.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant-General.

a30-1t

Latest from the Indian War!

Fort Ridgley Reinforced.

A Detachment of 160 Mounted Men Reached the Fort Wednesday Morning.

NO INDIANS MET ON THE WAY.

The Country Clear of Indians this Side of the Fort.

They are Concentrating with their Plunder at Crow Village.

Dispatch from Colonel Sibley.

INTERSTING PARTICULARS.

&c., &c., &c.

Mr. Marshall of the PRESS arrived yesterday at 1 P. M. from Fort Ridgley, having accompanied a detachment from Col. Sibley's command of 160 mounted men that left St. Peter Tuesday evening, and marching all night reached the Fort at daylight Wednesday morning. They encountered no resistance on the way, and found the Fort all safe.

The gallant little garrison of the Fort had repulsed a most determined and formidable assault on Friday afternoon—which was the last attack the Indians made.

On Monday the Indians were seen, from the Fort, to pass up on the south side of the river on their way from New Ulm, doubtless, to their rendezvous at Little Crow's village near Redwood.—They were apparently about 400 strong, and had an immense train of plunder, consisting of horses, cattle, and loaded wagons.

It is quite certain that all the Indians have withdrawn from below the Fort and are at Little Crow's village, where they have collected their spoils and captives.

It is thought that they have a large number of captives—estimated by the people at the Fort to be two hundred in number—mostly women and children.

So far as known, no massacres have been committed since last Saturday.

It is believed that the Indians will not again venture below the Fort, and that the borders are now safe.

Col. Sibley will attack the Indian's at Crow Village, or wherever they can be found.

If the information that he gets, as to their numbers, justify him in advancing upon them with with the force he now has, he will move forward at once; otherwise wait for the reinforcements of the Seventh Regiment now on the way.

Mr. Marshall left the Fort at 4 o'clock Wednesday evening, and met Col. Sibley in camp fifteen miles this side the Fort.—He would reach the Fort Thursday afternoon.

There were about 300 refugees in the Fort.

DISPATCH FROM COL. SIBLEY.

HEADQUARTERS, LA FAYETTE, August 28, 1862.

Adjutant-General Malmros:

I dispatched 180 mounted volunteers to endeavor to gain Fort Ridgely, soon after the march of my column from St. Peter, on the 26th inst., and last evening, soon after I had encamped with my forces, I received a dispatch from the commanding officer of the detachment, Col. McPhail, stating that he had entered the fort without opposition, and found all safe, the Indians having previously retreated from their position there, as they have from their other haunts along the line, since they have learned from their scouts of the increase of our forces.

New Ulm was successfully defended against a ferocious attack of several hundred savages by Captain Charles E. Flandrau, with the inferior force under his command. I beg leave to commend to the special attention and consideration of the Commander-in-Chief, the distinguished conduct of Captain F. and his small force, in thus preventing the inevitable massacre of many hundreds of white settlers in that town.

Captain F. finally evacuated the town, taking with him the entire population, who have arrived safely at Mankato.

I regret to learn that Captain F's loss was considerable, amounting to ten killed and fifty wounded, but that of the savages was much greater, many being seen to fall who were carried off by their companions, while ten or twelve dead bodies were found by our men—that of a renegade half-breed, Geo. Provencalle, being of the number. * * *

Rush up supplies without delay, that field operations may commence at once. There is no time to lose.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. H. SIBLEY,
Colonel Commanding.

A NARRATIVE OF THE ESCAPE OF THE SIXTY-TWO FROM YELLOW MEDICINE.

Mr. A. J. Abell, who made his escape from the Mission with Messrs. Riggs' and Williamson's party, furnishes us the following account of the escape of the sixty-two, led by Other Day, which he collected mostly from Frederick Patwell:

The first rumors of it were heard Monday noon at the Agency, from an Indian who was boasting that he had already killed six, and informed Patwell that about sundown they would also all be killed. Another Indian who was asked about it in Sioux, would not answer, but made motions across his throat, intimating that they would all be killed that night.

All the afternoon the Indians kept rushing into a blackshith-shop to have their guns repaired, which the smith did, unconscious of what it was for. On being asked the reason of such a general overhauling of their arms, the Indians replied that half of them were about going on a buffalo hunt, and the rest were about starting on an expedition against the Chippewas.

At 7 in the evening they commenced showing themselves over the surrounding hills, in squads of six or seven, which consolidated themselves as they approached the houses and other buildings surrounding those in numbers from 50 to 75. Mozamnee, chief of the Farmer Indians, advised Patwell to get his family to the Department Warehouse, which he did in the greatest haste, taking with him a sick wife and child—on the way giving the alarm to all he saw. About 8 o'clock they had as many as sixty-two gathered together in the warehouse. The Indians were all the while increasing in numbers.

Soon there arrived fifteen or sixteen farmer Indians to guard them, as they said, whom they furnished with arms and ammunition, besides loading sixty guns for themselves. By this time the stores had all been deserted by the traders who had sought refuge in the neighboring woods, except Garvie—he not apprehending anything from them but pillage; had not yet fled. About 10 o'clock he had seven shots fired at him, two of which took effect; one in his wrist and one in his side. He ran up stairs after his gun, with which he jumped out of the second story window, crawled through a potatoe patch, and secured his entrance to the warehouse. Mr. Garvie did not think that there were over sixty engaged in the massacre at that time, although they were soon joined by numbers more. The squaws followed close up in their wake, pillaging and cooking the plunder. At this time their efficient guard of sixteen Indians deserted them.

At 5 o'clock next morning, Mr. Fadden and Other-Day went out prospecting, and reported that if they remained there much longer they would certainly all be massacred, and urged them immediately to flee, which they did with two buggies and three two-horse wagons; and, having crossed the Minnesota river, struck off through the prairies, five miles on their way. Other-Day saw from an adjoining knoll the Indians breaking into the warehouse; and they soon afterwards perceived the smoke and flames of the burning buildings.

The Indians would certainly have followed and overtaken them had they not been informed that the party were about taking the fort road, which they did not, and were probably put off the track—they walked that day sixty miles, and encamped for the night without any food for the men, and only a mouthful for the women. They left again next morning at 7 o'clock, and got into Cedar City about light in the evening. Here they found everything deserted and all the inhabitants collected on an island in Cedar Lake, with about a mile of water between them and the mainland. The party forded this with their teams: and here for the first time on the journey, had a good meal. Most of them for two or even three days, having been almost entirely without food.

Next morning (Thursday) they went on their journey to Hutchinson, having left Garvie, who was at the point of death, with a farmer. He expired the next day. Seven miles on, the party divided—part going to Glencoe and part to Henderson. Here they are said to have been in their greatest alarm. The whole country through which they passed, was completely panic-stricken. In Henderson, they heard of the depredations in the Norwegian Grove. From there to Belle Plaine, the roads were filled with fugitives from Henderson and around. The prairie seemed much greater about and below Henderson than above; and in my estimation much damage will have been done in sections the Indians have not attacked by the general stampede and neglect of crops which might very easily have been avoided with a little forethought and coolness. As we came through Shakopee, a woman galloped through the town on horseback, prodigiously scared, declaring she had seen the Indians, and, screaming to all she met to fly for their lives—fright transforming every black stump into an Indian.

INDIAN AFFAIRS TEN, FIFTEEN AND THIRTY MILES FROM ST. PAUL.

To the Editors of the Press:

For the past week, the citizens of Rose township, three miles from St. Paul, near Lake Como and beyond this point, have been excited by information which has been communicated to them by whole families of fugitives, who had left their farms and were fleeing from what they supposed to be the near approach of the tomahawk and the scalping knife of the Chippewas: that a large body of Indians were at and around Rice Lake and a few miles beyond, preparing to pounce upon the defenseless settlers without a moment's warning. The feeling of alarm spread like a contagion, and several families in this town were preparing to move into the city, when a party of gentlemen volunteered to act as scouts, and ascertain, if possible, if such a body of Indians really did exist, and where they were located. The company consisted of Samuel Field, Mr. Bowers and son, Theodore Ayd, and the writer, all armed, and four mounted on horses. We left Lake Como on Thursday morning, and made for Lake Johanna, where we found only one family, all the rest having moved to the city, and this family were preparing to leave.

Learning that the Indians were near Rice Lake, we struck across the country, inquiring of every one we met (which you may be assured were few) if any Indians had been seen in the neighborhood, and stopping at every house in a region of three miles about. In Mound View township, where there are twenty-seven families we found *only two*—all the rest having moved away—leaving their homes, furniture-stock, crops, and everything behind.

It is reported by Mr. Grant, that there were 325 Chippewa warriors seen near Typee Lake, in the vicinity of Sunrise: that most of them were mounted and well armed: that they were in the habit of alarming the settlers at midnight, and impudently demanding something to eat; that in several instances they had said to the whites that they did not wish to hurt them, but they would *advise them to leave*, and so satisfied was Mr. Grant of their intentions that he had moved all his family and his stock to St. Anthony. Farther along we found a vacant house, with the owner about it with his gun and dog, on the look-out for the lurking foe. He informed us that there had been a constant stream of teams loaded with women and children passing his home for several days, and, almost every family in the town had moved out of it. Still further along at the farm of Messrs. Mayall, of your city, we found an old gentleman and his wife, stacking hay. At the commencement of the panic they had moved into Saint Paul, but had been induced to return, leaving their children, however, behind them. They were very hospitable, and although apprehensive of danger, yet they returned to protect their stock, of which they had about 50 head, and other valuable property. Just previous to reaching this house, we were overtaken by Messrs. Jackman and Dennon, of St. Anthony, who had been sent out by the Sheriff of that county, to ascertain if there was any truth in the reports of families who were constantly coming into that city in a most excited condition. We traveled together, our mounted men keeping a sharp look out for the skulking devils, who were reported to be quite near, and soon were at Rice Lake. Here we found one family, and were told that there were about forty camps of Indians at a place called Wyoming, near Sunrise; that the women and children were not with them; that they neither fished nor hunted, but were creating considerable annoyance to the farmers by their insolence and constant demands for food. We were informed, also, that for twenty miles above nearly all the families had moved away, and that fears were entertained of an outbreak at any moment. Passing around the lake, we found nearly every house vacated, excepted, perhaps, a man or two who were there to guard it. An intelligent German, whose name I forget, and whose family had just gone to St. Paul, informed us that on Tuesday last he saw three Indians traveling across the marsh near his house, and that they were not friendly Indians, as they would neither speak nor enter any of the houses. He thinks they were spies, as their whole conduct was of a suspicious character. Another settler near by corroborated this story, and was satisfied that these Indians were on a mission of evil.

We came home, in the vicinity of Little Canada, fully impressed with these convictions:

1st. There are Chippewa Indians within 40 miles of St. Paul, who have hostile intentions.

2d. That a section of country covering 25 miles, has been almost deserted in consequence of this impression.

3d. That while there may be no *immediate* danger to either the settlers or the city, yet precautionary measures should at once be taken to kill any Indians who may attempt to commit any outrage upon the whites.

The citizens of this township held a meeting to-night to form a home guard, and it is very necessary that the citizens of St. Paul should co-operate with them. We do not propose to forsake our property, but we do propose to kill any hostile, skulking devil who comes across our path.

Respectfully, in behalf of the Company,

THOMAS M. NEWSON.

LAKE COMO, Rose Township, Aug. 29.

Jeff. Davis on the Investment of Richmond.

NEW YORK, August 23.—After alluding to the sufferings of the people, and the gallantry of the troops, Jeff. Davis, in his message, says:

"The vast army which threatened the capital of the Confederacy has been defeated and driven from the lines of investment, and the enemy, repeatedly foiled in his efforts for its capture, is now seeking to raise new armies on a scale such as modern history does not record, to effect that subjugation of the South so often proclaimed as on the eve of accomplishment."

Davis then charges the United States with rapine, wanton destruction of private property, murder of captives, &c., and speaks of the Confiscation Bill as atrocious. "While the nominal obligations of the Confederate Government are forged by citizens of the United States, and at least two Generals of the United States are engaged in exciting servile insurrection, another has been found of instincts so brutal as to invite the violence of his soldiery against the women of a captured city." He mentions General Butler subsequently.

Davis then says: "To inquiries made of the Commander-in-chief of the armies of the United States whether the atrocious conduct of some of their military commandants meet the sanction of that Government, an answer had been evaded on the pretext that the inquiry was insulting, and no method remains for the suppression of these enormities but such retributive justice as it may be found possible to execute. Retaliation in kind for many of them is impracticable, and I have had occasion to remark, in former messages, that, under no excess of provocation, could our noble-hearted defenders be driven to wreak vengeance on unarmed men, or on women and children. But stern and exemplary punishments can and must be meted out to the murderers and felons who, disgracing the profession of arms, seek to make of public war the occasion for the commission of the most monstrous crimes. Deeply as we regret the character of the contest into which we are about to be forced, we must accept it as an alternative which recent manifestations give us little hope that it can be avoided.

"The exasperation of failure has aroused the worst passions of our enemies, and a large portion of their people, even of their clergyman, is now engaged in urging an excited populace to the extreme of ferocity, and nothing remains but to vindicate our rights and to maintain our existence by employing against our foe every energy and every resource at our disposal."

Davis recommends further legislation to make the conscription universal; also, the issue of additional treasury notes; also, some legislation for controling military transportation.

He says the very large increase of forces recently called into the field by the President of the United States may render it necessary hereafter to extend the provisions of the conscript law so as to embrace persons between the ages of sixteen and fifty years. The vigor and efficiency of our present force and their condition, and the skill and ability which distinguish their leaders, inspire the belief that no further enrollment will be necessary, but a wise foresight requires that if a necessity should be suddenly developed during the recess of Congress, requiring increased forces for our defense, means should exist for calling such forces into the field without awaiting the reassembling of the legislative department of the Government.

The rest of the message is unimportant.

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.

WINSLOW'S LINE.

NEWS FROM NEW YORK.

Pickets at Manassas Surprised and Attacked.

Union Troops Taken Prisoners.

Colonel Scammon Retreating Towards Alexandria.

Heavy Loss of Trains, Provisions and Artillery.

WRECK OF BRITISH STEAMER

BATTLE AT BULL RUN.

Rebels Across the Rappahannock

Our Army in the Rear of the Enemy.

Rebels Checked by Hooker's Brigade.

GENERAL POPE'S POSITION.

Movement of Burnside and Porter

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.

The Alexandria correspondent of the *Tribune* states that on Tuesday night the pickets at Manassas junction were driven, and two companies of the 105th Pennsylvania Infantry, one company of Pennsylvania cavalry, and some artillery stationed there, were surprised and attacked by Gen. Wells' entire division, numbering from 7,000 to 10,000 infantry and cavalry. After a short skirmish the handful of men at the Junction fled, the rebels turning upon them nine of our guns, and keeping up brisk fire till the Union troops were taken prisoners, a few escaping across Bull Run, and at Union Mills, where two regiments of Cox's division, the 11th and 12th Ohio, under Col. Scammon, were stationed, and they immediately advanced to meet the approaching body of rebels. A conflict ensued in the cavalry, coming between the Junction and Bull Run, lasting three hours, when the Union troops being largely outnumbered and flanked on the right, retired across Bull Run bridge.

Here a vigorous attempt was made by Col Scammon to hold the bridge. At 11 o'clock two rebel regiments forded the run above the Bridge, when the 11th Ohio charged on them and drove them across the river with heavy loss.

In this skirmish, Capt D. W. Pawly was wounded slightly.

The regiment lost in killed, wounded and missing, from 35 to 40 men.

At 12 o'clock, Col Scammon was obliged to retreat, moving on the railroad in direction of Alexandria.

The rebels advanced across Bull Run, and yesterday afternoon their advance cavalry were at Fairfax and Burtt's station.

On taking possession of Manassas Junction, the rebels captured seven trains loaded with provisions, ammunition, etc. and ten locomotives, all of which they destroyed.

Of the 84 men of the 105th Pennsylvania, on the ground, nearly all were killed, wounded or taken prisoners, as only three are known to have escaped.

Our loss has been immense in Government stores, and large in killed, wounded and missing.

The telegraphic communication with Gen. Pope was yesterday via Fredericksburg—none whatever direct.

LATER.—A Captain just in from Centreville says that firing was heard early this morning beyond Manassas, and it is believed that Gen. Pope had attacked Gen. Ewell in the rear.

The Washington correspondence states that the first New Jersey brigade, Gen. Kearney, are reported to have engaged the enemy near Bull Run bridge, where a desperate struggle was maintained. The bridge is still said to be in our possession. The fighting also was carried on with portions of the division of Gen. Sturges, and nine pieces of artillery are said to have been captured by the rebels.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.

The British steamer Despatch from Nassau, 20th, arrived this morning. She had the wreck of the steamer Kavanak, but on the 24th, in a heavy gale, had to let her go and will probably put into Port Royal with despatches. She has a cargo of turpentine, which was probably sent here by secession sympathizers at Nassau. She has three cases of fever on board.

The Washington *Star* of last evening says there was an engagement on Wednesday evening between Scammon's brigade and a heavy force of rebels for the possession of the railroad bridge at Bull Run. The rebels held possession at nightfall, but it is believed that Scammon would dislodge them Thursday morning.

Hooker's division had an engagement Wednesday morning with a large force near Bristow's Station, lasting all day.—Hooker drove the rebels step by step back to the vicinity of Manasses.

Our loss in this division is about 30.

The same paper says the rebels succeeded in throwing most of their army across the Rappahannock, at the base of the Blue Ridge, massing them at White Plains, seven miles from Warrenton. It is evidently their aim to get between Pope's army and the fortifications around Washington; and, having done so, they would have a lively time of getting out of this position.

The movements of our vast army, now in the enemy's rear, lead to the belief that a very few days will see the end of rebels in arms in Virginia. Twenty-four hours, the *Star* says, will solve this problem.

Gen. Hooker's brigade is reported to have checked the advance of the rebels at Centreville and driven them back to Manassas.

Gen. Pope is beyond Manassas, cut off from Washington.

Generals Burnside's and Porter's corps had landed at Aequia Creek.

It is also said that Gen. Ewell had penetrated to the rear of Gen. Pope, and occupies the left bank of the Occoquan river.

A large force is marching to meet them, and determined on opening a way to Generals Pope and Burnside.

If the movement is successful, it will doubtless place the rebel army in a worse position than that which the main body of our troops is now in, as they can if necessary fall back to Fredericksburg and reach Washington by river. On the other hand, if Jackson is cut off, his army may be scattered and destroyed.

The movement of the rebels is a bold but a most hazardous one.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

McClellan in Command of the Army of Virginia.

Reports of Rebel Victories.

Fairfax Court House Captured.

Union Men Compelled to Leave.

Rebels 12 Miles from Washington.

PHILADELPHIA, August 29.

The Baltimore *American* has a letter from Alexandria, dated 3 P. M. yesterday. It says that our troops are being pushed forward rapidly from there.

Gen. McClellan had visited Washington, and accepted the command of the army of Virginia.

Fugitives from Manassas and Fairfax report that a conflagration was visible in the direction of the latter place, and it was supposed the government stores had been destroyed.

It also says the rebels have destroyed the bridge over Accotink Creek, which is five miles this side of Manassas.

It is also said that the rebels have captured two out of four New Jersey regiments at Centerville.

The Washington *National Republican* of to-day says Mr. Hawaxurst of Fairfax, and clerk of circuit court, says that he and all the Union men in Fairfax were compelled to leave there on Wednesday, the rebels having taken possession of the place yesterday. He returned to learn the fate of his family, but was met on the way by citizens from Vienna, who were escaping from that place, 700 rebel cavalry having made a descent upon it. But one Union man is left in Vienna, which is but 12 miles from Washington.

It is understood that there is a large rebel force at Leesburg, and the prevailing opinion is that they intend crossing into Maryland by way of Walker's Ford, the water not being more than knee deep there.

FROM WASHINGTON

Communication open with Pope.

Manassas clear of Rebels.

WASHINGTON, August 29.

As this goes to mail, I learn that telegraphic communication is again opened with Gen Pope. Manassas, therefore, must be clear of the rebels, and Gen. Stuart, if not taken, is probably wending his way through the Blue Ridge, to join the main body of his army.

Other correspondents of different papers give similar statements.

Nothing can be learned at the War Department.

FROM HARRISBURG.

Time Extended for Volunteers.

Pennsylvania Regiments to be Forwarded Forthwith.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 27.

Gov. Curtin confidently expects to make arrangements to allow each district a reasonable time to furnish its quota in volunteers obviating a draft entirely. As soon as the enrolment is completed the quota of each township, &c., will be ascertained, together with the credit list of each, is entitled to for men in the service. It is expected that the quota of each county and subdivision can be ascertained by the 5th of September.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 29.

Adjutant General Thomas, U. S. A., will proceed from here to Philadelphia this evening, to consolidate the Pennsylvania regiments and send them to Washington forthwith.

The Ironsides at Fortress Monroe

No Rebel display on James River.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 29.

The Ironsides which left Philadelphia on the 21st, arrived last night, and lies at anchor, to-day in the roads, abreast the Fortress. Her commanding appearance has attracted great attention, and every eye is bent upon her, with a query, What has she come here for?

There is no rebel display or movements discernable on the lines of James river.

Norfolk and Suffolk have been strongly reinforced by federal troops.

Brigadier Gen. Ellery, in command at Yorktown, sent out a reconnoisance yesterday, about ten miles beyond Gloucester. They learned of a squad of rebels in that vicinity, consisting of about 400 cavalry and some flying artillery, with four guns, but our reconnoitering force saw nothing of them yesterday, and encamped for the night, to proceed on their mission to-day. Our informant is Assistant Surgeon Rogers of the 6th cavalry who left the party last.

JUST RECEIVED.

New Military Books.

INFANTRY TACTICS,

Authorized by Government,

HARDEE'S 25c edition.

ARMY REGULATIONS.

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TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

Letter from Monticello.

MONTICELLO, August 23, 1862.

Editors of the Press:

I write amid the lowing of cattle, the barking of dogs and the cracking of fire-arms. Monticello is all excitement—general confusion is the order; the streets are full of men, women and children. The whole country between Silver Creek and Crow river, as far back as Forest City, an area forty by twenty miles, has been on the move since 6 o'clock yesterday evening. The people have arrived, and are quartered with the families and in the empty houses; about three hundred have taken up quarters in the Academy building.

The cause of this seems to have originated in the excited imagination of a poor frightened woman, who thought she saw savages skulking in the bushes near her house, and uttered these *now* fearful words, "The Indians are coming!" The public mind had been prepared by the recent outrages, and the excitement was most intense. It reached Monticello about 10 o'clock Friday night—loaded wagons arrived and sounded the alarm. The families were all aroused, and the women and children taken to the hotel; men ran in every direction for guns, pitchforks, &c.; wagons kept coming, but nobody could be found who had seen an Indian. Morning came—the excitement increased; it was said the houses in the Big Woods were on fire.

In company with Rev. D. Brooks and Mr. Bliss, we went to Lake Pulaski, the place where the Indians were supposed to have been seen. We found the road lined with wagons and ox carts, men, women and children on foot, wild with excitement. Two women, whose husbands were absent in the army, had hitched up a two year old colt in a little wagon, loaded in their children, and were making good time; a man unable to find his horse, put his wife in his buggy and undertook to bring her to town by hand.

At our approach, some of the women took us for Indians, and fled for the thick woods. One woman endeavored to reach the lake that she might drown herself and child in order to escape the scalping knife; children hid themselves in the thick brush; one woman and two children have not been found up to this time. We do not know of a family left between this place and Forest City, and teams are coming in from the prairie beyond.

Other murders have been committed near the place of the former, but no Indians have been seen this side.

The militia organized here last night, under Capt. Samuel Adams, and the people here are prepared for defense. But we need a company of well mounted men to follow the copper-colored devils, and exterminate them. The people are exasperated, and had they guns and ammunition would do their own work. The order of the Governor, if specifically executed, is just what we want; but they ought to repair to Forest City instead of St. Cloud. They are just starting out on a foraging expedition—some of the regulars have eaten nothing for twenty-four hours.

A. J. NELSON.

George W. Murphy's Vindication.

U. S. GENERAL HOSPITAL, COVINGTON, Ky., August 15th, 1862.

Editors St. Paul Press:

SIR—Having been informed that my name has been reported through the columns of your paper as a deserter from Co. A, Fouth Regiment, Minnesota Volunteers, I take this opportunity of enclosing a copy of a document, that will show why I am absent from said Company.

Very Respectfully,
GEORGE W. MURPHY,
Hospital Steward, U. S. Army.

ADJUTAANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 31st, 1862.

SIR—The Surgeon General having recommended you for the position of Hospital Steward in the U. S. Army, orders have this day been issued, discharging you from the volunteer service, and you are requested to present yourself to Capt. A. D. Nelson, 10th Infantry Officer, at St. Paul, Minn., who will enlist you for appointment.

After enlistment you will be ordered to report for duty to Assistant Surgeon J. Moore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
THOS. M. VINCENT,
Assistant Adjutant Gen'l.

To Mr. Geo. W. Murphy, Fort Snelling, Minn.:

[Under cover to Surgeon General.]

—Further remarks are unnecessary—only that I reported myself to Capt. Nelson—was sworn into the regular service, and am now on duty at this hospital.

Letter from Forest City.

FOREST CITY, Aug. 23, 1862, Saturday, 1 o'clock P. M.

Editors of the Press:

We have thirty *good* fighting men, and a fortification that we can hold against 500 Indians till reinforcements reach us. Many men have cowardly left us on a stampede, and I will soon give you their names

There are only sixteen Indians this side of the Minnesota, and they have literally cleaned out the whole country. So far as I know, only eight have been killed, besides one family, the number of which I have not learned. And one whole settlement are missing, and probably nearly all killed.

Hastily,
T. C. JEWETT.

The Indian War--A Few Suggestions.

Editors of the Press:

The recent outbreak among the Sioux Indians, and the terrible massacres among the whites, have startled the public mind, and created a spirit of retaliation on the part of our people never before known in the history of the State. When the news of the Spirit Lake murders five years ago was first brought to St. Paul, it was then thought by even staid citizens that it was the beginning of as terrible a warfare as is now devastating our frontier, and had not energetic measures been then inaugurated, quite as appalling scenes would have fallen that raid as we are now called upon to contemplate as the result of this. Then it was alleged that only the Yankton nation was engaged, while the Sioux were peaceably disposed. Granting the premises, and yet the same instinct of murder and brutality which lurks in the heart of the the Yankton, lurks in that of all the other Sioux, and it only needed a favorable opportunity to give that instinct a full development of its hell-born power. For proof, read the details of the horrible atrocities committed on innocent women and children, the burning of dwellings, the scalping of men, and the destruction of crops. And this is the history of all Indian warfare. No matter how much or how often they may have commingled with the whites; how well they may (as they do) understand the rules of modern warfare among the civilized nations of the world, when once let loose, like the blood-hound, the smell of blood obliterates all feeling of humanity, rises paramount to whatever intelligence they may have acquired among civilized men, dwarfs the judgment, and converts the apparently docile *man* into the most ferocious of *beasts*. Of what avail now all the teachings of missionaries?—the parental regard of the national government?—the false sympathy and partiality of our State in granting them the right of suffrage to the exclusion of the free intelligent black? Look at the result. The indiscriminate slaughter of our hardy pioneers and their families, one of whose lives is worth more than a dozen of these infernal devils, every one of whom should be hunted down with the same feeling of intense, absorbing hate, as we tread upon the poisonous reptile. Suppose the Indians *have* been wronged by a few whites—suppose their annuity money *did* not come to hand just when they wanted it, is that a reason for these unparalled acts of most sickening barbarity? If after years of teaching, of patience, of endurance, on the part of the whites, all for their good, these savages are no less savages now, why should we pause this side of either annihilation or extermination? Shall we wait until all our frontier settlements are desolated?—until nearly every town in the Minnesota valley is burned?—until thousands, who have availed themselves of the homestead act, leave our State, and thousands who would have come, turn back? We must do one of two things—*either kill every Sioux Indian within our border or drive the tribe out of the State*. The safety of our people, the prosperity of Minnesota, the dictates of humanity, the memory of the innocent dead, all demand it. A few soldiers will not do it. Temporary excitement will not do it. Delays and hesitations will not do it. Our friends and relatives and neighbors are in imminent peril. They call upon us for help, and let us send forth such help as will extricate them from the hands of their foes, and utterly destroy that foe. If need be, let every man close his shop and his store, and rush to the rescue. Let the Executive act promptly, with no regard to the expense. Now is not the time to talk of dollars and cents. Life is too precious. Let it be a war of *extermination*; for if the suspicion should settle into the conviction that the Sioux have united with the Missouri Indians, and are instigated by the Southern rebels, so much the more need of a large force to repel them when they come. In the name of God, and in the name of humanity, let it not be said that we are indifferent to the piteous cries of the innocent, who now call upon us to save them from the scalping knife and the tomahawk. The cackling of geese saved Rome, and if this humble appeal shall be the means of saving the life of one innocent white, I can well endure the ridicule of those who, when secure in their own houses and away from immediate danger, have no ear to hear and no heart to respond to the mournful tones of suffering, bleeding, dying humanity.

T. M. NEWSON.

LAKE COMO, August 25, 1862.

State Items.

WE are sorry to say that we have seldom, if ever read more insane and dangerous assaults upon the President than are weekly distilled through the columns of the Faribault Republican. All it can, it weakens the arms of the administration, and yet Brown, the editor, claims to be eminently patriotic. His support of the administration is of the order which says the President is imbecile, corrupt, treacherous, and incompetent, but the administration is wise, beneficent, loyal, and eminently honest.—*Hastings Independent*.

From the Glencoe Register.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.—The Republicans of the 6th senatorial district will meet at Hutchinson, on Wednesday, September 10, 1862, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating one state senator and three representatives to the legislature. The several counties will be entitled to delegates as follows:

Carver	6
Wright	6
McLeod	2
Meeker	2
Monongalia	1
Kandiyohi	1

Datedat Hutchinson, July 31, 1862.
Per order of the District Committee.
W. W. PENDERGAST, Chairman.

THE MAN FOR THE TIMES.—Gov. Alex. Ramsey is just the man for the times.—He is up early and is completely engrossed in the business and duties of his office. Although but a moment in St. Paul, the other day, we became more impressed with the Governor's good work in the sacred cause of the North.

War News.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 25.—Gen. Thomas of Ky., made a clean sweep of the rebel prisoners of war at Camp Chase. He released over 1,200 yesterday. They will be sent to Cairo, 800 of them starting by Tuesday morning's cars. Over 600 political prisoners still remain there. Several officers took the oath of allegiance and remained.

On Sunday the General reviewed the troops of Camps Thomas and Chase. Four hundred of Col. Carrington's regulars were included. A fine company from Granville marched into the capitol grounds to-day, headed by a splendid band. The Governor reviewed them and was received with cheers. The band serenaded the Governor at night.

A large delegation of Cincinnatians was here to-day, in consultation with Governor Tod on military affairs, who arrived here from Cleveland by the 11 A. M. train. Judge Stallo, Cols. Geo. W. Holmes, Tafel and Taylor were of the number. Quartermaster-General Wright has supplied the 90th, 94th, and 99th regiments with Enfield rifles. Several more regiments are under orders, and will move within two days. Assistant Adjutant General Walker is pushing the drafting machinery.

THE Ste. Genevieve *Plaindealer* has been suppressed by order of the Provost Marshal of Missouri, and its office seized and will doubtless be turned over as Government property. Heretofore the *Plaindealer* has been far less treasonable than some other sheets we could mention in Missouri, but the article for which it was suppressed is certainly an outrage upon the Government that could not be overlooked. It breathed the rankest treason, embellished by copious classical illustrations, to publish its hostile blade.—*Saint Louis News*.

MAJOR WILLIAM PAINTER, of Chicago, (a brigade quartermaster of the army of Virginia,) was taken prisoner last Monday, while gallantly leading a body of men under his command.

THE Wabash, (Ia) *Intelligencer* says: "It is almost an established fact, that there are three or four Castles of the Knights of the Golden Circle in this county—one here in Wabash, one in Legro, one in Pleasant township, and perhaps one in Waltz."

PEORIA County, Ill., having a total fighting population of 2860 men, has enlisted 1,262 of them, under the late call. Very well done,

THE numerous petitions from the people of New Orleans, imploring the government to retain Gen. Butler in command of that post, will create some surprise. It will be remembered, however, that the "plain people" like Gen. Butler, as he has fed the poor, kept the city clean, and given them a thoroughly honest local government. Barring a little haste and desire to say and do smart things, the general is one of the most efficient officers in the country.

RUMOR asserts that a disagreement has arisen between Gen. McClellan and Gen. Halleck, from whom the former receives his orders. That a difference has arisen between them as to the policy of evacuating the Peninsula is quite certain. Gen. McClellan believed he could yet go to Richmond by the route he had traveled the last five months, and asked the privilege of making another trial. Gen. Halleck replied that he had his orders and was expected to obey them. It is not improbable that Gen. Halleck thinks that Gen. McClellan has taken more time in executing the order to evacuate the Peninsula than was necessary. The order bears date very early in August, and nearly or quite twenty days were consumed in carrying it into effect. The last thing that Gen. McClellan did was to protest against it and receive a spirited reiteration of the order. Three days after, his entire force and all the property of the army were this side the Chickahominy.

THE Clifton House, at Niagara (Canada side), is swarming with secessionists and their sympathizers. Among the rest is Ex-Governor Morehead, of Kentucky, who has been three months in Canada, and who contemplates visiting Europe, to publish a book, setting forth his grievances against the Secretary of State and other United States officers. He complains of very gross personal injustice, such as arrest by deception, imprisonment without cause, punishment without offense, &c.

ST. LOUIS, August 25.—Dr. Thomas M. Hope, brother-in-law of Gen. Pope, has been paroled from Alton prison for one week, to report semi-weekly to the commandant of the prison.

The Halleck and Essex Guards have returned from the Missouri River, having destroyed or removed all boats along that stream.

The body of Lieutenant Colonel Bischoff, of the 3d Missouri volunteers, who died at Helena, has been brought here for burial.

Colonel Burris, from Fort Leavenworth, has been stationed at Kansas City, with 6,000 men and four pieces of artillery.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., August 23.—General Brown has issued an order requiring all persons in the district who have not taken the oath to report in person to the nearest Provost Marshal for the purpose of taking the oath and giving sufficient bonds for the faithful observance thereof. All persons who fail to comply with this order by the 25th of this month will be removed by the Provost Marshal General outside the Federal lines without proper authority, they will be arrested and placed in close confinement. The reason for making this stringent order is the fact that there are a number of persons who have not yet taken the oath, and the General Commanding has positive evidence that they keep up a direct line of communication with the enemy.

THE day on which President Lincoln was inaugurated—March 4, 1861—United States six per cent. stock sold at 92 1-2. After increasing the public debt, which then stood at $76,455,000, to 350,000,000, the stock is now selling in market at 94.

ISAAC SNODGRASS, of this county, has nine sons in the army of the United States. This is ahead of any family we have seen an account of. If any in the State, or any other man in the country can beat this item from little Menard we should like to hear how much. Mr. Snodgrass is a Virginian, and came to this State a few years ago.—*Menard* (Illinois) *Index*.

FRESH SUGARS.

Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.

a29-tf COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

JOHN G. MACGREGOR,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.

Bernheimer's Block, Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. jy21-dly

MILITARY GOODS.

T. B. CAMPBELL,

THIRD STREET, - - - - - - ST. PAUL.

This is the only place in the city where a complete outfit can be found.

I Offer to the Trade

Bronzed Staff, Gilt Mounted, Line, Surge and Fine Presentation

SWORDS.

CRIMSON AND GREEN SASHES;

Belts; Shoulder Straps, 1, 2 and 3 row embroidered; Bugles; Wreaths; Silver, Gilt, and Brass Letters and Figures.

REGULATION AND MCLELLAN CAPS,

ARMY HATS.

Gold and Gilt Braid, Cord and Lace, all kinds;

DRINKING TUBES,

Sword Knots, Camp Candle-Sticks, Bayonet Stands, Haversacks, Over-Coat Slings, and Ladia Rubber Camp Blanket.

☞ Officers' Uniforms manufactured to order on short notice.

a23-1m T. B. CAMPBELL.

DEVOTED TO FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$2,488,138 19.

PHŒNIX,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
DEVOTED TO FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.
ASSETS OF THE
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$522,250 96.

CITY FIRE,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$325,000.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN,
ESTABLISHED IN SAINT PAUL, 1862, AT THE OFFICE OF

O. CURTIS,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,
a1-1y Corner of Third and Minnesota-sts.

H. J. BRAINARD & CO.'S

MILLS,

SITUATED ON PHALON'S CREEK, WHERE THE STILLWATER ROAD CROSSES.

This Mill is just completed, and is in good running order. Our machinery embraces all the latest improvements, and was got up in the East, without regard to expense. It has two run of Burrs, which will be kept running night and day, so that farmers coming from a distance can be accommodated without much delay.

The need of a first class Mill of this kind has long been felt by the citizens of St. Paul and vicinity. We have secured the services of James Craigie, who has made milling the business of his life, and in whom we can place entire confidence.

All kinds of grain will be weighed when brought to the Mill, and also when taken away, if desired. We feel confident in saying to the public that we can make as good Flour and as great a yield to the bushel as any Mill in Minnesota, and respectfully solicit a fair trial.

Also a new Mill for grinding corn in the ear.

☞ All work done at this Mill is warranted.

se2-dAwly

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE

FOR $750.

A charming residence in Willis' Addition, built by the owner for his own use, with every comfort and convenience—well of pure water, stable and out-buildings, and a yard with shrubbery and gravel walks.

The house is not a mere shell or balloon, but built to resist the cold of our winters and the heat of our summers, and is located in an airy and cheerful neighborhood.

St. Paul, June 28, 1862.
HENRY McKENTY,
a28 d&w6m Dealer in Real Estate.

FURNITURE.

JOHN PRIMROSE

Manufacturer and Dealer in

CABINET AND CHAIR

FURNITURE,

OF EVERY VARIETY.

Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of

PARLOR,

CHAMBER,

DINING-ROOM.

FURNITURE,

OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.

Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned material and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.

As a nimble sixpence is always better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.

☞ REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridg. St. Paul Minn. jan24dly

A. L. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE ON THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND CEDAR STREETS,

ST. PAUL, - - - - - - - MINNESOTA,

Being a discharged soldier has learned the manner of obtaining arrears of pay, bounty and pensions due soldiers, or their representatives, and will pay particular attention to that business.

a28-2w

SAILING DAYS OF THE

LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMER

WATER WITCH,

CAPT. B. SWEENEY,

LEAVES CLEVELAND AT 8 P. M.		LEAVES DETROIT AT 10 A. M.	
Wednesday,	May 7	Thursday,	May 8
Tuesday,	May 20	Wednesday,	May 21
Monday,	June 2	Tuesday,	June 3
Friday,	June 13	Saturday,	June 14
Wednesday,	June 25	Thursday,	June 26
Tuesday,	July 8	Wednesday,	July 9
Monday,	July 21	Tuesday,	July 22
Friday,	Aug. 1	Saturday,	Aug. 2
Wednesday,	Aug. 13	Thursday,	Aug. 14
Tuesday,	Aug. 26	Wednesday,	Aug. 27
Monday,	Sept. 8	Tuesday,	Sept. 9
Friday,	Sept. 19	Saturday,	Sept. 20
Wednesday,	Oct. 1	Thursday,	Oct. 2

S. P. BRADY & CO.

CAPT. E. B. WARD, Detroit, owner of boat.

je25-d4m

JOHN A. STEES,

UNDERTAKER,

CORNER THIRD & MINNESOTA STREETS,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

Sole agent for Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

jan5d&w1y.

FOR RENT,

THE RESIDENCE OF GEN. DANA,

With or without the

FURNITURE.

Enquire of

jy29-tf H. F. MASTERSON.

CALL AT

D. D. MERRILL'S

For the Best Styles of

PHOTOGRAPH

ALBUMS.

"CARTES DE VISITE"—And views to suit all.

U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of

NEW BOOKS.

America Before Europe—*DeGasparin.*
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town.
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book.
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and
Edwin Brothertoft. a16tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.

St. Paul, August 18, 1862.
J. H. BYERS,
a19-1w S. L. POLLOCK.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,

PLATED WARE,

CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.

LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE,
PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED.
TABLE CUTLERY.

Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.

ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL, Minn.

sep22-d&w

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

(Successors to Horn & Galusha and Sanborn & Lund)

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA,

Practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Courts of the United States, at Law, in Chancery and in Admiralty.

Collections carefully and promptly attended to

mh29-1y

FLORENCE SEWING

MACHINE AGENCY,

One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.

The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.

They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, welch, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.

Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.

Prices No. 1, $47.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00, No. 5, $77.00, No. 6, $82.00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $90.00, No. 7 Cabinet cased, $95.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.

On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."

jy15-dtf G. W. BABCOCK.

REMOVAL.

HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,

Have removed to

Nos. 45 and 47 Lake St.,

Where they are prepared to show CASH BUYERS of

SADDLERY HARDWARE

AND

Carriage Trimmings

The largest and best assorted stock to be found in the NORTHWEST, embracing

SPRINGS AND AXLES, HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, &c., &c.,

CARRIAGE BODIES AND SEATS, ENAMELED CLOTH, PATENT LEATHER,

Also a large assortment of

Horse Collars and Blankets, Whips and Lashes, Skirting, Bridle, Collar and

HARNESS LEATHER,

All of which will be offered at

Prices that will not be Undersold.

Agents for

MOWRY'S SPRINGS AND AXLES, CROCKET'S VARNISHES.

Dole's Hub Boxing Machine and Hollow Augers.

P. HAYDEN, New York. W. V. KAY, Chicago. P. WILSON, Cincinnati, O.

a23-3md

FURS. FURS. FURS.

C. J. KOVITZ,

MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND EVERY STYLE,

THIRD ST., Concert Hall Block, SAINT PAUL.

jan17-dly

EYE & EAR.

DR. UNDERWOOD

Of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose name and fame is so extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in performing formidable operations, and in removing difficult and dangerous diseases from those delicate organs, has arrived in St. Paul and may be consulted in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK for a short time only.

Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the old school, has had an extensive experience in both hospital and private practice of twenty-eight years, and will be found competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other mild and gentle means to remove any disease from those delicate organs within the reach of science and human skill.

a28-tu7 OFFICE IN INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.

CHRONIC DISEASES.

Dr. UNDERWOOD, who is so celebrated for his science, skill and success in treating diseases of long standing, and who has had an experience in an extensive practice for thirty years, has arrived in St. Paul, and may be consulted at his rooms in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK, for a short time only.

CHRONIC DISEASES, of every grade and character, whether requiring medical or surgical treatment, POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY CURED, when not clearly beyond the reach of science and human skill.

Dr. Underwood treats all diseases on regular and scientific principles as recognized by the medical professions both in Europe and America, and hence does not use or deal in those pretended new and never failing remedies—specifics, inhaling vapors, and chirvoyant prescriptions—which are so ostentatiously paraded before the public by those impudent traveling quacks and money-fleecing empirics, nine-tenths of whom never were inside of a medical college. Patients afflicted or laboring under diseases of long standing, can consult Dr. U. with the most confident hope and expectation of being perfectly cured, or receiving with unerring certainty all the relief that the highest skill, the most judicious and scientific treatment can possibly bestow.

a28-tnov7

Legal Notices.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and delivered by Lyman Dayton and Maria B. Dayton, his wife of St. Paul, Ramsey county, Minnesota, to William Coombs Thompson, of Worcester, Worcester county, Massachusetts, dated the seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1860, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of the county of Ramsey and State of Minnesota, on the twentieth day of December, A. D. 1860, in Book R, of Mortgages, on pages 234, 235 and 236, and conveying by mortgage, the southeast quarter (¼) of section thirty four (34) in township twenty-nine (29) north of range twenty-two (22) west, all in the county of Ramsey and State of Minnesota, which mortgage was given to secure the payment of a certain note for four hundred and eleven dollars ($411) and interest, of even date therewith, and there is now claimed to be due and is due thereon, four hundred and seventy-six and 76-100 dollars ($476,76), and no suit or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, nor any part thereof, and no part of said debt has been paid.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the above described mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of said Ramsey county, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1862, at ten of the clock in the forenoon at the front door of the Court House in St. Paul, in said county, to satisfy said mortgage debt and legal disbursements.

St. Paul, Minn., April 17th, 1862.
WM. COOMBS THOMPSON,
Mortgagee.
WM. CHAS. THOMPSON, Att'y for mortgagee.

The above sale is postponed to the eleventh day of July, 1862, at the same time and place.
W. C. THOMPSON.
Mortgagee.
WM. CHAS. THOMPSON, Att'y for Mortgagee.
St. Paul, Minn., June 4th, 1862.

The above sale is postponed to the eleventh day of September, 1862, at the same hour and place.
W. C. THOMPSON, Mortgagee.
WM. CHAS. THOMPSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
St. Paul, July 10th, 1862.
Sat

IN PROBATE COURT, IN THE MATTER OF THOMAS B. WINSTON, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given, that we, the undersigned, were on the 15th day of August, 1862, appointed and commissioned by the Judge of Probate, for the said county of Ramsey, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the said deceased; and six months from and after the date hereof, have been allowed and limited for creditors to present their claims for examination; and that we will on the first and second Wednesdays of each month, for six months following this date, at the office of Joseph Lewis, Irvine's Block, St. Paul, attend to the discharge of our duties as Commissioners aforesaid.

St. Paul, August 16th, 1862.
JOSEPH LEWIS,
H. L. MOSS,
sat a16-d4w Commissioners.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—DISTRICT COURT, SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Mary Magdalena Gable against Jacob Gable, Summons.

In the name of the State of Minnesota.

To Jacob Gable, the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in the city of St. Paul, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated St. Paul, Aug. 16, 1862.
J. & C. D. GILFILLAN,
sun a17-6w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S

PATENT COPPER SCROLL

LIGHTNING ROD.

This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever

OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.

They are recommended by over

FIVE HUNDRED
OF THE
MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC MEN OF THE AGE.

AGENTS

WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY

e13-w3m&daw6m

JOSEPH LEWIS

Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio, and Vermont. Collections made—Taxes paid for non residents. House rented.

Office Third Street, Irvine's Block.

Reference, HON. ALEX. RAMSEY. jy10-dly

TOBACCO,

Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Third Street, next door to Comb's Book Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c., is just receiving his fall and winter stock, and is prepared to fill orders to any extent, for

FINE IMPORTED CIGARS,

Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city.

SWEET BRIAR ROOT PIPES,

a large assortment. These pipes are all the go now.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Third street, next door to Comb's Book Store.

St. Paul, Nov. 17. nov17dly.

MAGNETIC

Tack Hammers.

If you don't want to mash your fingers, buy one for 25 cents, at E. & H. Y. BELL'S.

Coffee is high. Buy a patent Coffee Strainer; it clears the coffee, and saves one third. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Patent Lifters. Will lift everything hot off the stove, without burning your fingers. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Agents wanted to canvass the State for the above articles. A smart man can make big wages. For particulars, address, enclosing stamps,

E. & H. Y. BELL,
Sole Agents for Minnesota.
St. Paul, July 11th, 1862. jy11-dtf.

C. W. WOOLEY & CO.,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENTS FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLEY & CO., ST. PAUL, For ——

jan1-dly

JOHN A. STEES,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Furniture and Cabinet Ware,

Of every variety of style and pattern.

CORNER 3D AND MINNESOTA STS., SAINT PAUL.

All kinds of lumber taken in trade.

jan5d&wly

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will furnish ICE to CITY CUSTOMERS AND BOATS As usual during the season of 1862.

CHAS. SYMONDS.

apr29-d4m

Agricultural.

1862. 1862. 1862

Agricultural Warehouse

OF

S. P. & P. F. Hodges,

NEAR LOWER LEVEE, ST. PAUL

CORNER THIRD AND SIBLEY STS.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

PITT'S AGRICULTURAL WORKS, BUFFALO NEW YORK.

PITT'S THRESHING MACHINES & HORSE POWERS, FOR FOUR, SIX, EIGHT OR TEN HORSES. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES EIGHT TO TWELVE HORSE POWER.

MASSILLON AGRICULTUL WORKS, MASSILLON, OHIO.

McCORMACK'S REAPERS AND MOWERS.

JOHN H. MANNY'S " " "

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S GRAIN DRILLS

F. H. MANNY'S EXCELSIOR GRAIN FAN.

SCHUTTLER'S CHICAGO WAGONS.

JOHN A. WOODWARD'S IMPROVED SMUT MACHINE AND SEPARATOR COMBINED

MOLINE PLOWS, CULTIVATORS AND HARROWS.

CORN SHELLERS, HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS.

AND DEALERS IN HARVESTING TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Merchants and dealers throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times.

Descriptive pamphlets and other information can be had upon application to

S. P. & P. F. HODGES,

my28-d3m&w6m Saint Paul, Minn.

ALFRED D. DAVISON. ALONZO P. CONNELLY

SAINT PAUL CLIPPER

PLOW FACTORY.

The undersigned having formed a partnership for the manufacture and sale of PLOWS, are now prepared to furnish farmers and dealers with

THE BEST PLOWS

Ever offered in the State, and at prices to suit the times. We will always have on hand a large stock of Cast Steel and Common Steel Cross Plows, Corn Plows, Breaking and Grub Plows, of all sizes and of the best material.

Having had the material selected for our especial trade, and the Plows being manufactured under the supervision of

ALONZO LEAMING.
(FORMERLY OF ST. ANTHONY.)

WE WARRANT THEM

To be of light draught, clean in any soil, and give good satisfaction generally.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING.

Farmers! save your old plows and we will work them over much to your advantage and satisfaction by leaving them at our Factory, on Robert street, between 4th and 5th, St. Paul, sign of the Plow. DAVISON & CONNELLY.

jan22-d&wly

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

193 & 195 South Water-St.,

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,

Importers, manufacturers and dealers in

IRON AND STEEL,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

HORSE SHOES,

Horse Nails,

NUTS, WASHERS, RIVETS, BOLTS,

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,

WAGON AND CARRIAGE WOOD MATERIALS,

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, BENT STOCK, ETC,

MANUFACTURERS OF IMPROVED

THIMBLE SKEINS AND BOXES,

BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS.

☞ Send for Price List. ☜

a23-1y

FARMERS NOTICE

We have on hand a large stock of

Harvesting Tools,

SUCH AS

GRAIN CRADLES, FORKS, RAKES, SCYTHES, &c., &c.,

Also made to order, a large lot of

ST. PAUL CLIPPER PLOWS,

All of which we are selling very low for Cash.

IRON, NAILS, STEELE, HARDWARE, PITTSBURG COAL, GRIND STONES, AXLES, SPRINGS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

Always kept on hand and sold at lowest rates Wholesale and Retail, at our Warehouse, Third Street, St. Paul.

jy25dtf J. B. BRADEN.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS

CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,

at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate B

Post Office, St. Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS.

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M. to 7 o'clock P. M.
On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily— except Sunday, at 1½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Sunrise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Falls—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 1 P. M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departing.

The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.

Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United States postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.

CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.
St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,
FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,
JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under way; and proclaims that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. feddy.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
MANKATO, - - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. Is

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜
M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.
Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,
LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,
G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up hence particularly as a home for invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House. Board by day or week at moderate rates.
je14-d6m

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,
CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,
Saint Paul, Minnesota,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FAMILY GROCERIES
AND
PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Roll, Bar and Firkin Butter, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of
RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffee, Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.
nov22-dly

G. E. SCHNABEL,
IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, GRAIN,
AND PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.
Nice Leaf Lard and sugar Cured Hams.
Any quantity of butter and eggs.
He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.
Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.
Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. je16m

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,
GRAIN SEPARATORS,
And all kinds of
MILL MACHINERY.

☞ Send for a circular by mail.
PALMER & PLAMONDON,
Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1525.) CHICAGO, ILL.
W. M. LEVDE, Ag't, St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

E. W. EDDY,
General Grocer
AND DEALER IN
THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,
FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,
FREE OF CHARGE.
je27 dly

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT

Will give Instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $8.00 each.

On Monday, June 30, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.

Terms, from $3.00 to $7.00.

Best of references given.

Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park. my17-d1f

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,
CARRYING THE
NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS
AND THE
United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2. P. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 1 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina, Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.,
nov24-dly Proprietors.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH
Fast Freight Line,
OWNED AND MANAGED BY
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.
mar25-d1y

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD
AND ALSO FOR THE
LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR
OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,
Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF
DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS
On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO
St. Paul, Feb. 25, 1862. feb26-d&w1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIQUORS and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISKEY, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co. dec 19

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co. dec12

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUND DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS
—OF—
CARBON OIL.
ALSO A QUANTITY OF
CHICAGO CREAM ALE,
For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me
A. L. LAMENTEUR.
mar6

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN
RAILWAY COMPANY'S
Express Freight Line.
VIA
GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL
AND CONNECTING ROADS,
TO AND FROM
EAST AND WEST,

CONTROLLED AND OPERATED
By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway, New York, | 21 State street, Boston,
E. P. REACH, Agent. | O. KIMBALL, Agent.
JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.
C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton
A. WALLINGFORD,
apr20 Chicago and Western Agent.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO
RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL
AND
EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE
EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:45 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction, and Kenosha R. R. & R. I. R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 5:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all the morning Lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and

FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER ON LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M. and 9:00 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot.

JOHN T. MOODY,
Master Transportation.
Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-d1f

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1834.

JOHN T. NOYE,
FLOUR PACKER,
MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
Mill Machinery
AND
FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Fitted with Cast Steel or Boiler Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.

IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS,

OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.

John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.

CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.

ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED

ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH,
MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.

JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.
WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,
28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.
JOHN WEBSTER, Milwright.
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS'
CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,

For sale in bbls. or sacks by

E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House; S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market Sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson Sts.; J. B. Sleicher, corner of 7th and Jackson Sts.

Warranted the best
XX FAMILY FLOUR
offered in this market. Orders from Hotel's Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery.
mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS
FOR SALE.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.
my24-d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Janseu, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber. BARNARD & BRO.
St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-d3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.
LILL & DIVERSY,
BREWERS OF
LILL'S STOCK,
AND
CREAM PALE ALE,
LAGER BEER,
PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.
WM. CONSTANS,
my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Salaratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6½ cents.
jy6-d2m GEO. L. FARWELL,

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!

PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,
EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,
EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS
EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES
BLUE, GREEN AND RINK BERAGE LEXFINA,
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN
GREAT VARIETY.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.

ALSO

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR;
BROAD CLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.

ALSO
A VERY LARGE STOCK OF
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
AND
EMBROIDERIES,
PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

ALSO
A LARGE STOCK OF
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,
BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE
COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Can purchase their Goods of us, and
SAVE TIME AND MONEY.
We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.
OUR ENTIRE STOCK
WILL BE
SOLD FOR CASH,
AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.
The public are invited to visit
OUR NEW STORE.
D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.
apr30-d1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHING, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing equalling in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassimeres, satinet, cord, moleskin, black farmer's satin, red farmer's satin, for sleeve linings, shilla, bro. Holland and good black alapaca, of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in any establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and

EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.

Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.

W. H. TEMPLE,
Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store.
my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER
Millinery Goods for 1862
At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.
MISS E. WASS
Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.
☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.
my22-d3m

LADIES,
THERE IS QUITE A START IN
Millinery Goods!

In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore: some sixty dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases RICH RIBBON, and lots of other fixings. Our stock in
DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,
Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.
☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third Street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL
OF
Choice Dress Goods
AT
SMITH & TAYLOR'S.

SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.
BEAUTIFUL MOZANBIQUES VERY CHEAP.
ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN
FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an
ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.

All of the above named articles, besides a LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS, Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

SMITH & TAYLOR'S
Cheap Cash Store,
Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER,
SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.

Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.
CHARLES SCHEFFER,
je22 State Treasurer.

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S
CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND
SELLING VERY LOW,
1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

OIL--THE VERY BEST.
1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF
CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF
Table & Pocket Cutlery.

The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at
VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Silver Plated
AND
BRITANNIA WARE,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET.
je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!
500 barrels No. 1, standard best quality
Carbon Oil,
Just received, and for sale to dealers.
D. T. WATSON,
a5-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE
A SPLENDID STOCK
OF
LADIES' GAITERS
AND
Children's Fine Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.
WM. J. SMITH & CO.

JOHN THORWARTH,
Boot and Shoe
MANUFACTURER,
THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON,
St. Paul, Minnesota,

Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order
BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.

STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,

The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. This makes the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and fits neater.

REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.
JOHN THORWARTH.
St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-d1y

8TH REGIMENT MINNESOTA IRISH VOLUNTEERS.
Sarsfield Guards.

$120 Bounty!
$20 cash down when sworn in!
$40 cash when the Company is mustered in!
$10 cash to each of the first five married men enlisting in this company.

The family of each married man will receive $5 per month from the city, $5 per month from the County, and whatever may be offered by the citizen's Committee; and the first five married men enlisting in this Company will receive in addition to all of this, $2.50 per month for their families.

Recruiting office No 2 Rogers' Block, 3d st., St. Paul. JOHN GRACE.
M. H. SULLIVAN.
a14-tf THOMAS HOWARD.

HILL & LINDLEY,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.

OFFICES.—Wendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony.
a7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.

I have removed my office over
McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.
Corner of Third and Cedar streets.

I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. I extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.

I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.

I publish these prices to correct the Impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.

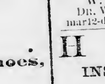
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. strictly.
jy4-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,

Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minneapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.

Office and residence on Bridge Street, (westside,) near the Suspension Bridge. jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE.



FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY,
Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed.
Call and see specimens at the office of
DR. SIMONTON,
oct24-d1y Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square.

M. N. KELLOGG,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,
LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.

Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also
☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.
my17 M. N. KELLOGG.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
Fire and Life Insurance Co.

CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $6,000,000.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,
Without sixty days' notice.

Life Insurance

Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors & Stockholders, New York,
James Brown, Esq.,
Frances Cottenet, Esq.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,
Alex. Hamilton, jr, Esq.,
E. M. Archibald, Esq.,
And others.

References in New York City.
Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Alex. T. Stewart & Co.,
Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
R. L. & A. Stewart,
C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co.
D. Appleton & Co.

THOMPSON BROTHERS,
sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,
General Insurance Agent.
FIRE INSURANCE,
MARINE INSURANCE,
LIFE INSURANCE.
POLICIES

Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,
jan15dly Third street, St. Paul, Min.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,
OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS.....138,000

DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—
—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the Insurance Department of the State of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent. per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The nett profits in two years amounts to $229,000, which shows an unparalleled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to its dealers.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. BURAND, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
DR. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.
mar12-d1y

HOME
INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES,
Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five Joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the state of New York, engaged in the transaction of business; of these companies, fourteen only received premiums one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium receipts of this company, the HOME, with a capital of $1,000,000, were $2,000,33. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $851,378,95 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,900,000.

The state of things should be improved; the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies in the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all these companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of over seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, if managed on the progressive scale demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John McGee, Secretary, those well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars, and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our State, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last summed up to $1,921,268.08, against an actual liability of only $55,080.43; and, moreover, it is worth noting that the assets are all of the very first class, the balance in bank in cash was $124,434.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company; bonds and mortgages $810,219.53, secured on real estate worth $4,715,900, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible at the option of the company, $339,635. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In 1861 the HOME wrote $905,715.18, taking $839,993 premium, and paid losses $535,775, including some losses for the year 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $160,644 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.

EORUP & OAKES,
Agents, St. Paul.
je25-d3m

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,
CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular. Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms.
je4-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.

One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's
PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE.
M. DORNIDEN,
nov22-d1y Jackson st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT,
BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTSBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND SOUTH,
VIA DUNLEITH AND
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P M
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M
Rockfort, via G & C U R R	11 10 "	11 45 "
Belvidere " "	11 45 "	12 45 A. M
Chicago " "	3 30 P. M.	5 45 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	4 29 P. M.	6 15 A. M
Mendota	1 00 "	12 55 "
Burlington, via C B & Q R R	7 35 "	7 05 "
Quincy, " "	11 15 "	9 30 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & R I R R		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 24 "	4 24 "
Decatur	6 29 "	6 29 "
Springfield, via G W R R	3 20 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terre Haute via T H & A R R	2 10 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 10 "	6 30 "
St. Louis " "	7 50 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked to all important points.

Passengers for St. Louis and intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.

For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul. S. B. FORBES, Ticket Agent.
A. PRATT, J. S. TILDESLEE,
Advertising Agent. Gen'l West'n Agt.
W. P. JOHNSON, W. S. ARTHUR,
Gen'l Passenger Agt. General Sup't.
my21

1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL
PACKET COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the McCLELLAN and NORTHERN BELLE.—The first will be the Lightning Line, making the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN hours, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train, by which our passengers will make close connection and reach Milwaukee in time for cars, or boats on the Lake in TWENTY HOURS FROM ST. PAUL, and reach Chicago next morning, by Minnesota dunchion or Milwaukee, in just TWENTY-FOUR HOURS FROM LEAVING ST. PAUL, and in time for close connection East! This will be 12 twelve hours the quickest time between these three cities ever made! Nothing but passengers, the mails, express matter, and express goods will be carried on these boats, which will be furnished in the best of style. Passengers will then have daylight to view the grand beauties of the river, and good sleeping cars from La Cr

THE CITY.

The Rev. S. R. Riggs, the missionary just escaped from the Indians, will preach at the Plymouth Church Sabbath morning next, at half past ten; and in the evening at the First Presbyterian Church.

Shakopee Volunteers.—The Shakopee volunteers, most of whom were mustered into service at Fort Snelling, have elected Horace B. Strait, Capt.; Joseph R. Ashley, First Lieutenant, and Thomas Van Etten of this city, Second Lieut.

Grenadier Guard.—This Company has been consolidated with a Company from Pine Island, Goodhue county, and yesterday Geo. C. McCoy, of Pine Island, was elected and commissioned as Captain. E. E. Hughson is 1st Lieut.

For the First Regiment.—Dr. E. G. Pugsly, of Stillwater, will start for the First Regiment, in Virginia, on Wednesday next. Persons having letters or *very small* parcels, which they want to send to the boys, can send them by the Doctor.

Ammunition Arrived.—By the Canada, from St. Louis, yesterday. Quartermaster Saunders received 55,000 cartridges for infantry, 75,000 caps, 1,270 rounds of fixed artillery ammunition for six, twelve and twenty-four pound howitzers and cannon, consisting of canister, shell, shrapnell, etc. They were shipped at St. Louis on the 23d.

Maj. Welch.—This gallant young officer, so long a prisoner at the south, and lately exchanged, has arrived in town. Maj. W. will probably be assigned to the Fourth Regiment, in which he was commissioned as Major, as it is understood, Maj. Baxter has, or is about to resign on account of his health.

Death of Philip Roche, Esq.—Meeting of the Junior Members of the Bar.—A meeting of the Junior Members of the Bar was held yesterday at the Court House.

The meeting was organized by electing Harvey Officer, Esq., Chairman, and Chas Brewster, Esq., Secretary.

Whereupon, on motion, Messrs. Warner, Crowell, and M. Cooper were appointed a committee to draft suitable resolutions, which committee afterwards, through W. P. Warner, Esq., reported the following:

Whereas, It has been the will of Divine Providence to cast a deep gloom over a large circle of friends by the removal from our midst of our late young brother Philip A. Roche, Esq., therefore we, the junior members of the St. Paul Bar having assembled for that purpose, have

Resolved, That we deeply lament the loss of one for whose unspotted purity of life we have had the warmest admiration.

That we fully appreciate the loss of one truly endeared to us by the strongest ties of friendship and brotherly affection.

That we regret that the cause of justice has thus lost one of its warmest admirers and most diligent advocates.

That we hereby tender our heartfelt sympathies to the bereaved parents and relatives of the deceased; and,

That the proceedings of this meeting, with these resolutions, be published in the St. Paul daily papers, and copies thereof sent to the parents of the deceased.

Appropriate remarks were made by M. Cooper, and others. The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Rough and Ready Guard.—The people of the township of Brooklyn, and parts of the adjoining towns of Champlin, Maple Grove and Crystal Lake, in Hennepin county, have formed an association under the name of the Rough and Ready Home Guards, composed of about one hundred and fifty persons, including old men, boys, invalids and cripples. Nearly one half are mounted as cavalry. It is a kind of dual organization, and is officered, as follows:

J. C. Past, Major.
H. H. Smith, Capt of Cavalry.
Geo. Stont, 1st Lieut. do
J. H. Simms, 2d Lieut. do
Sylvanus Jenkins, Capt. of Infantry
Eli Flaviland, 1st Lieut. do
Wm. Bohanon, 2d Lieut. do

Should the Indian troubles continue, it is the intention to build a strong stockade and block house on Bottineau Prairie as a place of refuge in case of an attack by the savages.

DIED.

At 2 o'clock A. M., 29th inst., Eddy Hoyt Morrow, aged 1 year and 24 days.

Funeral services this (Saturday) forenoon at 10½ o'clock, at the residence of B. F. Hoyt, 9th street. Friends of the family are respectfully solicited to attend.

Commercial.

Milwaukee Market.

Milwaukee, Aug. 27.

The wheat market opened with a fair degree of activity yesterday morning, at 93c for No. 2 in store, 97c for No. 1 in store, 93@94c for No. 2 delivered, 97@98c for No. 1 delivered, and $1.06 for choice white winter.

About 25,000 bushels changed hands at the depot's.

A dispatch from Chicago to the Chamber of Commerce quoted No. 1 wheat at 86c, No. 2 neglected, and freights 4c on corn to Buffalo.

WEDNESDAY—10 A. M.

The Wheat market opened at an advance of ¾ @1c this morning. Sales were made pretty freely on the platform at 93½c for No. 2 in store, 97¼@98c for No. 1 in store, 94@95c for No. 2 delivered, and 98@99c for No. 1 delivered. The outside figure for No. 1 was continued to receipts in Smith's. Receipts for 24 hours will not vary much from 50,000 bushels.

Proceedings of the State Teachers' Convention.

The Minnesota Teachers' State Association convened at Ingersoll's Hall, in St. Paul, on Wednesday, the 27th inst., at 10 A. M., and continued in session two days.

Notwithstanding the present distracted condition of our State nearly fifty teachers and friends of education were present.

In the absence of the President, Dr. Crary, the Vice President, Prof. Williams, presided.

The sessions of the Association were devoted to reports on common schools, normal schools, qualifications of teachers, teachers' institutes, lectures, and discussions on various educational subjects.

The report of the Executive Committee contained many valuable suggestions, —which were adopted by the Association —the principal of which are—

1st. That the public press should be enlisted to a regular and specific advocacy of a perfect system of common schools.

2d. That a committee be appointed to prepare a circular, and distribute to all the colleges, high schools, &c., inviting their teachers to unite with the Association and aid in promoting its interests.

3d. That a committee of lecturers be appointed by the Executive Committee to traverse the State and lecture on the subject of Common Schools, and awaken an appreciation of their value.

4th. That a committee of one from each county be appointed to memorialize the Legislature for the restoration of the office of State Superintendent; also to support a Normal School by a sufficient appropriation of money.

In the evening of the first day Prof. Brooks of Red Wing entertained the Association with a deeply interesting and instructive lecture on Teaching and the necessary qualifications.

On the second day, resolutions were adopted requiring the President hereafter to open the association with an inaugural address; that loyalty and intelligence are inseparable; that where parents neglect to give their children an education, they should be compelled to do it by legislative enactment; that where equal services are rendered by either sex, they should be equally remmerated; that the teachers present pledge their hearty support to the Association, and promise to aid in making our next meeting a Minnesota Teachers' jubilee; that the school books now in use under the recommendation of the Normal School Board are a deservedly popular series; that the teachers who have the public spirit to attend this association, are entitled to preference in school appointments, if they show equal attainments; that the thanks of the association be tendered to Davidson's line of boats, Burbank & Co.'s stage line, for a reduction in fare to the members of the association; also, to the citizens of St. Paul for free entertainment.

Prof. Williams, of Wasioja, entertained the association at 11 A. M. with an excellent and very appropriate lecture on "self culture."

In the afternoon, the association was very agreeably and profitably entertained with a lecture by Dr. B. M. Dewey, of Rochester, N. Y., on Physiology and Phrenology. The Dr. is a felicitous lecturer, and is master of his business. We recommend him to all who wish to avoid "blues" or "billiousness."

The officers of the ensuing year, are:

President—Rev. J. G. Riheldaffer, St. Paul.
Vice President—Prof. T. F. Chickstum, Hastings.
Secretary—J. H. Gates, St. Paul.
Treasurer—W. T. Hatch, Prescott.
Chairman—Rev. Jabez Brooks, Red Wing; Prof. A. D. Williams, Wasioja.
Managers—Rev. Mr. Bast, Winona; R. D. Traver, Hastings; Ex-Lieut. Gov. Holcombe, Stillwater.

After having designated Hastings as the place of holding the next meeting the association adjourned to meet at Hastings on the last Wednesday of August, 1863, having spent a pleasant and harmonious session.

NOTICE OF GUARDIAN'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given, that, pursuant to the order or license of the Probate Court in and for the county of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, duly made the 5th day of September, A. D. 1861; I, the undersigned Guardian of Anthony Frenier, and Francis Chardon, minors, will offer for sale and will sell at auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Post Office at Forest City, in the county of Meeker, and State of Minnesota, on the 30th day of August, 1862, at the hour of nine o'clock A. M. of that day, all of the following described real estate, situated and being in said county of Meeker, and particularly described as follows: The northwest quarter of section eight (8) and the southeast quarter of section six (6), in town one hundred and twenty (120) north, of range twenty-nine west; also the east half of the northeast quarter of section ten (10) in township one hundred and twenty (120) north of range thirty (30) west; the foregoing being the property of said minor, Anthony Frenier; also the northeast quarter of section twenty (20), the northwest quarter of section thirty, and east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-one, all in town one hundred and twenty-one (121) north of range twenty-nine (29) west, the same being the property of said minor, Francis Chardon. Said parcels of land will be sold separately, and in the order above designated.

ANTOINE FRENIER,
Guardian of said minors, Anthony Frenier and Francis Chardon.

Dated July 29th, A. D. 1862. tu s5-5w

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—DISTRICT COURT, SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, ss.

Ira S. Town, Plff—against Abagail Williams, Def't.

In the name of the State of Minnesota:

To Abagail Williams, the above named Defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court above named, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in St. Paul, in said Ramsey County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Two-hundred Hundred and Forty-three Dollars and Twenty-two cents, and interest thereon from and since the 3d day of August, 1859, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, St. Paul, May 26th, 1862.

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
jy27-6w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

STATE OF MINNESOTA—DISTRICT COURT—RAMSEY COUNTY—SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

David Lowitz vs. the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company.

The State of Minnesota:

To the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court, in his office, in Saint Paul, and a copy whereof is herewith served upon you; and to serve a copy of your answer upon us at our office in Saint Paul, of said county and state, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will have its damages assessed by a jury or the amount he is entitled to recover, ascertained by the court, or under its direction, and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained and his costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Dated at Saint Paul, Ramsey County.

BRISBIN & WARNER,
fri a5-6w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Any information concerning the whereabouts of Chas. H., or Wm. H. Edwards or Caroline Edwards, who formerly lived in Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, will be thankfully received by the undersigned, who lives in Newport, Campbell County, Kentucky.

J. K. EDWARDS.

☞ St. Anthony papers please copy once. a19

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, a vacancy exists in the office of State Senator for the Third Senatorial District by reason of the formal resignation of Hon. Sylvanus B. Lowry, who was elected at the last general election to represent said district in the Senate of said State:

Therefore, Proclamation is hereby made that agreeably to the provisions of an act entitled "an act to regulate elections in this State, and to reduce the several acts relating to the same to one act," approved March 12, 1861, the said vacancy so occurring will be filled by the qualified voters of the counties of Stearns, Todd, Cass, Wadena, Otter Tail, Andy Johnson, Clay, Douglas, Becker, Polk, Pembina, Morrison, Crow Wing, Aiken, Itaska, Buchanan, Carlton, St. Louis and Lake, the same constituting the Third Senatorial District aforesaid, at a special election to be held therein on Saturday, the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be conducted and the returns made in the manner prescribed by the law regulating general elections in this State.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in the city of Saint [L. S.] Paul, this twenty-fifth day of August, A. D. 1862.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
James H. Baker,
Secretary of State.

☞ Papers in the District please copy.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

Adjutant General's Office, St. Paul, Min., August 23d, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 28th day of August, 1862, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, for the manufacture and making up of two thousand six hundred and eighty-one uniform coats, and the same number of pairs of trowsers.

The contract for the manufacture of the above amount of clothing will be let entire, or in lots of not less than one hundred coats or one hundred pairs of trowsers, the whole amount to be finished and delivered within four weeks after receiving the cloth.

The contract whether let entire, or in lots as above specified, will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders; this department reserving the right to reject all unreasonable or irresponsible bids.

All bids must be accompanied by the names of the sureties who will be offered for the performance of the contract, and must state the number of coats or trowsers that the bidders will complete and deliver weekly. All work must be of the best quality, having reference chiefly to durability and strength.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General and
Acting Quarter-Master.

The time during which the proposals above invited will be received is hereby extended until the 2d day of September next at noon of that day.

OSCAR MALMROS, Adj. Gen'l and
a28-tf Acting Quarter-Master.

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, it has been represented to me that a vacancy exists in the office of Representative in the State Legislature, in the Eleventh Representative District consisting of the county of Winona, by reason of the removal from the State of E. B. Weld, Esq., who was elected to said office at the last general election.

Now, therefore, proclamation is hereby made that such vacancy will be filled by the electors of said county of Winona, at a special election to be held in said county on the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be held and conducted and the returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as general elections are held and conducted, and the returns thereof made and canvassed.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in Saint Paul, this [L. S.] twenty-fifth day of August, A. D. 1862.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
James H. Baker,
Secretary of State.

☞ Winona County papers please copy.

BUSINESS LOCALS

24 Hours Time Saved.—By taking the morning boat out of St. Paul, passengers going East arrive at the point of destination 24 hours in advance of those taking the afternoon boat of the same day. Purchase tickets of

C. L. WOOD, Ticket Agent,
a19-tf LaCrosse and Milwaukee R. R.

Now Ready.—The Rules of Practice adopted in general session of the Judges of this State and published by the Press Printing Company, are now ready for delivery—price fifteen cents per copy, or $1.50 per dozen. These rules go into effect on the first of September, and will have all the authority and force of law. Every lawyer in the state must have a copy. Remittances may be made in bank notes or postage stamps.

Land for Sale or Exchange.—1,080 acres in Mower County, well adapted for sheep and stock, low for cash, or for good unencumbered property in St. Paul, or a farm in its vicinity. Address box 1892, St. Paul Post Office. nov2

Choice Family Flour.—The St. Paul City Mills, at the Upper Levee, is one of the best Merchant Mills in the State. The proprietor keeps constantly on hand a Choice article of Family Flour, made from the best Winter and Club Wheat. Also, Meal, Bran, Shorts, Mid dlings, &c. For sale low at wholesale and retail

a30-tf C. H. H. BAKER.

Our House, Third Street, opposite Armory Hall, H. F. E. Vitt, Proprietor.—This old established house is in full operation, and is prepared to furnish meals at all hours of the day or night. The bar is supplied with the very best liquors. The larder is always full. Oysters at 25 and 30 cents per dozen. Hot Coffee, Steaks, &c., &c. Give me a call.

fe26-dly H. F. E. VITT.

Notice.—No one is authorized to make bills or otherwise contract debts for the Press office except the secretary, Mr. Bradley.

At Whitney's Gallery. — Photographic Albums.—The largest, most elegant and cheapest assortment ever brought to St. Paul. a3-tf

Land Warrants, Half Breed and Revolutionary Scrip—all sizes—prices.

Jy28 THOMPSON BROS.

Miscellaneous.

D. NEWELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

☞ Office over Dana's Bank, Third Street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul Minnesota. my25-dly

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF RAMSEY COUNTY BONDS AND SCRIP.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, July 21st, 1862.

Resolved, That the County Scrip and all over due Bonds of this County, (except Fort Street Bonds,) may be exchanged for Bonds running fifteen years, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. premium, payable semi-annually in Cash; and the Board shall levy annually an amount sufficient to meet such interest.

Resolved further, That all Bond holders who are willing to receive such new Bonds may, if they desire so to do apply one tenth of the over due Bonds so to be exchanged upon County Taxes prior to 1869.

T. M. METCALF,
jy25 d3w County Auditor.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Office of the Treasurer of State, Saint Paul, Aug. 4, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 6th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD. Said wood to be paid for in State warrants, and delivered at State Capital, as required.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,
a20-td State Treasurer.

Miscellaneous.

WM. ILLINGWORTH,

Watch Manufacturer.

—AND—

TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!

SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.

JACKSON-ST., - - - ST. PAUL.

Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line

A LITTLE SUPERIOR

to any other establishment in the North-west.

☞ N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.

☞ Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. mr9y

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.

E. J. WAY,

Agent for the North Star Mills, has just received a choice article of FLOUR, manufactured from new club Wheat, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.

Robert Street, between Fourth and Fifth. a27-1w

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the Adjutant Generals or Quarter-Master General's Department of the State of Minnesota, will immediately present the same for adjustment and settlement.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant-General.

☞ Pioneer and Democrat copy. a26-1w

TWENTY ACRE TRACT.

Twenty acres desirable land, half an hour's drive of the Steamboat Landing in St. Paul.

HENRY McKENTY,
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. Dealer in Real Estate. je28-d&w6m

C. E. WOOLSEY & CO.,

(SUCCESSOR TO L. D. WILSON,)

Commission Merchants,

NO. 211 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.

CASH ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS.

mar1-d&wly

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS

Can get pleasant rooms, with new furniture, and excellent table, by addressing Box 1260, St. Paul Post Office. The house is about one mile from the Winslow House, on the Bluff in Upper Town, and has extensive grounds, shade trees, &c.

jy25-d1f

A SMALL EMIGRATION DOCUMENT.

A circular by the Commissioner of Statistics, entitled "Free Homes in Minnesota," and which condenses a great many leading facts about Minnesota in the compass of a page of letter paper, is in type at this office, and will be printed without charge for any one who will supply the paper. This is one of many forms by which the Commissioner of Statistics is endeavoring to diffuse abroad a knowledge of the advantages which Minnesota offers for settlement under the Homestead, and as it costs no one anything but the trouble of bringing their letter paper to this office, we hope our business men will generally takes a hand in" and push on the good work.

ARMY REGULATIONS.

CAMERON'S U. S. TACTICS,

HARDEE'S TACTICS,

BEADLE'S DIME TACTICS,

MARIEES, THIRD PART LES MISEBABLES,

Just received at

COMBS' BOOKSTORE.

Jy31-1y

BYERS & POLLOCK

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, St. Paul, Minnesota.

nov11-1lw1y

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

H. A. PITT & CO'S

THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

Jy27- NICOLS & DEAN.

PALMER'S PURE

VINEGAR.

This is the kind of Vinegar that should be used by all housekeepers for

PICKLES

AND THE

TABLE.

It is warranted pure and wholesome, and to give perfect satisfaction wherever used. Try it,

AND YOU WILL HAVE NO OTHER.

For sale at our works on Sibley street, and by all grocers who have an eye to keeping

CHOICE GOODS FOR SALE.

C. C. LEWIS & CO.

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY.

The School Year commences September 1st, and closes July 1st; with a recess of a week between Christmas and New Year, and a week in April. The long vacation occupies the warm months of July and August.

CHARGES.

Board, with furnished room,.....$30 per quarter
Tuition in Primary Department.. 8 "
" in all other classes,..... 10 "

EXTRA STUDIES.

Music, with use of Piano,.....$14 "
Drawing,..... 5 "
Crayoning,..... 8 "
Oil Painting,..... 10 "
Modern Languages at Professors' charges.
Washing, 50 cents per dozen.
Fire in room for the winter, $10.

J. G. RIHELDAFFRE,
Superintendent.
Corner of Summit Avenue and St. Peter St.

A CARD.

The undersigned, having for a long time had pupils in the St. Paul Female Seminary, under the care of Rev. J. G. Riheldaffer, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, beg leave to recommend this institution to parents who have daughters to be educated.

The course of study is as extended and comprehensive as in similar institutions in other parts of the country.

Thoroughness in all the branches taught, is a marked characteristic of the institution. The teachers are experienced and abundantly competent in their several departments.

Young Ladies boarding in the Seminary have a comfortable home and all the advantages that need be desired for them while at school.

The terms for board and tuition are as reasonable as such facilities can be afforded.

Mr. R. is making laudable efforts for the permanent establishment of a Female Seminary of a high order at the Capital of the State, and we rejoice in the prospect of its success. The school is now in the fourth year of its existence, and the intelligent can begin to judge of it by its fruits.

We would, therefore, after having made thorough trial of the St. Paul Female Seminary, recommend to all with whom we may have influence, to aid with their patronage in the support of an institution for the education of our daughters, in our own healthful and invigorating climate.

John Nicols, St. Paul.
William Holcombe, Stillwater.
Geo. S. Winslow, Hastings.
C. M. Goodsell, Northfield.
William Sherberd, Shakopee.
D. W. Ingersoll, St. Paul.
G. W. Nichols, "
F. McCormick, "
Dr. T. R. Potts, "
Isaac Staples, Stillwater. jy23-w6w

Miscellaneous.

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5.30 A. M.	5.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A.M.
9.00 "	9.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A M.
2.00 P. M.	2.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

CHAS. A. E. MORRIS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.

Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 60 cents.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

CARPETS.

CASH TRADES

ARE

ALWAYS BARGAINS.

CALL AT

JOSEPH BUGBEE'S

New Carpet Store,

Facing the River,

THIRD STREET,..... ST. PAUL.

a13-3m

BUGGIES.

We have just received and have now on hand a few

Eastern Made Buggies

AND LIGHT BUSINESS WAGONS,

and expect to receive in the next few weeks

A GOOD ASSORTMENT,

Which we will sell for cash, at extreme low figures and warrant them made of

GOOD MATERIAL.

a13-1m J. & C. M. DAILEY.

MILITARY GOODS.

CAMPBELL,

Has just received a fresh lot of fine goods. The only place in this city where a complete outfit can be found. Officers' uniforms made on short notice.

No. 2 Bernheimer's Block, 3d-st.,
a13-2w St. Paul.

ST. PAUL CHAIR FACTORY

GALLEY & JANSON,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail dealers in

CHAIRS!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WABASHAW STREET, BET. 5TH & 6TH, ST. PAUL.

☞ We are prepared to supply the trade with the very best quality of work, made under our personal supervision, and

WARRANTED SUPERIOR

To any manufactured in the State.

Twelve years' experience in this trade, enables us to do good work in good style.

We refer to the following principal Cabinet dealers of St. Paul, who sell our work in preference to that of other manufacturers, for the reason that they consider ours the best.

J. Primrose, F. Hilleebrand, J. Doney, | J. A. Stees, J. S. Dennison,
fe13l-d&wly

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will sell all goods consigned to us, to be sold at auction, for five per cent. commission.

All sums over one hundred dollars three per cent.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Second hand furniture bought and the highest price paid.

Je19-d3m R. & J. M. WARNER,
Cor. Third & Wabashaw sts.

K. SPENCER,

Dentist, 23 Years,

MINNEAPOLIS, - - - - - MINNESOTA

As far as I know, my terms for practice will be the usual fees of Dentists of this State.

I insert ARTIFICIAL PIVOT TEETH, which are healthier, cheaper, more beautiful and durable than teeth set on plate.

Pivot Teeth do Not Prevent the Tasting of Food—Plate Teeth do.

I so stop decayed places in the crowns of Teeth, (elegantly,) as to last the life of the patient.

☞ Consultations without charge. a21-6m

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFERENCES:

Hon. George Ogilvie,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,....Albany, New York
Hon. E. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors.....Boston
je11dom&wlm&wly

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE, CHICAGO, ILL.

The twentieth annual session will commence October 1st, 1862, and continue sixteen weeks.

FACULTY:

Dan'l Brainard, M. D.....Surgery.
J. V. Z. Blaney, M. D.....Chemistry.
J. W. Freer, M. D.....Institutes.
J. Adams Allen, M. D.....Practice.
R. L. Rea, M. D.....Anatomy.
De Laskie Miller, M. D.....Obstetrics.
Ephraim Ingals, M. D. Ther. and Mat. Med.
Edwin Powell, M. D.....Demonstrator.

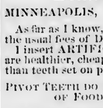
Fees—$40. Dissecting and Mat. Tickets each $5. Board $2.50 to $3 per week.

For further information or circular, address
a3-d1w&w1m R. L. REA, Sec'y, Box 533.

A LARGE DWELLING,

Near the residence of Gov. Ramsey, on the banks of the Mississippi, in a locality at once central and retired.

HENRY McKENTY,
Je28 d&w6m Dealer in Real Estate.



FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine je14-dw1y

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Representations having been made in this city and elsewhere that passengers by this route, and through Canada were liable to detention at Detroit. I am authorized to say that all Government passes good over any line to points beyond Canada, as New York, &c., are not questioned at Detroit, holders being allowed to proceed without delay.

Passes for all persons liable to military duty are furnished in this city by

C. P. BRADLEY, ESQ.,

Superintendent Police Department, also by

J. R. Jones, Esq., U. S. Marshal.

Persons residing out of the city, and unknown to either of the gentlemen named, will require the endorsement of responsible and well-known parties here or elsewhere before being able to obtain passes over any line.

No passes required for persons exempt from military duty. H. E. SARGENT,
Chicago, Aug. 26. General Agent.

NUTS.—50 BARRELS, INCLUDING Hard and Soft Shell Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, &c. COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,

Branch of Cooley & Tower (formerly Livermore, Cooley & Co.,) St. Louis,

(ESTABLISHED 1843,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers. August 3, 1862.

DRY GOODS

AT COST.

HOGAN & CAMP

Offer their entire stock of

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS,

CLOAKS, PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

AND ALL

SUMMER GOODS

AT COST.

a6-y

WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines & Liquors,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported.

W. W. WEBB.

Also, Loadon Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whiskey.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,

BUILDERS.

Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter Work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT,

Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for Buildings of every description, prepared on short notice. fe18-1y

FIRST CLASS BOARD.

Pleasant rooms, with board, in a delightful locality, lower town, within a few minutes walk of the International Hotel, can be obtained by addressing P. O. Box No. 1576, or applying at Miss C. A. Gill's, corner Eight and College Streets, next to the residence of John S. Prince, Esq.

je26 d3m

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the

Prairie du Chien and Dunleith

LINE OF BOATS

Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The Steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 8 o'clock; the Key City will leave the same evening, at 7 o'clock.

This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent
Prairie du Chien Railway.

S. B. Forbes, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.
jy21-d1f

CATAWBA BRANDY.

The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for the sale of

LYON'S PURE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY,

For the State of Minnesota, calls the attention of Physicians and the public to its medicinal qualities.

WALTER W. WEBB.
St. Paul, July 26, 1862. jy26-d8m

J. F. BLODGET,

AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,

Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.

Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12-d1f

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.

LEATHE BELTING.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

TANNERS AND CURRIERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of

LEATHER and FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,

LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.

All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

☞ Cash paid for Hides and Furs. ☜

jan18-d1y

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET,

POMEROY,

CAPTAIN E. BELL,

MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.

Leaves St. Paul at 7 A. M., 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets.

a19-d1f

REYNOLDS & McCARGA

STORAGE, FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

OFFER FOR SALE

ONE THOUSAND CORDS HARD WOOD,
TWO THOUSAND BUSHELS OATS.

The highest market price paid in cash for Pork, Wheat, Corn, Barley, Rye and other produce.

CASH advanced on consignments.

Office in the Irvine Warehouse, Upper Levee Saint Paul. je19-d1y

F. KNAUFT,

(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)

HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF

Groceries & Provisions,

A complete assortment of

QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

NEW PLATFORM SCALES,

Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr19-feb28 1y.

To Destroy—Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy—Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy—Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy—Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy—Mosquitoes and Fleas.
To Destroy—Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy—Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy—Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,

THE

'ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,'

Destroys Instantly

EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need be so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they caused nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina [O.] Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster [Wis.] Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes, bottles and flasks, $3 and $5 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞ SOLD EVERYWHERE—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Shiefelin Brothers & Co.; B. A. Fahnestock, Hall & Co.; A. B. & D. Sands & Co.; Wheeler & Hart; James C. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Hall, Rackel & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orvis; Harral, Risley & Kitchen; Bush, Gale & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; Michieson & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lezelle, Marsh & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,

☞ Sold by **DAY & JENKS.**

☞ Country Dealers can order as above, or address orders direct—(or if price, terms, &c., is desired, send for (1862) circular, giving reduced prices) to HENRY R. COSTAR,

Principal Depot—No. 302 Broadway—(Opposite the St. Nickolas Hotel,) New York. a21-d&w3m

PRINCE & CO.'S

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS,

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 300 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

87 Fulton street.....New York.
45 Lake street.....Chicago

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME II. SAINT PAUL, SNUDAY, AUGUST 31, 1862. NUMBER 129.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, SUNDAY, AUGUST 31.

For Representatives to Congress.

First District,

William Windom,

of Winona County.

Second District,

Ignatius Donnelly,

of Dakota County.

Republican District Convention for Third Senatorial District.

A Republican District Convention will be held at St. Cloud, on Saturday the 20th day of September next, for the purpose of nominating candidates for one Senator and three Representatives to represent the Third Senatorial District in the next Legislature.

Every precinct having 50 votes or less will be entitled to one delegate and to one additional delegate for every additional 50 votes or fraction.

Per order, W. R. HUNTER, Chairman Dist. Com.

Dated August 25th, 1862.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

The lightning flashes dispel the gloom of night!

Pope has cut his way through the rebel army.

The enemy is defeated on all sides.

The moving of armies is sublime, and though the battle still progresses at various points, the ultimate victory is no longer distant nor doubtful

The night of our tribulation is passing away. The day breaketh. Twenty millions of people keep jubilee!

We refer our readers to the official report of the late battle at New Ulm.

LIEUT. COL. WM. R. MARSHALL.

Colonel Marshall left St. Paul yesterday for Fort Ridgley, in command of the Seventh Regiment.

REV. S. R. RIGGS.

This devoted Missionary, whose wonderful escape we recorded a few days ago, has been appointed Chaplain of the 7th Regiment, and has gone to the theater of war.

FROM RED RIVER

One of Barbank's express messengers arrived in town last evening, bringing intelligence from Gorgetown up to Monday last. Fort Abercrombie, Tuesday morning, and Breckenridge Tuesday noon. The women and children of Georgetown had come up to the Fort for safety, and the stores and other moveable property was to be taken aboard the boat and barges, and moved down to the settlements below.

Two more persons had been found murdered, making five in all killed by the Indians, at or near Breckenridge.

A company of 100 mounted men will leave St. Cloud this morning to scour the country between that place and Fort Abercrombie.

THE SIOUX ARMY.

Lieut. Col. Marshall, of this paper, who accompanied the gallant force of mounted men which on Tuesday night penetrated to Fort Ridgley, entirely corroborates the view taken by the PRESS in the number of Indians engaged in the the recent raid, and demonstations before Fort Ridgley and New Ulm. We stated their active force at probably six hundred, or eight hundred, if all were combined. He says the force before Ft. Ridgely did not exceed four hundred and Capt. Flandrau, in the letter which we publish in another column, estimates the same body engaged before New Ulm, at three hundred and fifty.

The Chippewa Expedition.

ST. CLOUD, August 28th, 1862.

To Governor Ramsey:

SIR:—Gen. Dole and myself left St. Paul last evening at five o'clock, arrived here at seven o'clock this morning. We find Capt. Burt and Libby with their companies arrived here last night. They left here this morning, and will probably arrive at Fort Ripley to-morrow noon We take fresh horses here to enable us to overtake them before morning.

From what information we can get here there has been no bloodshed by the Chippewas, and we have great hopes of settling all difficulties, as far as they are concerned, as soon as we can meet them in council.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,
CLARK W. THOMPSON.

All Quiet at Forest City.

MINNEAPOLIS, August 30, 1862.

Editors of the Press:

SIRS:—A letter has just been received in town from Capt. Strout, dated at Forest City the 28th, in which he stated that he had not seen an Indian between this place and that. It is his opinion that they have all fled beyond the settlements. He expected to start for Glencoe on the 29th, and is probably there now with his command, or his company.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
CYRUS ALDRICH.

HON. WM. WINDOM, of Winona, arrived in town yesterday, and will be here for one or two days. He looks as tho' he would be able to survive the infliction of serving another term in Congress, which the people of the first district appear to insist on.

WILL THE SOUTH ARM THE SLAVES?

A correspondent of the New York *Times* calls attention to this subject. He says:

"Will you not call attention to the present greatest danger of the war—that the South, in their desperation, will free and arm their slaves to meet this great new Northern army?

Of course it would give them foreign recognition, and final victory. To us it must bring defeat, shame, and the loss of all for which we have spent such treasure and blood."

The answer of the *Times* makes light of the danger, and fails to meet the question at issue. It is as follows:

"The danger feared by our correspondent is, of all others, least likely to happen, it is not simply because the South has not the arms for the purpose, but because the negroes cannot be trusted with arms. To take the course apprehended would be to inaugurate a servile war far more terrible than the civil one now raging; a war that would leave the women and children of the South at the mercy of the slaves; and in every way intensify the evils from which such arming is designed to save a ruined people. The slaveholders well understand against whom the blacks will use any muskets they can lay hands on. They also quite thoroughly understand the sympathy with which the negroes universally regard the progress and results of the Northern warfare. In the presence of these facts, nothing is less to be feared than the arming of the slaves."

If the South has been able to find arms for the four or six hundred thousand, raised by conscription, may she not by the same means, find arms for two or three hundred thousand negroes?

But it is said that "The negroes cannot be trusted with arms." The *Times* ignores the principal condition of the problem—that the South may *free* and arm the slaves to meet the great Northern army.

He who bears arms is free. The negroes will bear arms, not as slaves, but as freemen. The negroes understand their rights, and they know that, in some way, they are the cause of the war. Many of them are educated and eloquent. Such men as Fred. Douglas are not mere idle spectators of the scene, as an army of two hundred thousand men retreat before an advancing foe; and when the time shall come for the strife of battle and the shock of arms—three or four hundred thousand men on each side, engaged in conflict—they will be disposed naturally, and from the most imperative considerations, to lend their aid to the highest bidder. They bide their time. Their sympathies are strongly with the North; but the love of liberty will overrule all other considerations, and they will accept the offer of the party first proposing the alliance.

The question then recurs, Will the South arm its slaves?

What are the elements involved in the question.

First. To submit is to lose not only national sovereignty, but slaves, and lands, and property. All their rights, including that of life itself, are forfeited by the act of treason.

Second. To free and arm the slaves confers independence and all the rights of property, except that of slavery. Can any one doubt which they will choose, in the last emergency?

If the rebels become convinced that they cannot obtain European recognition, and that they cannot, with the utmost efforts of the conscription, drive back the Federal armies, they will at once proclaim *universal emancipation*. They will choose independence and national sovereignty, without slavery, rather than subjugation involving the loss not only of slavery, but of all the rights forfeited by treason.

The great peril of the hour is, that the South will (in certain possible contingencies) arm its slaves.

But these contingencies may not occur. Still, the slaves are to the South an element of military strength.

They perform the labor on the farms and in the shops, leaving the entire white population free to take up arms.

A recent number of the Lynchburg *Virginian* notices the abundance of the wheat and oat crops in Virginia, and adds that the corn crop, which also promises to be abundant, is now so far advanced as to be regarded as safe. What it says on this point is confirmed by the observation of our army, so far as it has progressed in the occupation of the Old Dominion, and this is specially true of the valley of Virginia. The editor says:

"The South is self-sustaining and independent of the rest of mankind. Hostile fleets may hover about its ports and keep out the commerce of the world, but still its granaries will be full, and plenty will abound. We may laugh to scorn the blockade, and yet fight our battles and win victories and have plenty to eat and to spare all the time"

We never had any faith in the system crushing out the rebellion by blockade and starvation. It is by no "anaconda" process of subjecting men, women and children to the tortures of a lingering death, but by advancing and subduing on the battle-field our enemies, and by receiving and protecting all, of whatever class or color, who seek our aid, that this rebellion can be subdued.

We were informed, six weeks ago, by a gentleman from Alabama, that the South had at that time a million of men under arms; the reserve organized and drilled, ready to move by companies or regiments at a moment's notice.

Parson Brownlow, in a recent speech in Buffalo, said:

"He was sorry to announce a fact that might seem incredible to his audience, namely, that the rebels have now a round *million* of men in the field. They got 150,000 men out of Tennessee, Kentucky and Maryland, and every man from 16 to 60 in the South is now forced to bear arms. Slavery is the chief element of their strength. What we have to do now is to meet them with a million and a half of men.

The following extract from the Richmond *Whig* of August 13th, is very suggestion:

"This force (1,000,000) can be kept in the field so long as the North may assail us, and it will not interfere with our producing or agricultural population. When the present crops are gathered, the South will not again feel any want of food for man or horse. Insubordination among our black population, upon which the North counted so largely, does not exist. *Our slaves can be safely trusted to the management of the boys under eighteen and the old men, and abundant crops be thus secured while our fighting men are in the field.* Not so with the North. When ever she puts anything like her military strength in the field she weakens her power to feed her people; and though her white population in 1860 was 19,000,000, against 8,700,000 whites of the South, and though she ought, therefore, to be able to send out two soldiers where we can send one, yet we question much if she can send out her one million as rapidly as the South can."

When General Banks proposed several months ago to have a million of men called for the prosecution of the war, though deemed extravagant by many, he was not far out of the way—as events now transpiring completely demonstrate. The campaign on the Peninsula has proved anutter failure, a whole year has been lost, and again the Rebel forces threaten Maryland and Washington; and while we write, the country waits in breathless expectation, fearful that the next telegraphic message may report another overwhelming catastrophe.

The agony of the nation demands relief. The most prompt and energetic measures are indispensably necessary; for unless this gigantic conspiracy be arrested speedily, another draft will be required of half a million of men.

The fact that this is a slaveholder's war against the Government, renders it almost impossible to preserve the Government without the destruction of slavery. The question at issue *is not*, as many suppose, whether we shall *arm* the slaves, but whether we shall deliver them from bondage by a prompt execution of the law of confiscation, and thus at once, and almost without a battle, break the force of the rebellion

The South cannot maintain an army in the field without an army of slaves to furnish the supplies. The nation is in peril. The great crisis is not yet past. It is an *imperative necessity* to break the great rebellion by drying up the fountains of its strength. We need not *arm* the slaves, even of rebels, but *self-preservation* demands that we avail ourselves of every legitimate aid in suppressing the rebellion; and the late act of Congress, to say nothing of the rights of war, authorizes the *confiscation* of rebel property and the liberation of the slaves.

The military strength of the South may be broken effectually without arming the slaves. It is only necessary to assure them of freedom, to welcome them within our lines, and if we have not work for them in connection with the army, to permit them to make their way toward the North Star. The fugitive finds a safe asylum in Canada; and multitudes of them, if free, might find employment on our *now* neglected farms, whose owners have for sixteen months been toiling in the field to hold them in slavery.

It is notorious that the general tendency of the military administration has contributed to the maintenance of slavery; and consequently to the strength and violence of the rebellion.

The proclamations of Generals Fremont and Hunter were modified or annulled, while those of McClellan, Patterson and Sherman have been permitted to remain in force.

General Geo. B. McClellan opened the campaign in behalf of the Union in West Virginia by a proclamation, dated May 26, 1861, wherein he takes care to say:

"Notwithstanding all that has been said by the traitors to induce you to believe that our advent among you will be signalized by interference with your slaves, understand one thing clearly—not only will we abstain from all such interference, but we will, on the contrary, with an iron hand, *crush any attempt at insurrection on their part.*"

Gen. Robert Patterson, June 3, issued from Chambersburg, Pa., *his* proclamation to his troops preparatory to entering Virginia from the North, wherein he says:

"You must bear in mind that you are going for the good of the whole country, and that, while it is your duty to punish sedition, you must protect the loyal, and, should the occasion offer, *at once suppress survile insurrection.*"

Gen. T. W. Sherman had the land forces that accompanied Commodore Dupont's expedition to Hilton Head. The General, safely on shore, addressed a Proclamation "To the People of South Carolina"—all (the Whites) then in flagrant and bitter rebellion, so that he could not find a white to read a copy of this appeal—those to whom it was proffered, saying there were none of the sort he called loyal. General S. talked to these original and vindictive rebels after this fashion:

"The dictates of a duty which, under the Constitution, I owe to a great sovereign state, and to a proud and hospitable people among whom I have passed some of the pleasantest days of my life, prompt me to proclaim that we have come among you with no feelings of personal animosity; no desire to harm your citizens, destroy your property, or interfere with any of your lawful laws, rights, or *your social and local institutions*, beyond what the causes herein briefly alluded to may render unavoidable."

The country has been brought into the present strait by the unwillingness of the military authorities to accept the aid of our natural allies, or even to avail themselves of information from them of the movements of the enemy. The fleeing, panting refugees have been driven back by hundreds and thousands from our lines, by our unwilling, protesting soldiers, and subordinate officers have been arrested and court-martialed for refusing to participate in the execution of such orders.

Never before has a rightful and beneficent government been assailed by so wanton and wicked a rebellion; and never before did a government struggling for national life with an infuriated and reckless foe hesitate at so simple and primary an act of self-defense as would at once put an end to the war and save multitudes from unwilling servitude to those who seek to subvert and destroy it.

The slaves of rebels are already free, by the law of the land.

The execution of the law is dependent on the President and his subordinates—the military commanders in the field.

Congress the last session passed an act, by overwhelming majorities, to suppress insurrection, to punish treason and rebellion, to seize and confiscate the property of rebels, and to liberate their slaves. It was modified at the request of the President, and was then signed by him, and became the law of the land

The ninth section of the Confiscation Act declares as follows:

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, that all slaves of persons who shall hereafter be engaged in rebellion against the Government of the United States, or who shall in any way give aid or encouragement thereto, escaping from such persons, and taking refuge within t e lines of the army; all slaves captured from such persons, or deserted by them and coming under the control of the Government of the United States; and all slaves of such persons found or being within any place occupied by the forces of the United States, shall be deemed captives of war, and shall be forever free of their servitude, and not again held as slaves.

The faithful execution of this ninth section of the Confiscation Act, would at once strike the shackles from the hands of every slave who succeeds in reaching our lines, and paralyze the strength of the rebellion by withdrawing the producing classes who furnish its supplies.

The prompt execution of this law has become a military necessity—and time is pressing—delay may be fatal—for if thwarted in their plans—if defeated in the grand duel now in progress—the South will assuredly free and arm the slaves—while conservatives and radicals in solemn procession unite in keeping time to the death knell of the Republic.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, August 29th, 1862.

[SPECIAL ORDERS NO. FIFTY-SEVEN.]

Henry Ash, of Wabashaw County, will recruit and organize one company of mounted infantry—such company to organize by electing one person as Captain, one as First Lieutenant and one as Second Lieutenant. The persons so elected will from the time of their election possess and exercise all power and authority over the company that they would have if duly commissioned thereto, and will upon such election notify this office of the same, and the place to which they desire their commissions to be forwarded. For the purpose of organizing such company the said Ash is hereby clothed with all the power bestowed upon commanders of detachments in General Orders No. 41 from this office. A. G. Remondius, Dr. Francis H. Milligan and Philo Stone, of the same county, are hereby appointed as appraisers to appraise all horses that may be furnished or taken by said company and will forthwith after such appraisal, transmit a full and complete report to this office of all their doings in the premises and a list of all horses appraised by them and the names of their owners with the true value of each.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

OSCAR MALMROS, Adjutant-General.

a31-1t

DIED.

At Minneapolis, August 28th, 1862, ANNA J. GOING, wife of Dr. Geo. H. Keith.

Funeral this day (Sunday) at the Baptist Church, 2 o'clock P. M.

New Advertisements.

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, August 30th, 1862.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE received by the undersigned at his office in Saint Paul, until the 9th day of September, 1862, at 12 o'clock M. on said day, for furnishing the following articles of Commissary Stores, viz:

500—Five hundred and forty barrels of Mess Pork, well salted, brine fresh.
12,000—Twelve thousand pounds of Hard Bread, in barrels.
2,200—Two thousand two hundred barrels of Extra Superfine Flour.
800—Eight hundred bushels of White Beans, in barrels.
30,000—Thirty thousand pounds of Rice, in barrels.
25,000—Twenty-five thousand pounds of Rio Coffee, in double sacks.
300—Three hundred pounds of Black Tea.
50,000—Fifty thousand pounds of Refined Sugar, in barrels.
3,000—Three thousand pounds of Crushed Sugar, in barrels.
80—Eighty barrels of Pure Wine Vinegar.
40—Forty barrels of Molasses.
9—Nine barrels of Golden Syrup.
4,000—Four thousand pounds of Adamantine Candles.
13,000—Thirteen thousand pounds of Rosin Soap, in boxes.
200—Two hundred and ten bushels of ground Alum Salt, in double sacks.
4,000—Four thousand pounds of Dried Apples, in barrels.
30—Thirty barrels of good Common Whisky.
9—Nine barrels of Bourbon Whisky.
300—Three hundred gallons of Pickles, in barrels.

Every article must pass a thorough inspection, and be of the best quality.

Samples must be furnished. Bidders must name two responsible sureties in their bids. Bidders can bid for one or all of the above articles, and the undersigned reserves to himself the right to reject any and all bids deemed extravagant.

Contractors will be required to deliver the stores in Saint Paul, on or before the 30th day of September, 1862.

All packages (boxes, barrels and sacks) must be furnished free of cost.

T. M. SAUNDERS, Capt. 3rd Artillery, Acting Com. Sub. U. S. A.

a31-1d

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.

WINSLOW'S LINE.

ANOTHER GREAT VICTORY!

GEN. POPE'S REPORT.

The enemy leaves Manassas

THE REBELS ROUTED!

Camp Baggage and Arms Captured.

300 Killed and Wounded!

THE ENEMY IN FLIGHT.

Overtaken and Captured

1,000 PRISONERS TAKEN!

Guns, Artillery and Arms Captured!

MANASSAS JUNCTION, Aug. 28, 1 P. M.

To Major General Halleck:

SIR—As soon as I discovered that a large force of the enemy was turning our right toward Manassas, and that the division I had ordered to take post there two days before had not arrived from Alexandria, I immediately broke up my camp at Warrenton Junction, and marched back in three columns.

I directed McDowell with his own and Sigel's corps to march upon Gainesville by the Warrenton and Alexandria turnpike, Reno and one division of Heintzelman's to march on Greenwich, and with Porter's corps and Hooker's division I marched back to Manassas Junction.

McDowell was ordered to interpose between the forces of the enemy which had passed down to Manassas through Gainesville, and his main body moving down from White Plains through Thoroughfare Gap. This was completely accomplished; Longstreet, who had passed through the Gap, being driven back to the western side.

The forces at Greenwich were designed to support McDowell in case he met too large a force of the enemy.

The division of Hooker, marching towards Manassas, came upon the enemy near Kettle Run on the afternoon of the 27th, and after a sharp engagement, routed them completely, killing and wounding 300, capturing camps and baggage, and many stand of arms.

This morning the command pushed rapidly to Manassas Junction, which Jackson had evacuated about three hours in advance. He retreated by Centerville and took the turnpike toward Warrenton. He was met six miles west of Centerville by McDowell and Sigel late this afternoon. A severe fight took place, which has terminated by darkness. The enemy was driven back at all points, and thus the affair rests. Heintzelman's corps will move on him at daylight from Centerville, and I don't see how the enemy is to escape without heavy loss.

We have captured 1,000 prisoners, many arms, and some pieces of artillery.

signed JOHN POPE, Maj. Gen.

A SEVERE ENGAGEMENT!

The Federal Victory Complete.

Rebels Driven through the Passes of Bull Run Mountain.

FEARFUL LOSS OF LIFE!

Great Excitement in Western Maryland.

No Fears for the Safety of the Capital.

The Union Army Moving Forward

A Great Battle Expected.

NEW YORK, August 29.

Generals Burnside and Pope have successfully cut their way through the rebel forces at Manassas, and have formed a junction with the army of Virginia, under Gen. McClellan, this side of Centreville.

There has been a severe engagement with the rebels, by the divisions under Generals Hooker, Sturgis and Sumner, in which the rebels were completely routed and driven from the vicinity of Manassas and Bull Run and through the passes of the Bull Run Mountains.

The loss of life on both sides is said to have been heavy. No accurate information is obtainable on this point, but it is believed the enemy were severely punished and many prisoners taken.

It is said the Potomac is now fordable at any point above Washington, and much excitement prevails throughout Western Maryland, arising from the fear that a portion of the Confederate army may make a desperate and destructive raid in that quarter; but the arrangements are ample for all emergencies.

The enemy has not yet appeared on the upper Potomac, although the indications have pointed to such an event, and the excitement on both sides of the line continues.

The fears for the safety of Washington are entirely dispelled, as the defences of the Capital are perfect and impregnable. The general feeling of the loyal people of both Alexandria and Washington is one of more confidence, and depression which has prevailed among the loyal people for the past week, has given way to that of joy and gladness. That there has been the most extensive arrangements of troops from Alexandria and other points is beyond a doubt, and it is currently believed that the major portion of our army has had either skirmishing or hard-fought battles within the last twenty-four hours.

It is generally believed that an extensive forward movement was made by the whole army to-day, under Gen. McClellan, involving a battle, but the result of the battle which has been fought is not announced. Our advices are up to noon to day, Friday, and are of the most trustworthy sources.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Rebel Forces under Jackson and Stuart 30,000 Strong.

A FORCED MARCH.

REBEL PLANS DEFEATED.

Disposal of our Forces.

Stonewall Jackson Sursounded by a Wall of Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.

The Washington *Star* of last evening contains the following intelligence:

We have information that satisfies us that the rebel forces that suddenly appeared between the position of the army of Gen. Pope and at Bristow and Manasses on Tuesday night last, was the army corps of Jackson and Stuart's independent cavalry corps.

They consisted of infantry and artillery, and marched 30,000 strong from near Waterloo, on the head waters of the Rappahannock, around by White Plains, by Manassas, about forty miles, in two days, without wagons, tents, blankets, or even knaps cks, thus leaving their baggage of every description to be transported by wagons with the other army corps of Lee, following behind them.

Instead of fighting merely a portion of Stuart's cavalry, at Manassas, day before yesterday, Taylor's brigade was actually confronted by a greater portion of Jackson's corps d'armee, under Major Generals Jackson, Ewell, Taliafero, Hill and Stuart, and the General-in-Chief, Robert Lee, or his son, Brigadier General Fitz Hugh Lee, being present at Manassas during the engagement yesterday.

At ten o'clock, P.M., Jackson's advance occupied Fairfax Court House with a force of cavalry, and had collected their own wounded of the action of the day before, with Taylor and their wounded in the engagement of the same day, with Hooker, and also the prisoners they took from Taylor in the afternoon. About 400 of their cavalry force, under Stuart, in person, moved on from Fairfax Court House to Vienna.

Hooker's battle of day before yesterday, was with Ewell's division, and was a gratifying success.

Maj. Gen. Pope, by half past 9 yesterday, had concentrated his very large army so as to sadly interfere with the calculations upon which the rebel generals must have ventured their very bold and extraordinary movements, and had got McDowell's force, including Sigel's, probably between Jackson's rear and Longstreet's front, and had, also, all the rest of his army well up within supporting distance. Thus it continued through the balance of the afternoon.

Facts within our knowledge lead to the impression that within 24 hours direct communication will have been established between Washington and Major General Pope's army—more especially as there are signs that Jackson's army is endeavoring to proceed northwardly, as though making the experiment of opposing the re-establishment of such communication with his immediate front, with Pope's army practically between him and the other rebel corps d'armee.

We may add that Gen. McClellan is disposing of his heavy force around Washington, Alexandria, and the fortifications, so as soon to make it play an important part in the drama of the hour.

In the battle of yesterday the attack certainly came from our side.

"Occasional" of the *Press* of this city says, while Gens. Sigel and McDowell are harrassing Stonewall Jackson in flank Gen. Banks is in his rear, and a larger army than all disputes his march.

Arrival of Steamer at Fortress Monroe.

Governor Stanley Proceeds to Washington.

Pennsylvania Troops Forwarded to Washington.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 28.

The steamer Daniel Webster arrived to-day from the Norfolk hospital with 180 sick and wounded soldiers.

The signal corps which has been attached to McClellan's army left here this afternoon for the Potomac, on the steamer Arrowsmith, which also takes up a large number of recruits for the Fire Zonaves, who arrived this morning via Baltimore.

The time for the removal of all wooden buildings on the Point will expire on the 31st, but no one seems to realize that it will actually take place.

BALTIMORE, August 29.

Gov. Stanley arrived here to-day, and proceeded to Washington.

WASHINGTON, August 29.

Brigadier Gen Barry, U. S. volunteers, late chief of artillery, with Gen McClellan, is assigned to duty as Inspector General of artillery, and is ordered to report to the chief of ordnance.

HARRISBURG, August 29.

It is believed here, in military circles, that a draft will be made in only a very few districts, and volunteers are pledged, in almost every county, to be furnished promptly after the quota is declared.

Two full regiments will be sent to Washington from this place each day during the next seven days, and seven additional regiments will be sent from Philadelphia as fast as transportation can be procured.

Rebels Obstructing Navigation.

A Gunboat on Hand.

CAIRO, August 30.

The steamer Rosie Hamilton was fired into on Thursday, thirty miles above Fort Henry. Three shots took effect. The captain was wounded. The gunboat Alfred Cobb, which was following the Rosie Hamilton, shelled the woods, without, however, effecting a dislodgment of the rebels.

NEWS FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Discovery of Concealed Arms.

Union Meeting Held on the 20th.

Gunboat Destroyed by Guerrillas.

Com. Porter Pays with Interest.

Breckinridge raises the Black Flag

To which Colonel Paine Replies.

Baton Rouge to be Destroyed.

NEW YORK, August 29.

Another steamer, from New Orleans on the 22d, arrived to-night. The city continues healthy.

Arms were being found in all sorts of out-of-the-way places, but no owners.

A large Union meeting was held on the evening of the 20th.

NEW YORK, August 30.

The New York correspondent of the *Times* states that the gunboat Sumter got ashore near Bayou Sara, and was destroyed by guerrillas.

Bayou Sara was afterwards leveled by our gunboats. Commodore Porter has gone up the river to demolish all places on the banks used by guerrillas as localities from which to fire on our boats.

Breckinridge has threatened to raise the black flag against our troops; and Colonel Paine, commanding at Baton Rouge, has appropriately responded.

Baton Rouge is to be abandoned, and probably destroyed.

The gunboat R. R. Cuyler, from Nassau 26, has arrived.

Commander Frank Wilson died on the 23rd, of fever. He was a native of Roxbury, Mass.

The gunboat Huntsville was spoken the 23rd off the Isaac, with loss of both surgeons of yellow fever, and five officers sick.

The Cuyler captured the British steamer Anna Sophia, trying to run the blockade.

Key West on the 20th, was more healthful, fever having abated.

The gunboat Albatross, and frigate St. Lawrence, were at Key West. The surgeon and a number of the crew of the Cuyler are sick with fever.

New Advertisements.

REYNOLDS & McCARGAR,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

Commission Merchants,

UPPER LEVEE,

a31-tf SAINT PAUL.

NO DRAFT BUT AN EARNEST

Call to all buyers of

DRY GOODS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
CLOTHING,

Hats and Caps,

JUST RECEIVED AT THE REGULATOR.

Many as cheap as ever—all cheaper than in sixty days.

BELL BROTHERS.

Minneapolis, Aug. 28, 1862. a31-1w

FAIRCHILD & PEASE,

SELL DRY GOODS

AT AUCTION,

MONDAY, SEPT. 1st, at 10 o'clock.

a31-1t

REMOVAL.

JOHN GETZ

Has removed his stock of

TOYS, FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONARIES,

TO

ROGERS' BLOCK,

Third Street, opposite the Express Office,

Where he will continue to sell all goods in his line cheaper than ever.

Thanking his friends and patrons for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. a12-2w

CALL AT

D. D. MERRILL'S

For the Best Styles of

PHOTOGRAPH

ALBUMS.

"CARTES DE VISITE"—And views to suit all.

U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of

NEW BOOKS.

America Before Europe—*De Gasparin.*
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town.
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book.
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and Edwin Brothertoft. a10tf

JUST RECEIVED.

New Military Books

INFANTRY TACTICS,

Authorized by Government,

HARDEE'S 25c edition.

ARMY REGULATIONS.

FIELD ARTILLERY.

ALSO

LES MISERABLES, 3 parts.

OLIVER BLAKE'S GOOD WORK;

And all the NEW WORKS of the day.

JAMES DAVENPORT,

Bookstore and Newspaper Agency, 3d street. a16-y

NOTICE.

The St. Paul Female Seminary will open on

Monday, September 1st.

Tuition in elementary department $8 per quarter; in preparatory, junior, middle and senior classes $10 per quarter. Location on the corner of Summit Avenue and St. Peter.

a30-3t* J. G. RIKELDAFFER, Sup't.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING COMPY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE I RIDGE.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—To city subscribers, fifteen cents per week, or, if paid in advance, $7.00 per annum; $1.75 for three months. By mail—$6.00 per annum, or fifty cents per month, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

Letter from Gov. Sprague.

Gov. Sprague sent a letter to the war meeting at Newport, R. I., on Monday, in which, after saying that the people not in affluent circumstances are most deeply interested in the speedy suppression of the rebellion, inasmuch as they will suffer most from the needful sacrifices, continues:

"No white-gloved handling will do this. Strike him [the enemy] in his vital parts. And if the agents who are employed to do this are not up to the mark, if they are not up to a realizing sense of their duties, let them fall. Let new men and new agents occupy their places.

"I am heartily sick and tired of any double policy. It has never succeeded and never can: and it is far better to acknowledge ourselves unfit for the great privileges we have enjoyed, unfit to govern ourselves, unfit to be American citizens, even better to make peace with the enemy upon his hardest terms, and count ourselves cowards and slaves, than first to exhaust ourselves and then submit, as we inevitably must, if we do. Forget, then, all difference both among the people and in the government. Banish all political creeds. Unite in a combined effort to crush out the traitors, which are those who steal from the public purse, those who discourage our efforts by dividing us, as well as those who openly sympathize with the enemy, giving him aid and comfort."

The President Has a Policy.

The following from the Washington correspondence of the New York *Commercial* is significant, considering the source from which it comes:

Those who suppose that the President of the United States, with millions of strong and patriotic people at his back, is cowering and crouching before a few hundred thousand slaveholders in the Border States, do not know the man. He is taking his own time and his own way, as he has a perfect right to do—for on him rests the responsibility. He understands the people perfectly. It will not be long ere the people understand him. His policy is marked, and designed for a great future. His principle anxiety is not to divide the North. He is fully up to the advancing public sentiment of the age, and will prove himself the man for the hour. Prepare the people for movements in the broad area of freedom, as grand as those made by the Emperor of Russia. The Republic will be saved on the basis of universal liberty.

HOW TO SEE THE COMET.—A cheap telescope may be formed by obtaining at any optician's a spectacle glass of thirty-six-inch focus, and a small double convex glass of four inch focus. A little ingenuity will fasten these into tin or paper tubes (which must be blackened inside.) This telescope will magnify thirty-six times, and is more powerful than that with which Galileo made his discoveries. The moon and Jupiter's satelites can be easily seen by it. A much better instrument can be made with an achromatic glass of thirty-five or thirty inches focus and two inches diameter; a first rate comet eye piece for this is made by getting two plain convex glasses of three inches focus each, and one and three-eights inch diameter, fixing them together with the convex surfaces next each other, about half an inch apart, leaving as large an aperture of glass as possible. Such a telescope as this will bear a magnifying power of from eighty to one hundred times. With the comet eye piece, a most beautiful view of the groups and clusters in the milky-way can be obtained.

John Ross on his way to Washington.

The regular passenger train on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, yesterday morning brought to this city a large party of somewhat noted visitors, from the far-off prairies of the Indian Territory. The party consisted of the well known Cherokee Chief, John Ross, his wife, children, and numerous other relatives and friends, with their servants—in all fifty persons.—*Chicago Tribune.*

The President and His Aims.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser*, in its Washington letter, has the following:

"Those who suppose that the President of the United States, with millions of strong and patriotic people at his back, is cowering and crouching before a few hundred thousand slaveholders in the Border States, do not know the man. He is taking his own time and his own way, as he has a perfect right to do—for on him rests the sole responsibility. He understands the people perfectly. It will not be long ere the people understand him. His plans are all matured, far ahead. His policy is marked, and designed for a great future. His principle anxiety is *not to divide the North*. He is fully up to the advancing public sentiment of the age, and will prove himself the man for the hour. Prepare the people for movements in the broad area of freedom, as grand as those made by the Emperor of Russia. The Republic will be saved on the basis of universal liberty."

Recent Strategy.

It has been the greatest of Gen. Halleck's achievements in "strategy" to undo the greatest of Gen. McClellan's. The transfer of the army of the Chickahominy from Harrison's Landing to the Rappahannock, practically without loss, either to that army or to Gen. Pope's, is surely a remarkable feat. After five months of criminal waste of life and treasure on the Peninsula it became the most important problem of the whole war how to bring the grand army, or the remnants of it, back to the place from which it started. —*Chicago Tribune.*

Last Opportunities.

Had the volunteers whom the loyal States crowded upon the Government in May and June, 1861, until a member of the Cabinet complained of a surfeit, been concentrated in one army at Washington, brigaded, drilled, exercised in army movements, and, so early as the 1st of July at furthest, pushed forward upon Richmond in one compact mass, Eighty to one Hundred Thousand strong, we are sure the traitor government would have been routed out of that city before the close of that month, and the Union flag rehoisted there amid the acclamations of her people. From that hour, Virginia would have been a Union State, and North Carolina—which was eager to undo the mischief she in a moment of frenzy had wrought, the peril she had foolishly incurred—would have promptly returned to her old love. When the history of this war shall be truly written, it will appear that the rebels had neither the men nor the munitions requisite to resist such an army as might have been precipitated on them from Washington, in June, 1861, and that the Union might then have been restored by the resolute, vigorous policy which this journal seasonably and earnestly commended. The wealthy slaveholders, the solid capitalists, the solvent merchants of the South, had not then committed themselves generally to the Rebellion. They had no faith in its stability nor in its success. They knew its fomentors to be in the main reckless aspirants for power and place, bankrupt or knavish traders, seeking any loophole of escape from legal annoyance by their Northern creditors, slave traders intent on biting off their own noses, and gamblers rendered desperate by the scarcity of money and anxious to see something new turn up. Had the Union Volunteers been massed in one army and pushed straight on Richmond, they could not have failed to brush aside any rebel force that might have been placed in their front, and enter the rebel capital in triumph within a month. And that would have been the signal for a counter-revolution in favor of the "Union as it was," by the solid men and the humble men—by all who had much to lose or little to gain by Rebellion—in nearly every Slave State. —*N. Y. Tribune.*

From the N. Y. Tribune.

The Rebel Force.

We learn by further conversation with Mr. Hurlbut, just returned from Richmond, that in his opinion the Rebels have not now throughout the whole South, more than 300,000 men in arms. He says that he positively knows that on the 22d of February their rolls showed but 400 regiments, which averaged, as we know from abundant testimony, but about 500 men each, and that although they have undoubtedly added many more than 100,000 since, their army has wasted away so much as to leave the net increase not more than 100,000.

It wastes away, he says, much more rapidly than ours, in consequence of an insufficiency of food and ill-regulated commissariat and medical department, and an utter want of proper sanitary precautions in camp. Mr. Hurlbut is not, however, disposed to underate the strength of the rebellion, which he says is more to be dreadeded now than at any previous period since the attack upon Fort Sumter. He calls the rebels a nation of savage enemies, of whom very few are favorable to the Union—very few, indeed, in Richmond, as he knows from his personal observation.

He favors emancipation heartily and unqualifiedly as a means of ending the war, and ridicules the notion of danger that the freed men who compose a class of peasantry attached to the soil where they were brought up will overrun the North. He says that the rebels derive much advantage in the estimation of Foreign Powers, and even in our estimation, from their isolation which prevents civilized nations from knowing what barbarians they are.

Since Mr. Hurlbut's assertion that at one time Gen. McClellan could have marched into Richmond almost unopposed has been called in question, we have spoken further with him in regard to the matter. He says that Gen. McClellan had four, if not five opportunities. One when the rebels were at Manassas, where, as he knows so directly from Gen. Johnson that he has no doubt of its truth, there were never more than 40,000 men, many of whom were suffering and debilitated by long stagnation, and that all preparations were made to evacuate whenever the place was seriously menaced as long ago as last October.

The second opportunity was after the battle of Williamsburg, when, had Gen. McClellan pressed directly across the Chickahominy toward the rebel capital, and as he thinks he might have done, he would have captured it. The third opportunity was the day after the battle of Fair Oaks or Seven Pines, and the fourth after the battle of Malvern Hill.

Mr. Hurlburt is also inclined to the opinion that there was another opportunity for McClellan at the time that Fitz John Porter was attacked at the commencement of the seven days' fight. These opinions, Mr. Hurlburt says, are held generally by intelligent rebels at Richmond.

Edmund Burke.

When Burke came forward, as his custom was, to the middle of the House of Commons, to speak, the first peculiarity that caught the eye of the spectator was the glasses which he almost constantly wore in the days of his celebrity. He was tall and noble looking, with a decidedly prepossessing appearance; by no means smart in his dress, yet possessing a personal dignity which the tailor could not have given him. He seemed full of thought and care; and the firm lines about the mouth, the strong jaw, and severe glance of the dark eye, spoke of many an inward battle which was known to no human observer. The head was solid and intense rather than massive, high rather than broad, and tolerably prominent; fuller, one would say at first sight, of the reasoning than of the imaginary power. His nose, which was straight as if it had been cut after a bevel, opened out into two powerful nostrils, made, apparently only to sneer. Altogether he looked like a great man with a great lesson to read to men, more than like a gentle one, sent into the world to please. He spoke with a decided Hibernian accent, although he left the country early in life. But it is to be remarked that men of genius hardly ever lose the tongue of their youth. He had a voice of great compass, and he never required to hesitate for words. They came quick and vehement, frequently almost beyond the power of utterance. As he spoke, his head rose and fell; now it swung, and anon it oscillated from side to side of his body, moved by the intense nervous action of his frame. Young Gillray, the foremost of English caricaturists, sketches Burke in various postures and attitudes. One of the most characteristic of these represents him as rapt in the delivery of some splendid oration, with his hands clenched and his arms raised erectly over his head, his whole body a picture of living energy.—*North British Review.*

The President and the Press.

Mr. Lincoln passed over his best opportunity for publishing the platform laid down in his letter to Mr. Greeley, when, at the Washington war meeting, he made all men wonder that he should have spoken at all unless he had something momentous to say for the whole country to hear, and that having spoken he could have said so little worth a nation's while to listen for. If then he had said to the nation what he has now written to an individual, the audience, the theme, his office would have had mutual fitness. As it is, the President has made such an incongruous muddle of the three, that incredulity of the fact that he had so belittled his office preceded the general laughter at the occasion and superscription of his letter, ere both gave way to the graver concern which was appropriate to its important subject.—*N. Y. World.*

The President's Colonization Plan.

The President has already received twenty or thirty responses from respectable colored men of African descent in different parts of the country, to his proposition that their race should set up for itself in Central America. These letters come from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Michigan, and the Western States, and are, in most cases, well written, indicating that their authors are educated men, and all purport to come from heads of families.

Three or four are from clergymen. All but one of the writers are in favor of the scheme, and propose to take their families and property to the place selected by the President. One letter, badly spelled and written, but sharp and almost impertinent, argues with the President, attempts to confute his reasoning, and proposes that men of Caucasian instead of those of African desent be exported.

Although the President has thus within a week secured the number of colonists with which he said he should be content to begin the experiment, it is not probable that any steps for their emigration will be immediately taken, as it is understood that a correspondence is still going on with the local authorities in certain parts of Central America, and it is thought desirable to wait a little in order that the scheme should be put into execution under the most favorable circumstances. —*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Slavery Question Settled in Missouri.

At the commencement of this war, we repeatedly declared that a strife in Missouri, invited and provoked by the espousal of secession by any considerable portion of our people, would lead inevitably and irresistibly to the overthrow of slavery in the State.

How swiftly and surely has that opinion ripened into fact? Slavery, as an institution, has already almost vanished from our midst. Its very champions have sapped the foundations upon which it rested, and it now leans and totters, like a crumbling edifice, still nominally erect, indeed, but so weakened by the ride cannon shot of strife that no one feels safe to inhabit it.—*St. Louis News.*

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S
PATENT COPPER SCROLL
LIGHTNING ROD.

This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.

They are recommended by over
FIVE HUNDRED
OF THE
MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC
MEN OF THE AGE.

AGENTS
WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY
o13-w4m&doaw2m

JOSEPH LEWIS
Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio, and Vermont. Collections made—Taxes paid for non residents. House rented.
Office Third street, Irvine's Block.
Reference, HON. ALEX. RAMSEY. jy10-d1y

TOBACCO,
Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Third Street, next door to Comb's Book Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c., is just receiving his fall and winter stock, and is prepared to fill orders to any extent, for
FINE IMPORTED CIGARS,
Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city.
SWEET BRIAR ROOT PIPES,
a large assortment. These pipes are all the go now.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Third street, next door to Comb's Book Store.
St. Paul, Nov. 17. nov17d1y

MAGNETIC
Tack Hammers.
If you don't want to mash your fingers, buy one for 25 cents, at E. & H. Y. BELL'S.
Coffee is high. Buy a patent Coffee Strainer; it clears the coffee, and saves one third. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.
Patent Lifters. Will lift everything hot off the stove, without burning your fingers. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.
Agents wanted to canvass the State for the above articles. A smart man can make big wages. For particulars, address, enclosing stamps,
E. & H. Y. BELL,
Sole Agents for Minnesota.
St. Paul, July 11th, 1862. jy11-d1y.

C. W. WOOLEY & CO.,
LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,
FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
DEALERS IN GROCERIES
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.
AND
AGENTS FOR THE
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND
CONNECTIONS.
Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.
Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLEY & CO., ST. PAUL, For ——
Jan1-d1y

JOHN G. MACGREGOR,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.
Bernheimer's Block, Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. jy21-d1y

DEVOTED TO FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$2,488,138 19,

PHŒNIX,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
DEVOTED TO FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.
ASSETS OF THE
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$527,250 96.

CITY FIRE,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$325,000.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN.
ESTABLISHED IN SAINT PAUL, 1862, AT THE OFFICE OF
O. CURTIS,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT
a1-1y Corner of Third and Minnesota-sts.

MILITARY GOODS.
T. B. CAMPBELL,
THIRD STREET, ... ST. PAUL.
This is the only place in the city where a complete outfit can be found.
I Offer to the Trade
Bronzed Staff, Gilt Mounted, Line, Surge and Fine Presentation
SWORDS.
CRIMSON AND GREEN SASHES;
Belts; Shoulder Straps, 1, 2 and 3 row embroidered; Bugles; Wreaths; Silver, Gilt, and Brass Letters and Figures.
REGULATION AND MCLELLAN CAPS,
ARMY HATS.
Gold and Gilt Braid, Cord and Lace, all kinds;
DRINKING TUBES,
Sword Knots, Camp Candle-Sticks, Inkstands, Haversacks, Over-Coat Slings, and India Rubber Camp Blanket.
Officers' Uniforms manufactured to order on short notice.
a24-1m T. B. CAMPBELL.

H. J. BRAINARD & CO.'S
MILLS,
SITUATED ON PHALON'S CREEK, WHERE THE STILLWATER ROAD CROSSES.
This Mill is just completed, and is in good running order. Our machinery embraces all the latest improvements, and was got up in the East, without regard to expense. It has two run of Burrs, which will be kept running night and day, so that farmers coming from a distance can be accommodated without much delay.
The need of a first class Mill of this kind has long been felt by the citizens of St. Paul and vicinity. We have secured the services of James Craigie, who has made milling the business of his life, and in whom we can place entire confidence.
All kinds of grain will be weighed when brought to the Mill, and also when taken away, if desired. We feel confident in saying to the public that we can make as good Flour and as great a yield to the bushel as any Mill in Minnesota, and respectfully solicit a fair trial.
Also a new Mill for grinding corn in the ear.
All work done at this Mill is warranted.
au30d3w4w

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE
FOR $750.
A charming residence in Willis' Addition, built by the owner for his own use, with every comfort and convenience—well of pure water, stable and out-buildings, and a yard with shrubbery and gravel walks.
The house is not a mere shell or balloon, but built to resist the cold of our winters and the heat of our summers, and is located in an airy and cheerful neighborhood.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862.
HENRY MCKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
jy28 d1w4w30

FURNITURE.
JOHN PRIMROSE
Manufacturer and Dealer in
CABINET AND CHAIR
FURNITURE,
OF EVERY VARIETY.
Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of
PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
DINING-ROOM.
FURNITURE,
OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.
Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned material and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.
As a middle shipment is always better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.
REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridg. St. Paul Minn. jan24d1y

A. L. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE ON THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND CEDAR STREETS.
ST. PAUL, ... MINNESOTA,
Being a discharged soldier has learned the manner of obtaining arrears of pay, bounty and pensions due soldiers, or their representatives, and will pay particular attention to that business.
a29-2w

SAILING DAYS OF THE
LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMER
WATER WITCH,
CAPT. B. SWEENEY,

LEAVES CLEVELAND AT	P. M.	LEAVES DETROIT AT	A. M.
Wednesday,	May 7	Thursday,	May 8
Tuesday,	May 20	Wednesday,	May 21
Monday,	June 2	Tuesday,	June 3
Friday,	June 13	Saturday,	June 14
Wednesday,	June 25	Thursday,	June 26
Tuesday,	July 8	Wednesday,	July 9
Monday,	July 21	Tuesday,	July 22
Friday,	Aug. 1	Saturday,	Aug. 2
Wednesday,	Aug. 13	Thursday,	Aug. 14
Tuesday,	Aug. 26	Wednesday,	Aug. 27
Monday,	Sept. 8	Tuesday,	Sept. 9
Friday,	Sept. 19	Saturday,	Sept. 20
Wednesday,	Oct. 1	Thursday,	Oct. 2

S. P. BRADY & CO.
CAPT. E. B. WARD, Detroit, owner of boat.
jy25-d1m

JOHN A. STEES,
UNDERTAKER,
CORNER THIRD & MINNESOTA STRETS,
ST. PAUL, MIN.
Sole agent for Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.
Jan3d&wly.

FOR RENT,
THE RESIDENCE OF GEN. DANA,
With or without the
FURNITURE.
Enquire of
jy29-tf H. F. MASTERSON.

Legal Notices.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—DISTRICT COURT, SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, ss.

Ira S. Town, Pltf—against Abagail Williams, Deft.

In the name of the State of Minnesota:

To Abagail Williams, the above named Defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court above named, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in St. Paul, in said Ramsey County, within twenty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Twenty-five Hundred and Forty-three Dollars and Twenty-two cents, and interest thereon from and since the 3d day of August, 1859, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, St. Paul, May 20th, 1862.

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
jy25-6w fri Plaintiff's Attorneys.

STATE OF MINNESOTA—DISTRICT COURT—RAMSEY COUNTY—SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

David Lowitz vs. the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company.

The State of Minnesota:

To the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court, in his office, in Saint Paul, and a copy whereof is herewith served upon you; and to serve a copy of your answer upon us at our office in Saint Paul, of said county and State, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will have his damages assessed by a jury or the amount he is entitled to recover, ascertained by the court, or under its direction, and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained and his costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Dated at Saint Paul, Ramsey County.

BRISBIN & WARNER,
fri a8-6w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

REMOVAL.
HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,
Have removed to
Nos. 45 and 47 Lake St.,
Where they are prepared to show CASH BUYERS of
SADDLERY HARDWARE
AND
Carriage Trimmings
The largest and best assorted stock to be found in the NORTHWEST, embracing
SPRINGS AND AXLES, HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, &c., &c.,
CARRIAGE BODIES AND SEATS, ENAMELED CLOTH, PATENT LEATHER,
Also a large assortment of
Horse Collars and Blankets, Whips and Lashes, Skirting, Bridle, Collar and
HARNESS LEATHER,
All of which will be offered at
Prices that will not be Undersold.
Agents for
MOWRY'S SPRINGS AND AXLES, CROCKET'S VARNISHES.
Dole's Hub Boxing Machine and Hollow Augers.
P. HAYDEN, New York. W. V. KAY, Chicago. P. WILSON, Cincinnati, O.
a23-3md

FURS. FURS. FURS.
C. J. KOVITZ,
MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND EVERY STYLE,
THIRD ST., Concert Hall Block, SAINT PAUL.
jan17-d1y

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,
PLATED WARE,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.
LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE,
PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED,
TABLE CUTLERY.
Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.
ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL, Minn.
sep22-d&w

FLORENCE SEWING
MACHINE AGENCY,
One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.
The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.
They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, welch, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.
Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.
They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.
Prices No. 1, $47.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00, No. 5, $77.00, No. 6, $82.00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $89.00, No. 7 Cabinet cased, $95.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.
On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."
jy15-d1f G. W. BABCOCK.

EYE & EAR.
DR. UNDERWOOD
Of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose name and fame is so extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in performing formidable operations, and in removing difficult and dangerous diseases from those delicate organs, has arrived in St. Paul and may be consulted in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK for a short time only.
Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the old school, has had an extensive experience in both hospital and private practice of twenty-eight years, and will be found competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other mild and gentle means to remove any disease from those delicate organs within the reach of science and human skill.
a28-1m7 OFFICE IN INGERSOLL'S BLOCK.

CHRONIC DISEASES.
Dr. UNDERWOOD, who is so celebrated for his science, skill and success in treating diseases of long standing, and who has had an experience in an extensive practice for thirty years, has arrived in St. Paul, and may be consulted at his rooms in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK, for a short time only.
CHRONIC DISEASES, of every grade and character, whether requiring medical or surgical treatment, POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY CURED, when not clearly beyond the reach of science and human skill.
Dr. Underwood treats all diseases on regular and scientific principles as recognized by the medical profession both in Europe and America, and hence does not use or deal in those pretended new and never failing remedies—specifics, inhaling vapors, and clairvoyant prescriptions—which are so ostentatiously paraded before the public by those impudent travelling quacks and money-fleecing empirics, nine-tenths of whom never were inside of a medical college. Patients afflicted or laboring under diseases of long standing, can consult Dr. U. with the most confident hope and expectation of being perfectly cured, or receiving with unerring certainty all the relief that the highest skill, the most judicious and scientific treatment can possibly bestow.
a28-1m07

Miscellaneous.

WM. ILLINGWORTH,
Watch Manufacturer.
—AND—
TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!
SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.
JACKSON-ST., - - - ST. PAUL.
Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line
A LITTLE SUPERIOR
to any other establishment in the Northwest.
N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.
Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. mr9y

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.
E. J. WAY,
Agent for the North Star Mills, has just received a choice article of FLOUR, manufactured from new club Wheat, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.
Robert Street, between Fourth and Fifth. a27-1w

NOTICE.
All persons having claims against the Adjutant General's or Quarter-Master General's Department of the State of Minnesota, will immediately present the same for adjustment and settlement.
OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant-General.
Dated at Saint Paul, Ramsey County.
Pioneer and Democrat copy. a26-1w

TWENTY ACRE TRACT.
Twenty acres desirable land, half an hour's drive of the Steamboat Landing in St. Paul.
HENRY MCKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. je28-d&w6m

C. E. WOOLSEY & CO.,
(SUCCESSOR TO L. D. WILSON,)
Commission Merchants,
NO. 211 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.
CASH ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS.
mar1-d&wly

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS
Can get pleasant rooms, with new furniture, and excellent table, by addressing Box 1250, St. Paul Post Office. The house is about one mile from the Winslow House, on the Bluff in Upper Town, and has extensive grounds, shade trees, &c.
jy25-d1f

A SMALL EMIGRATION DOCUMENT.
A circular by the Commissioner of Statistics, entitled "Free Homes in Minnesota," and which condenses a great many leading facts about Minnesota in the compass of a page of letter paper, is in type at this office, and will be printed without charge for any one who will supply the paper. This is one of many forms by which the Commissioner of Statistics is endeavoring to diffuse abroad a knowledge of the advantages which Minnesota offers for settlement under the Homestead, and as it costs no one anything but the trouble of bringing their letter paper to this office, we hope our business men will generally takes a hand in" and push on the good work.

ARMY REGULATIONS.
CAMERON'S U. S. TACTICS,
HARDEE'S TACTICS,
BEADLE'S DIME TACTICS,
MARIEES, THIRD PART LES MISERABLES,
Just received at
COMBS' BOOKSTORE.
jy31-1y

FRESH SUGARS.
Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.
a29-tf COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

JOHN A. STEES,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Furniture and Cabinet Ware,
Of every variety of style and pattern.
CORNER 3D AND MINNESOTA STS., SAINT PAUL.
All kinds of lumber taken in trade.
jan3d&wly

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!
The undersigned will furnish ICE to CITY CUSTOMERS AND BOATS As usual during the season of 1862.
CHAS. SYMONDS.
apr29 d4m

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
(Successors to Horn & Galusha and Sanborn & Lund)
SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA,
Practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Courts of the United States, at Law, in Chancery and in Admiralty.
Collections carefully and promptly attended to.
mh26 1y

EAGLE WORKS
MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT
STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS
PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR.
Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,
SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS
AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.
CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.
P. W. GATES, President.
N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.
mr7-w1y

PALMER'S PURE
VINEGAR.
This is the kind of Vinegar that should be used by all housekeepers for
PICKLES
AND THE
TABLE.
It is warranted pure and wholesome, and to give perfect satisfaction wherever used. Try it,
AND YOU WILL HAVE NO OTHER.
For sale at our works on Sibley street, and by all grocers who have an eye to keeping
CHOICE GOODS FOR SALE.
C. C. LEWIS & CO.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP
We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.
St. Paul, August 18, 1862.
J. H. BYERS,
a19-1w S. L. POLLOCK.

Agricultural.

1862. 1862. 1862
Agricultural Warehouse
OF
S. P. & P. F. Hodges,
NEAR LOWER LEVEE, ST. PAUL
CORNER THIRD AND SIBLEY STS.
AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
PITT'S AGRICULTURAL WORKS, BUFFALO NEW YORK.
PITT'S THRESHING MACHINES & HORSE POWERS, FOR FOUR, SIX, EIGHT OR TEN HORSES. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES EIGHT TO TWELVE HORSE POWER.
MASSILLON AGRICULTUL WORKS, MASSILLON, OHIO.
MCCORMACK'S REAPERS AND MOWERS.
JOHN H. MANNY'S " " "
BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S GRAIN DRILLS
F. H. MANNY'S EXCELSIOR GRAIN FAN.
SCHUTTLER'S CHICAGO WAGONS.
JOHN A. WOODWARD'S IMPROVED SMUT MACHINE AND SEPARATOR COMBINED
MOLINE PLOWS, CULTIVATORS AND HARROWS.
CORN SHELLERS, HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS.
AND DEALERS IN HARVESTING TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Merchants and dealers throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times.
Descriptive pamphlets and other information can be had upon application to
S. P. & P. F. HODGES,
my28-d3m&w6m Saint Paul, Minn.

ALFRED D. DAVISON. ALONZO P. CONNELLY
SAINT PAUL CLIPPER
PLOW FACTORY.

The undersigned having formed a partnership for the manufacture and sale of PLOWS, are now prepared to furnish farmers and dealers with
THE BEST PLOWS
Ever offered in the State, and at prices to suit the times. We will always have on hand a large stock of Cast Steel and Common Steel Cross Plows, Corn Plows, Breaking and Grub Plows, of all sizes and of the best material.
Having had the material selected for our especial trade, and the Plows being manufactured under the supervision of
ALONZO LEAMING,
(FORMERLY OF ST. ANTHONY.)
WE WARRANT THEM
To be of light draught, clean in any soil, and give good satisfaction generally.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING.
Farmers! save your old plows and we will work them over much to your advantage and satisfaction by leaving them at our Factory, on Robert street, between 4th and 5th, St. Paul, sign of the Plow. DAVISON & CONNELLY.
jan22-d&w1y

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,
193 & 195 South Water-St.,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,
Importers, manufacturers and dealers in
IRON and STEEL,
NORWAY NAIL RODS,
HORSE SHOES,
Horse Nails,
NUTS, WASHERS, RIVETS, BOLTS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
WAGON AND CARRIAGE
WOOD MATERIALS,
HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, BENT STOCK, ETC.
MANUFACTURERS OF IMPROVED
THIMBLE SKEINS AND BOXES,
BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS.
Send for Price List.
a23-1y

FARMERS NOTICE
We have on hand a large stock of
Harvesting Tools,
SUCH AS
GRAIN CRADLES, FORKS, RAKES, SCYTHES, &c., &c.,
Also made to order, a large lot of
ST. PAUL CLIPPER PLOWS,
All of which we are selling very low for Cash.
IRON, NAILS, STEELE, HARDWARE, PITTSBURG COAL, GRIND STONES, AXLES, SPRINGS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,
Always kept on hand and sold at lowest rates Wholesale and Retail, at our Warehouse, Third Street, St. Paul.
jy25d1f J. B. BRADEN.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND
AGRICULTURAL WORKS,
Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.
This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of
IRON AND BRASS
CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,
at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $2.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.
Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.
GILMAN & SEAGER.
ST. PAUL, July 5th, 1862. d1y

LEMONS
AND
ORANGES
JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE BY
UPHAM & HOLMES.
apr22

Post Office, St. Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS.

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.
On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily—except Sunday, at 1½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Sunrise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Fall—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 12 M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departing.
The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.
Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United States postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.
CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.
St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,
FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,
JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old Friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under way; and besides that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. feb9y.

CLIFTON HOUSE,
MANKATO, - - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. Is

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜
M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.
Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,
LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,
G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up more particularly as a home for Invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House.

Board by day or week at moderate rates.
jel4-b6m

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,
CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,
Saint Paul, Minnesota,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FAMILY GROCERIES
AND
PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Feed Rolled, Jar and Firkin Butter, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of

RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffees, Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.
nov22-dly

G. E. SCHNABEL,
IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, GRAIN, AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.
Nice Loaf Lard and Sugar Cured Hams.
Any quantity of butter and eggs.
He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.
Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.
Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. jel-3m

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,
GRAIN SEPARATORS,
And all kinds of
MILL MACHINERY.

☞ Send for a circular by mail.
PALMER & PLAMONDON,
Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1555.) CHICAGO, ILL.
W. M. LANDE, Ag't, St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

E. W. EDDY,
General Grocer
AND DEALER IN
THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,
FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,
FREE OF CHARGE.
je27 dly

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT
Will give instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $8.00 each.
On Monday, June 2d, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.
Terms, from $3.00 to $7.00.
Best of references given.
Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park. my17-dtf

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,
CARRYING THE
NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS
AND THE
United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.
For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2. P. M.
For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.
For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.
For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.
For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina, Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.
For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.
For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.
J. C. BURBANK & CO.,
nov21-dly Proprietors.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH
Fast Freight Line,
OWNED AND MANAGED BY
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.
mar25-dly

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD
AND ALSO FOR THE
LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR
OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,
Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF
DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS
On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.
The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.
MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO
St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&w1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIQUORS and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISKEY, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUND DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS
—OF—
CARBON OIL.
ALSO A QUANTITY OF
CHICAGO CREAM ALE,
For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.
We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me
mar8 A. L. LARZENTEUR.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN
RAILWAY COMPANY'S
Express Freight Line.
VIA
GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL
AND CONNECTING ROADS,
TO AND FROM
EAST AND WEST,
CONTROLLED AND OPERATED
By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.
Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway, New York, E. P. REACH, Agent. | 21 State street, Boston, O. KIMBALL, Agent.
JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.
C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton
A. WALLINGFORD, Chicago and Western Agent.
apr29

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL
AND
EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:45 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction and Kenosha R. R. & R. I. R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 8:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all the morning Lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and

FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER ON LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M. and 9:00 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot.

JOHN T. MOODY,
Master Transportation.
Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-dtf

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1831.

JOHN T. NOYE,
FLOUR PACKER,
MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
Mill Machinery
AND
FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,
Fitted with Cast Steel or Boiler Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.
IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS,
OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.
John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.
CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.
ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED
ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH.
MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.
JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.
WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,
28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.
JOHN WEBSTER, Milwright.
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS'
CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,
For sale in bbls. or sacks by
E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House; S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson sts.; J. B. Sichler, corner of 7th and Jackson sts.
Warranted the best
XX FAMILY FLOUR
offered in this market. Orders from Hotels Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery.
mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS
FOR SALE.
For terms apply to the under signed at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.
my24-d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Jansen, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber. BARNARD & BRO.
St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-f3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.
LILL & DIVERSY,
BREWERS OF
LILL'S STOCK,
AND
CREAM PALE ALE,
LAGER BEER,
PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.
Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.
WM. CONSTANS,
my24-dly AGENT, St. Paul.

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Saleratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6½ cents.
je6-d3m GEO. L. FARWELL.

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF
SPRING DRY GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices
TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!
PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,
EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,
EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS
EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES
BLUE, GREEN AND RINK BERAGE LEXIFINA,
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN
GREAT VARIETY.
A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.
ALSO
BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.
MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR;
BROADCLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.
ALSO
A VERY LARGE STOCK OF
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
AND
EMBROIDERIES,
PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,
ALSO
A LARGE STOCK OF
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,
BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE
COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Can purchase their Goods of us, and
SAVE TIME AND MONEY.
We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.
OUR ENTIRE STOCK
WILL BE
SOLD FOR CASH,
AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.
The public are invited to visit
OUR NEW STORE.
D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.
apr30-dly St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHS, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing cassimeres in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassimeres, satinet, cord, moleskin, black farmer's satin, red farmer's satin, for sleeve lining alpaca, shirts, bro. Holland and good black thread; all of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in any establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and
EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.
Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.
W. H. TEMPLE,
Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store.
my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER
Millinery Goods for 1862
At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.
MISS E. WASS
Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.
☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.
my22-d3m

LADIES,
THERE IS QUITE A START IN
Millinery Goods!
In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore; some SIXTY dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases RICH RIBBON, and lots of other fixings. Our stock in
DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,
Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.
☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL
OF
Choice Dress Goods
AT
SMITH & TAYLOR'S.
SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.
BEAUTIFUL MOZANBIQUES VERY CHEAP.
ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN
FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.
A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an
ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.
All of the above named articles, besides a
LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,
Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.
SMITH & TAYLOR'S
Cheap Cash Store,
Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER,
SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.
Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.
CHARLES SCHEFFER,
je22 State Treasurer.

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S
CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND
SELLING VERY LOW,
1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

COAL--THE VERY BEST.
1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF
CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF
Table & Pocket Cutlery.
The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at
VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Silver Plated
AND
BRITANNIA WARE,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET.
je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!
500 barrels No. 1, standard best quality
Carbon Oil,
Just received, and for sale to dealers,
D. T. WATSON,
a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE
A SPLENDID STOCK
OF
LADIES' GAITERS
AND
Children's Fine Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.
WM. J. SMITH & CO.

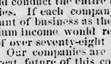
JOHN THORWARTH,
Boot and Shoe
MANUFACTURER,
THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON,
ST. PAUL, Minnesota,
Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.
STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,
The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. This makes the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and fits neater.
REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.
JOHN THORWARTH.
St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-dly

8TH REGIMENT MINNESOTA IRISH VOLUNTEERS.
Sarsfield Guards.
$120 Bounty!
$20 cash down when sworn in!
$30 cash when the Company is mustered in!
$10 cash to each of the first five married men enlisting in this company.
The family of each married man will receive $5 per month from the city, $5 per month from the County, and whatever may be offered by the citizen's Committee; and the first five married men enlisting in this Company will receive in addition to all of this, $2.50 per month for their families.
Recruiting office No 2 Rogers' Block, 3d st., St. Paul. JOHN GRACE,
M. H. SULLIVAN,
a14-tf THOMAS HOWARD.

HILL & LINDLEY,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,
Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.
OFFICES.—Mendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony.
a7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.
I have removed my office over
McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.
Corner of Third and Cedar streets.
I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. I extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.
I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.
I publish these prices to correct the impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. strictly.
jy4-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,
Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minneapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.
Office and residence on Bridge Street, (west-side,) near the Suspension Bridge. jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE,

FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY,
Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed.
Call and see specimens at the office of
DR. SIMONTON,
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M. N. KELLOGG,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,
LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.
Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also
☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.
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Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
Fire and Life Insurance Co.
CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $6,000,000.
LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,
Without sixty days' notice.
Life Insurance
Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors & Stockholders, New York,
James Brown, Esq.,
Francis Cottenet, Esq.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,
Alex. Hamilton, jr. Esq.,
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And others.

References in New York City.
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sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,
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FIRE INSURANCE,
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POLICIES
Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.
OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,
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EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,
OF NEW YORK.
CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS.....158,000
DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—
—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the Insurance Department of the State of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent. per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The nett profits in two years amounts to $329,000, which shows an unparalleled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to its dealers.
WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. DURAND, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
Dr. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.
mar12-dly

HOME
INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES, Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the state of New York, engaged in the transaction of business; of these companies, fourteen only received premiums during the year, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $851,858.56 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,900,000.

The state of things should be improved; the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies. In the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all these companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of over seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, if managed on the progressive scale demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John McIvee, Secretary, those well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars, and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our State, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last summed up to $1,521,298.68, against an actual liability of only $55,080.43; and, moreover, it is worth noting that the assets are all of the very first class. The balance in bank in cash was $124,454.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company; bonds and mortgages $910,219.53, secured on real estate worth $1,715,900, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible into cash any day, $329,656. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In 1861 the HOME wrote $106,715,148, taking $829,993 premium, and paid losses $535,775, including some losses for the year 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $160,641 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.
BORUP & OAKES,
je25-d3m Agents, St. Paul.

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,
CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular. Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms.
je4-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.
One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's
PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE.
M. DORNIDEN,
nov22-dly Jackson st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT, BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTSBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND SOUTH,
VIA DUNLEITH AND
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A.M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P.M.
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M.
Rockfort, via G & C U R R	11 10 "	11 45 "
Belvidere " "	11 45 "	12 45 A. M.
Chicago " "	3 30 P. M.	5 45 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	4 20 P. M.	6 15 A. M.
Mendota	1 40 "	12 55 "
Burlington, via C B & Q R R	7 35 "	7 05 "
Quincy, " "	11 15 "	9 30 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & R I R R		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 24 "	4 24 "
Decatur	6 30 "	6 30 "
Springfield, via G W R R	8 20 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terra Haute via T H & A R R	2 10 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 10 "	6 30 "
St. Louis " "	7 50 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M.
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M.
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.
Sleeping cars on all night trains.
Baggage checked to all important points.
Passengers for St. Louis and intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.
For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul.
S. S. FORBES, Ticket Agent.
A. PRATT, Advertising Agent.
J. S. TILDESLEY, Gen'l West'n Agt.
W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
W. S. ARTHUR, General Sup't.
my21

1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL
PACKET COMPANY.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the McCLELLAN and NORTHERN BELLE.—The first will be the Lightning Line, making the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN HOURS, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train,

THE CITY.

CHRIST CHURCH.—Morning services at half-past ten o'clock. Sunday school at three P. M. Evening prayers at four P. M.

NOTICE.—Plymouth Church, Minneapolis, services at 10 1-2 o'clock, in Fletcher's Hall. Preaching this morning by Rev. A. Gale.

MARSHALL GUARDS.—Every enlisted man will report at Fort Snelling at 7 o'clock A. M., August 31st.

By order of Lieut. Commanding.

FOR FORT SNELLING.—The steamer Pomeroy will make a trip to Fort Snelling this afternoon, leaving the lower landing at two o'clock.

EARLY GRAPES.—Truman M. Smith has shown us a specimen of Burton's Early Grapes, grown in his garden. It is as large as the Isabella, and as good a fruit. This is the first of the season.

WE are requested to state that Mrs. Brown's school will be opened for the instruction of pupils on Monday, September 1st, in the Van Ingen cotages.

BELL BROTHERS, of Minneapolis, are offering the highest inducements to customers to purchase dry goods, boots, shoes, &c., at their store. They retail staples for less than the wholesale price at the East.

MARK HENDRICKS is in command of the battery accompanying Col. Sibley's expedition. He writes us from Lafayette, near Fort Ridgley, to say to his friends that if he has the good fortune ever to get up to the savages, his battery will render a good account of itself.

ATTENTION, CITY GUARD!—The members of the several companies of the Ward will meet at 7 P. M., on Monday evening, at their usual places of meeting, to transact important business.

By order of the Committee of Safety.

BODY FOUND.—The body of a man was found in the river at Newport, with black pants—black silk vest—no coat—30 or 35 years of age. Had in his pocket a trunk and door-key, and ninety cents in scrip. It is supposed to be the body of John Reis, who drowned himself at this place a few days ago.

FINE FRUIT.—Mr. Isaac Gibbs, of Rose Township, has presented us with a basket of splendid plums, raised in his garden. They are thoroughly a production of Minnesota, Mr. G. having taken up the trees in the woods three years ago, and transplanted them to his garden. It is as fine a variety of fruit as we ever saw, fully as large as the damson, and otherwise equal to it in all respects.

THE LATE PHILIP A. ROCHE.—At a meeting of the junior members of the Ramsey County Bar, on the occasion of the death of Philip A. Roche, MAT. M. COOPER, Esq., made the following remarks:

Deeply impressed with the solemnity which this occasion so painfully suggests, I rise to offer my humble tribute of respect to the memory of a dear and departed friend, as well sir, to renew at his untimely tomb the vows which were plighted here. What a sad spectacle have we presented to us in the death of the young and hopeful, as in the present instance, where our gallant and generous young brother is stricken down in the full bloom and vigor of a promising young manhood. Here, sir, is to me a spectacle ofmostly calculated to arouse the deepest emotions of our sympathetic nature, thus to behold one in the tender ardor of his years, and in the brilliant May-morn of anticipa hopes, prostrate and motionless beneath the ruthless had of the fell destroyer. Least of all did I imagine that the sad office was to be reserved for me to pronounce an eulogium over the youthful remains of him, with whom for more than a year I have most familiarly associated, and in whose manly breast I had ever found a responsive echo to the cares which oppressed, as well as joys which animated my own. Ours, sir, was a friendship too sincere and lasting; the profound earnest of which could not be disturbed or rulled by the inferior consideration which so frequently tear asunder the false ties of that baser sort of friendship, where it is the creature of interested and unhallowed motives, and the sincerity of which perishes with its vows.

And is that friendly voice forever hushed, that cheerful voice which so frequently during the cold and cheerless nights of last winter was wont to animate and encourage me in my arduous labors preparatory to my advent into professional life? Aye, sir, I have my answer in the deathlike stillness pervading this hall; in the unfeigned sorrow depicted on every countenance before me, and more forcible still do the salutations of my own heart remind me of the lamentable loss which I in common with you have sustained.

Sir, I have been blessed with numerous acquaintance, but I do here solemnly avow, that in all my worldly intercourse I have never met with the man in whom, that natural candor and frankness—that artless innocence of manner were so beautifully exemplified as in him. It was that frank and unreserved manner which made for him a host of warm and faithful friends, of which none other of his years in our midst, could boast; which, it seemed the affectionate regard and esteem of the younger, it elicited the admiration and respect of the elder portion of the community.

But, sir, he has gone from amongst us. Death, whose unerring shafts none may evade, hath pierced his manly breast, and his noble spirit went forth, peaceful and calm as the golden sunset of our Western summer, without a cloud to dim its roseate beauty.

Sir, I regret to have thus long trespassed upon your patience, but gratitude to a friend to whom I was as fondly and deeply attached as to a brother, prompted these unpremeditated heartfelt suggestions, and I could not suffer this occasion to pass without paying the tribute of a tear to his memory. And while I shall strive to emulate his many virtues, I shall generally endeavor to forget his shortcomings; and, entering into the sentiments of the Poet, say—

"When cold in the grave lies the friend thou hast loved
Be his faults and his follies forgot as the dew then,
Or, If from their slumber the cell be removed,
Weep o'er them in silence and close it ag'in."

At a special meeting of Hope Engine Co. No. 1, of this city, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the all-wise Providence to remove from amongst us, after a painful illness, in the prime of his manhood, our late fellow member, Philip A. Roche; and whereas, although gone from us, he is not forgotten.—those with whom he associated, will ever remember his kind and pleasant manner, and we will think of him and cherish his memory when the world will have forgotten him, therefore

Resolved, That in the death of our late associate, Philip A. Roche, we have lost a worthy member, a generous and faithful friend.

Resolved, That we tender to the family of the deceased our sincere condolence in this irreparable loss, and while we sympathize with them on this sad and mournful occasion, we hope and believe that their and our loss is his gain.

Resolved, That, as a token of our sympathy and heartfelt grief, this company will pay the last tribute and respect to the memory of our departed friend, by attending his funeral in a body.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be transmitted to the family of the deceased, and also published in the Daily papers of this city.

L. H. EDDY, Foreman.

ROBERT A. KEMP, Secty pro tem.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 28, 1862.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Any information concerning the whereabouts of Chas. H., or Wm. H. Edwards or Caroline Edwards, who formerly lived in Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, will be thankfully received by the undersigned, who lives in Newport, Campbell County, Kentucky.

J. K. EDWARDS.

☞ St. Anthony papers please copy once. a19

BATTLE OF NEW ULM!

Official Report of Captain Flandrau.

ST. PETER, August 27, 1862.

His Excellency, Governor Alex. Ramsey:

SIR:—Events have transpired so rapidly, and my time has been so taken up since my last communication, that I cannot with certainty recall the condition of things existing at its date, but believe I wrote you almost immediately preceding the second attack upon New Ulm, which occurred on Saturday last.

During the morning we discovered a succession of fires on the Nicollet county side of the river, very near the bluffs, approaching us from the direction of Fort Ridgley. Our supposition was that the Fort had fallen, and the Indians were moving down upon the town, on that side of the river, to unite with another party on the side we were occupying.

As they increased in numbers very rapidly, I thought it best to send a detachment over to ascertain the design of the enemy, and it possible give him a check on that side of the river. Lieut. Huey of Traverse des Sioux volunteering to perform the service, I detailed seventy-five men with him, and they crossed at the ferry opposite the town, about 9 o'clock A. M. Very shortly after their departure, the Indians were discovered issuing from the woods above the town, in large numbers, and assembling upon the prairie.

I at once posted all my available force upon the open prairie, outside the town about half a mile at some points, and at a greater distance towards the point at which I conceived the attack would be made, determining to give them battle in the open field where I conceived would be our greatest advantage.

At nearly 10 A. M. the body began to move towards us, first slowly, and then with considerable rapidity. The men were encouraged by their officers to stand firm and meet the attack, and all promised well. We had in all about 250 guns, while the Indians were variously estimated at from 400 to 500. I fixed the number at not over 350.

Their advance upon the sloping prairie, in the bright sunlight, was a very fine spectacle, and, to such inexperienced soldiers as we all were, intensely exciting. When within about one mile and a half of us, the mass began to expand like a fan, and increase in the velocity of its approach, and continued this movement until within about double rifle shot, when it had covered our entire front. Then the savages uttered a terrific yell, and came down upon us like the wind. I had stationed myself at a point in the rear, where communication could be had with me easily, and awaited the first discharge with great anxiety, as it seemed to me that to yield was certain destruction, as the enemy would rush into the town and drive all before them. The yell unsettled the men a little, and just before the rifles began to crack they fell back along the whole line, and committed the error of passing the outer houses without taking possession of them, a mistake which the Indians immediately took advantage of by themselves occupying them in squads of two, three, and up to ten. They poured into us a sharp and rapid fire, as we fell back, and opened from the houses in every direction. Several of us rode up the hill, endeavoring to rally the men, and with good effect, as they gave three cheers and sallied out of various houses they had retreated to, and checked the advance effectually. The firing from both sides then became general, sharp and rapid, and it got to be a regular indian skirmish, in which every man did his own work after his own fashion.

The Indians had spread out until they had got into our rear, and on all sides, having the very decided advantage of the houses on the bluff which commanded the interior of the town, with the exception of the windmill which was occupied by about twenty of the LeSueur Tigers, and held them at long range. The wind was from the lower part of the town, and this fact directed the larger part of the enemy to that point, where they promptly commenced firing the houses, and advancing behind the smoke. The conflagration became general in the lower part of the town on both sides of the street, and the bullets flew very thickly both from the bluff and up the street. I thought it prudent to dismount and direct the defence on foot. Just at this point Capt. Dodd, of St. Peter, and some one else whose name I do not know, charged down the street, to ascertain (I have since learned) whether some horsemen seen in the extreme lower town, were not our friends coming in, and were met about three blocks down with a heavy volley from behind a house, five bullets passing through Capt. Dodd, and several through his horse. They both turned and the Captain got in sufficiently near to be received by his friends before he fell. He died about five hours after being hit. Too much cannot be said of his personal bravery, and general desire to perform his duty manfully.

Capt. Saunders, of the LeSueur company was shot through a part of his body shortly after, and retired, placing his rifle into effective hands, and encouraging the men. The fight was going on all around the town during the whole forenoon and and part of the afternoon, sometimes with slight advantage to us, and again to the Indians, but the difficulty that stared us in the face, was the gradual but certain approach, up the main street, behind the burning buildings, which promised our destruction. We frequently sallied out and took buildings in advance, but the risk o. being picked off from the bluff, was unequal to the advantage gained, and the duty was performed with some reluctance by the men. In the lower part of the town, I had some of the best men in the State, both as shots and for coolness and determination. It will be sufficient to name two as types, of a class of the best fighting men—Asa White and Newell Houghton, known to all old settlers. They did very effective service in checking the advance, both by their unerring rifles and the good examples their steadiness placed before the younger men.

We discovered a concentration of Indians on the side of the street towards the river, and at the rear of the buildings, and expected a rush upon the town from that position, the result of which I feared more than anything else, as the boys had proved unequal to it in the morning, and we were not disappointed, for in a few moments they came on ponies and on foot, furiously, about sixty in number, charging round the point of a little grove of oaks. This was the critical point of the day, but four or five hours under fire had brought the boys up to the fighting temperature, and they stood firmly, and advanced with a cheer, routing the rascals like sheep. They received us with a very hot fire, killing Houghton, and an elderly gentleman, whose name I did not know. As they fled in a crowd at very short range, we gave them a volley that was very effectual, and settled the fortunes of the day in our favor, for they did not dare try it, over. I think, after once repulsing them in a fair fight, we could have successfully resisted them, had they returned a second time, as the necessary confidence had been gained.

White men fight under a great disadvantage the first time they engage Indians. There is something so fiendish in their yells, and terrifying in their appearance when in battle, that it takes a good deal of time to overcome the unpleasant sensation it inspires. Then there is a snake-like stealth in all their movements that excites distrust and uncertainty which unsteadies the nerves at first.

After this repulse the battle raged until dark without sufficient advantage on one side or the other to merit mention in detail, when the savages drew off, firing only an occasional shot from under close cover.

After dark we decreased the extent of our lines of barricades, and I deemed it prudent to order all the buildings outside to be burned in order to prevent their having come from behind which, to annoy us. We were compelled to consume about forty valuable buildings, but as it was a *military necessity*, the inhabitants did not demur, but themselves applied the torch cheerfully. In a short time we had a fair field before us of open prairie, with the exception of a large square brick house in all the stories on all sides, which commanded a long portion of our front towards the bluff. We also dug a system of rifle pits on that front, outside the barricades, about four rods apart, which completed our defences.

That night we slept very little, every man being at the barricades all night, each third man being allowed to sleep at intervals.

In the morning the attack was renewed, but not with much vigor, and subsided about noon.

During the day a body of men appeared in the lower town, and turned out to be a detachment of 150 volunteers from Nicollet and Sibley counties, under Capt. E. St. Julien Cox, which had been forwarded to our relief by Col. Sibley. They had about fifty Austrian rifles, and the rest were armed with shot guns and hunting rifles. Their appearance inspired us with gladness, as things were becoming doubtful.

I held a counsel of the officers, and we determined to attempt an evacuation of the town, carrying off all the inhabitants, women, children, sick and wounded, to the number of about two thousand. This movement was a very perilous one to undertake with the force at our command, but the confined state of the town was rapidly producing disease among the women and children, who were huddled in cellars and close rooms, like sheep in a cattle car, and we were fast becoming short of ammunition and provisions. I feared the result of another attack by a larger force, and all the people decided that they would abandon the town the first opportunity, as residence there was impossible under the circumstances.

At daylight next morning the barricades were broken, and the wagons taken out and put in motion. The scene was one of indescribable confusion and destruction. The poor people, naturally desirous of carrying off all they could, filled their wagons with boxes and baggage, to the exclusion (as we found before the train was complete) of many of the women and wounded. I was, therefore, compelled to order all articles of a bulky nature to be tumbled out, and their places supplied by more valuable freight. It was hard, but necessary, and the inhabitants yielded with less reluctance than i had anticipated.

About nine A. M. we moved with one hundred and fifty-three wagon loads of women, children, sick and wounded, and a large company on foot. Lieutenant Cox took the general disposition of the escort, and the various commands were posted so as best to protect the whole in case of attack. It was a melancholy spectacle to see two thousand people, who a few days before had been prosperous and happy, reduced to utter beggary, starting upon a journey of thirty miles, through a hostile country, every inch of which we expected to be called upon to defend from in attack, the issue of which was life or horrid butchery. Beggary, starvation and probable destruction were at one end of the road: a doubtful escape from the latter at the other. We took the latter alternative, and, under Providence, got through.

During the battle we lost, as near as I can ascertain, about ten killed and fifty wounded. I can give you no accurate detail of either, as the casualties occurred among citizens, soldiers and strangers. The physicians, of whom, fortunately, we had a good supply, may have kept some hospital lists, but I have been too much occupied to ascertain. I was satisfied to know the wounded were well cared for, without knowing who they were.

I was seconded ably and bravely, by all the officers and most of the men of the companies, and many citizens from different parts of the State, and strangers who were present, so uniform was their good conduct, and valuable their services that one could not be mentioned without naming all. There were several cases of abandonment immediately preceding the attack, which, if designed to evade the struggle, were disgraceful in the extreme, and unworthy of Americans. But as they may have arrisen from other causes, I will not report the names of the parties.

Many narrow escapes occurred during the protracted fight. Several persons were shot through the hat. One young man received three bullets through the pantaloons in rapid succession, without being hurt in the least.

We did not burn the town on leaving, thinking possibly that the Indians might not return and destroy it, and not deeming it much of a defence for them should they occupy it on our return.

It was my design that the country between New Ulm and Mankato, should be immediately reoccupied by our troops, and the ground temporarily lost by our withdrawal, regained at once by fresh troops, well equipped and capable of remaining on the field, and I looked for material of that sort for the business on my arrival, but not a soldier from the regular service except Capt. Dane, with 100 horses, has yet reached that part of the country, which is at this moment utterly defenceless, except so far as he is capable of holding it. The citizen volunteers that went to the assistance of New Ulm, disbanded pretty generally on their return, being barefooted, overworked and required at their homes.

I wish your Excellency would turn the tide of soldiers flowing into the valley, to the Blue Earth region, from which the whole southern part of the State can be protected, and efficient co-operation afforded the column advancing upon the north side of the Minnesota.

Hoping my operations meet your approvai, I am

Truly your obedient servant,

CHAS. E. FLANDRAU,

Commanding west of the Minnesota.

Words in Season.

The "Lounger," in the last number of *Harper's Weekly*, says:

"Let us suppress the abolitionists," cries some slack-witted orator, "and the rebellion will end!" Of course it will, you dear soul; and if all your fellow-citizens had been of your calibre and kidney there would have been no rebellion at all. If Hampden and his friends had said, "Let us suppress these fellows who cry out against ship-money," England would have quietly submitted to the tyranny of the Stuarts. If Otis and Patrick Henry had shouted, "Hurrah for King George and the stamp act!" there would have been no bloody revolution. If Mirabeau and the French people had bellowed, "Hurrah for starvation: aristocrats forever!" all the trouble in France would have speedily ended. To be sure every right would have been annihilated, every liberty destroyed, and a few rich and remorseless people would have governed France; but there would have been no difficulty, except moral riot and general national decay.

"Let us suppress the abolitionists." But suppose you begin at the beginning. First subdue the common sense of the people of the country, then subdue those who influence it. It is not what you call, with an amusing persistence, abolitionism that caused the war, but the opening of the eyes of the people so that they saw. The people of this country know perfectly well that slavery is at the bottom of this rebellion. If there had been no slavery there would have bren no war; just as there would have been no abolitionism. The temperance movement springs from drunkenness; and when a drunken man tries to kill his wife, don't you think that the teetotalers are responsible for it?

Slavery was trying to kill the country. It has almost succeeded. "Watch!" "watch!" shouted the abolitionist. Slavery, maddened that its crime was discovered, shot and stabbed right and left. "There! there!" cry the sensible Wickliffe and Company—"this comes from calling the watch. Why the devil can't you hold your tongues? Let us suppress these fellows that cry watch! watch! and all will be quiet again."

Certainly a dead dog or a dead nation are both perfectly quiet. And a nation of freemen throttled, with its own consent, by a slave system like ours, is the deadest and meanest of all dead dogs.

Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, August 23, 1862.—The powers that be are again afflicted with the disease known as the press fever. Gen. Halleck has the distemper in its most malignant form. The censor at the telegraph office, through whose hands all dispatches to the public journals pass, has received fresh instructions, and is using his scissors mercilessly. Nothing is allowed to go over the wires concerning the army of Virginia, or even with regard to the strength, movements, or probable designs of the enemy in Gen. Pope's front. The arrivals of troops from day to day must not be mentioned; and, when Gen. Corcoran is serenaded, correspondents are not allowed to state by what regiment he is honored or by what colonel's speech he is bored. Hence, allusions to the States which the saluting regiments represent become unmeaning, and eloquent officers are defrauded of their laurels.

POLO, ILL, August, 27.—Hon. E. B. Washburne was nominated to-day by acclamation for Congress, by the republican convention for the Third Congressional District.

The Party of the Future.

We are in the midst of a national struggle that is to lay again the foundation principles of the republic. The permanence of popular liberty, the grandeur of free institutions, and the glory of the great truths upon which the government was established, are at stake. Through the upheaval of a Titanic rebellion, through the tribulations and woes of a deadly strife, the Union must come out with its banner brighter and purer, its stars increased in number and in splendor, and its history and its destiny vindicated.

GREELEY'S letter in answer to the President's, insists that the point he raised is not met. Will the President enforce the Confiscation act? Or does he intend to ignore it? He remarks:

"When Fremont proclaimed freedom to the slaves of the rebels, you constrained him to modify his proclamation into rigid accordance with the terms of the existing law. It was your clear right to do so. I now ask of you conformity to the principles so sternly enforced upon him. I ask you to instruct your Generals and Commodores that no loyal person—certainly none willing to render service to the national cause—is henceforth to be regarded as the slave of any traitor."

Monetary & Commercial.

Monetary.

CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF THOMPSON BRO'S BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, LAND WARRANTS, ETC.

ST. PAUL, August, 30 1862.

BANKABLE FUNDS.

New York,	New England,
Ohio,	Michigan,
Iowa,	Philadelphia,
Indiana,	New Jersey,
Winona County Bank,	Pittsburg,
Ramsey Co. endorsed scrip,	Wisconsin,
U. S. Demand Notes,	Canada,
Cuited States 6 per cent, two years notes,	
Darling & Scheffer's endorsed scrip.	

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium.
Bankable Funds		½ per ct. prem.
American Gold		10 per ct. disct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Commercial.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 28.

The Wheat market opened at an advance of ½@¾c yesterday morning. Sales were made pretty freely on the platforms at 93½c for No. 2 in store, 97½@98c for No. 1 in store, 98@99c for No. 2 delivered, and 98@99c for No. 1 delivered. The outside figure for No. 1 was continued to receipts in Smith's.

The flour market was dull, and closed unsettled with a downward tendency. No sales worth speaking of took place.

All kinds of coarse grains were firm at our quotations. The wool market was excited and higher, with large sales at prices ranging from 52 to 52½c for medium qualities.

A dispatch from Chicago to the Chamber of Commerce quoted No. 1 wheat at 99½c, No. 2 nominally 89c, and freights 4½c on corn to Buffalo, and advancing.

THURSDAY—10 A. M.

The wheat market was rather inactive during the earlier hours this morning, but a shade firmer for No. 1 spring than at the close yesterday. For receipts of that quality in Smith's there was one buyer at 97½c, but offers for No. 2 were limited to 92c in store. Rejected sold at 88c. There was no enquiry for bagged wheat. Receipts continue increasing, and for the last 24 hours will amount to about 54,000 bushels.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, August 30.

Flour—market firm; fair demand; sales 10,000 barrels.

Wheat—active, and a shade firmer.

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, a vacancy exists in the office of State Senator for the Third Senatorial District by reason of the formal resignation of Hon. Sylvanus B. Lowry, who was elected at the last general election to represent said district in the Senate of said State;

Therefore, Proclamation is hereby made that agreeably to the provisions of an act entitled "an act to regulate elections in this State, and to reduce the several acts relating to the same to one act," approved March 12, 1861, the said vacancy so occurring will be filled by the qualified voters of the counties of Stearns, Todd, Cass, Wadena, Otter Tail, Andy Johnson, Clay, Douglas, Becker, Polk, Pembina, Morrison, Crow Wing, Aiken, Itaska, Buchanan, Carlton, St. Louis and Lake, the same constituting the Third Senatorial District aforesaid, at a special election to be held therein on Saturday, the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be conducted and the returns made in the manner prescribed by the law regulating general elections in this State.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in the city of Saint [L. S.] Paul, this twenty-fifth day of August, A D. 1862. ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,

JAMES H. BAKER,

Secretary of State.

☞ Papers in the District please copy.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, Min., August 25th, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 28th day of August, 1862, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, for the manufacture and making up of two thousand six hundred and eighty-one uniform coats, and the same number of pairs of trowsers.

The contract for the manufacture of the above amount of clothing will be let entire, or in lots of not less than one hundred coats or one hundred pairs of trowsers, the whole amount to be finished and delivered within four weeks after receiving the cloth.

The contract whether let entire, or in lots as above specified, will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders; this department reserving the right to reject all unreasonable or irresponsible bids.

All bids must be accompanied by the names of the sureties who will be offered for the performance of the contract, and must state the number of coats or trowsers that the bidders will complete and deliver weekly. All work must be of the best quality, having reference chiefly to durability and strength.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General and
Acting Quarter-Master.

The time during which the proposals above invited will be received is hereby extended until the 2d day of September next at noon of that day.

OSCAR MALMROS, Adj. Gen'l and
Acting Quarter-Master.

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, it has been represented to me that a vacancy exists in the office of Representative in the State Legislature, in the Eleventh Representative District consisting of the county of Winona, by reason of the removal from the State of E. B. Weld, Esq., who was elected to said office at the last general election.

Now, therefore, proclamation is hereby made that such vacancy will be filled by the electors of said county of Winona, at a special election to be held in said county on the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be held and conducted and the returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as general elections are held and conducted, and the returns thereof made and canvassed.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in Saint Paul, this [L. S.] twenty-sixth day of August, A. D. 1862.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,

JAMES H. BAKER,

Secretary of State.

☞ Winona County papers please copy.

BUSINESS LOCALS

24 HOURS TIME SAVED.—By taking the morning boat out of St. Paul, passengers going East arrive at the point of destination 24 hours in advance of those taking the afternoon boat of the same day. Purchase tickets of

C. L. WOOD, Ticket Agent,
a19-tf LaCrosse and Milwaukee R. R.

NOW READY.—The Rules of Practice adopted in general session of the Judges of this State and published by the PRESS PRINTING COMPANY are now ready for delivery—price fifteen cents per copy, or $1.50 per dozen. These rules go into effect on the first of September, and will have all the authority and force of law. Every lawyer in the State must have a copy. Remittances may be made in bank notes or postage stamps.

LAND FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—1,080 acres in Mower County, well adapted for sheep and stock, low for cash, or for good unencumbered property in St. Paul, or a farm in its vicinity. Address box 1892, St. Paul Post Office. nov3

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.—The St. Paul City Mills, at the Upper Levee, is one of the best MERCHANT MILLS in the State. The proprietor keeps constantly on hand a CHOICE article of FAMILY FLOUR, made from the best Winter and Club Wheat. Also, Meal, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, &c. For sale low at wholesale and retail

a30-tf C. H. H. BAKER.

OUR HOUSE, THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE ARMORY HALL, H. F. E. VITT, PROPRIETOR.—This old established house is in full operation, and is prepared to furnish meals at all hours of the day or night. The bar is supplied with the very best liquors. The larder is always full. Oysters at 25 and 30 cents per dozen. Hot Coffee, Steaks, &c., &c. Give me a call.

H. F. E. VITT.

fe26-dly

NOTICE.—No one is authorized to make bills or otherwise contract debts for the PRESS office except the secretary, Mr. Bradley.

AT WHITNEY'S GALLERY. — PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—The largest, most elegant and CHEAPEST assortment ever brought to St. Paul. a3-tf

LAND WARRANTS, Half Breed and Revolutionary Scrip—all sizes—prices.

jy28 THOMPSON BROS.

Miscellaneous.

D. NEWELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

☞ Office over Dana's Bank, Third Street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul Minnesota. my25 dly

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
7.30 A. M.	8.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A. M.
9.00 "	9.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A. M.
2.00 P. M.	2.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

CHAS. A. F. MORRIS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.

Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 60 cents.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & Co.,) St. Louis,

(ESTABLISHED 1843,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers. August 3, 1862.

DRY GOODS

AT COST.

HOGAN & CAMP

Offer their entire stock of

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS,

CLOAKS, PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

AND ALL

SUMMER GOODS

AT COST.

a6-y

WALTER W. WEBB.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines & Liquors,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported.

W. W. WEBB.

Also, Loadon Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whiskey.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,

BUILDERS.

Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT.

Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for Buildings of every description, prepared on short notice. fe9ds-ly

FIRST CLASS BOARD.

Pleasant rooms, with board, in a delightful locality, lower town, within a few minutes walk of the International Hotel, can be obtained by addressing P. O. Box No. 1570, or applying at Miss C. A. Gill's, corner Eight and College Streets, next to the residence of John S. Prince, Esq. je26 dlm

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the

Prairie du Chien and Dunleith

LINE OF BOATS

Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The Steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 8 o'clock; the Key City will leave this same evening, at 7 o'clock.

This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent
Prairie du Chien Railway.

S. B. FORBES, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.

jy21-dtf

CATAWBA BRANDY.

The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for the sale of

LYON'S PURE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY.

For the state of Minnesota, calls the attention of physicians and the public to its medicinal qualities.

WALTER W. WEBB.

St. P ul, July 25, 1862. 1ex3-dwo

J. F. BLODGET,

AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,

Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.

Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12 dtf

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.

LEATHE BELTING.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

TANNERS AND CURRIERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of

LEATHER and FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,

LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.

All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

☞ Cash paid for Hides and Furs. ☜

jan18-dly

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET,

POMEROY,

CAPTAIN E. BELL,

MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.

Leaves St. Paul at 7 A. M., 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets. a19-tf

REYNOLDS & McCARGA

STORAGE, FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

OFFER FOR SALE

ONE THOUSAND CORDS HARD WOOD,
TWO THOUSAND BUSHELS OATS.

The highest market price paid in cash for Pork, Wheat, Corn, Barley, Rye and other produce.

CASH advanced on consignments.

Office in the Irvine Warehouse, Upper Levee Saint Paul. je19-dly

F. KNAUFT,

(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)

HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF

Groceries & Provisions,

A complete assortment of

QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

NEW PLATFORM SCALES,

Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr19—febzz-1y.

To Destroy——Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy——Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy——Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy——Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy——Mosquitoes and Fleas.
To Destroy——Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy——Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy——Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,

THE

"ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,"

Destroys Instantly

EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need be so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina [O.] Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster [Wis.] Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes, bottles and flasks, $3 and $5 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞ SOLD EVERYWHERE—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Shieffelin Brothers & Co.; E. A. Fathestock, Hall & Co.; A. B. & D. sands & Co.; Wheeler & Hart; James S. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Hall, Rucker & Co.; Thomas & Faller; P. D. Orris; Harral, Risley & Kitchen; Rush, Gale & Robinson; H. Ward, Close & Co.; Robinson & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lazelle, Maran & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally, in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,

☞ sold by

DAY & JENKS.

☞ Country Dealers can order as above, or address orders direct—(or if price, terms, &c., is desired, send for (.862) Circular, giving reduced prices, to HENRY R. COSTAR,

Principal Depot—No. 9 Broadway,—(Opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel,) New York. a21-d&w3m

PRINCE & CO.'S

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

87 Fulton street.....New York.
43 Lake street.....Chicago.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Conse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN A

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

FINISH

ST PAUL DAILY

PRESS

MAY 1 1862 THRU AUG 31 1862

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